Sustainable Bio Solutions Aabenraa K/S

Hjerneshøjvej 10 DK-6200 Aabenraa

CVR no. 39 68 28 85

Annual report 2022

The annual report was presented and approved at the Company's annual general meeting on

28 June 2023

Yuiin Ide

Chairman of the annual general meeting

Sustainable Bio Solutions Aabenraa K/S Annual report 2022 CVR no. 39 68 28 85

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Sustainable Bio Solutions Aabenraa K/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Aabenraa 28 June 2023

Executive Board:

Lars Byberg CEO		
Board of Directors:		
Stine Birk Chairman	Yujin Ide	Nigel David Hildyard



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Sustainable Bio Solutions Aabenraa K/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sustainable Bio Solutions Aabenraa K/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022 comprising income statement, balance sheet and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statement users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

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Independent auditor's report

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Fredericia, 28 June 2023

KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Nikolaj Møller Hansen State Authorised Public Accountant mne33220 Michael Lund Siegumfeldt State Authorised Public Accountant mne28662

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Management's review

Company details

Sustainable Bio Solutions Aabenraa K/S Hjerneshøjvej 10 DK-6200 Aabenraa

CVR no.: 39 68 28 85 Established: 28 June 2018 Registered office: Aabenraa

Financial year: 1 January – 31 December

Board of Directors

Stine Birk, Chairman Yujin Ide Nigel David Hildyard

Executive Board

Lars Byberg, CEO

Auditor

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Vesterballevej 27 DK-7000 Fredericia CVR no. 25 57 81 98

General partner

Sustainable Bio Solutions GP ApS

Sustainable Bio Solutions Aabenraa K/S

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Management's review

Operating review

Principal activities

Sustainable Bio Solutions Aabenaa K/S' principal activities are within the bioenergy industry.

Financial review

The Company's income statement for 2022 shows a loss of DKK 26,789,132. Equity in the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2022 stood at a negative of DKK 59,138,429. The loss was expected as the progress of constructing a biogas production facility has not been fully finalised in 2022. In 2023 the plant is expected to become fully operational. The Parent Company, Ecoberry Infrastructure ApS, has undertaken to financially support the Company in the 2023 financial year. During the same period, the Group will not require any repayment.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date of material importance to the annual report for 2022.

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Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Income statement

DKK	Note	2022	2021
Gross profit/loss		28,320,631	-2,700,467
Staff costs	2	-11,545,366	-2,714,863
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		-10,843,774	-110,316
Operating profit/loss		5,931,491	-5,525,646
Other financial income		39,850	130,094
Other financial expenses	3	-32,760,473	-14,144,568
Loss for the year		-26,789,132	-19,540,120
Proposed distribution of loss			
Retained earnings		-26,789,132	-19,540,120

Balance sheet

DKK	Note	31/12 2022	31/12 2021
ASSETS			
Fixed assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4		
Land and buildings		52,043,499	11,476,760
Plant and machinery		413,927,757	0
Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		719,677	551,579
Property, plant and equipment under construction		0	342,079,690
		466,690,933	354,108,029
Investments			
Deposits		15,000	15,000
Total fixed assets		466,705,933	354,123,029
Current assets			
Receivables			
Trade receivables		8,659,881	0
Receivables from group entities		0	2,273,565
Other receivables		43,485,630	916,412
Prepayments		236,110	0
		52,381,621	3,189,977
Cash at bank and in hand		81,713,242	10,098,605
Total current assets		134,094,863	13,288,582
TOTAL ASSETS		600,800,796	367,411,611

Balance sheet

DKK	Note	31/12 2022	31/12 2021
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Contributed capital		1,000	1,000
Retained earnings		-59,139,429	-32,350,298
Total equity		-59,138,429	-32,349,298
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Payables to group entities		532,106,164	376,533,576
Current liabilities			
Trade payables		67,640,856	22,084,275
Payables to group entities		28,931,110	51,281
Other payables		31,261,095	1,091,777
		127,833,061	23,227,333
Total liabilities		659,939,225	399,760,909
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		600,800,796	367,411,611

Notes

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Sustainable Bio Solutions Aabenraa K/S for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act with opt-in from higher reporting classes.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Gross profit

Pursuant to Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has decided only to disclose gross profit.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries to the Company's employees.

Other external costs

Other external costs comprise costs of distribution, sales and advertising, administrative expenses, costs of premises, bad debts, operating leases, etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense, financial costs, payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies and amortisation of financial assets and liabilities etc.

Property, plant and equipment

Land and plant and machinery are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date on which the asset is available for use. Indirect production overheads and borrowing costs are not recognised in cost.

Where individual components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items, which are depreciated separately.

The basis of depreciation is cost less any projected residual value after the end of the useful life. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life.

Buildings 20 years
Plant and machinery 10-20 years
Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 3 years

The useful life and residual value are reassessed annually. Changes are treated as accounting estimates, and the effect on depreciation is recognised prospectively.

Land is not depreciated.

Fixed assets under construction are recognised and measured at cost at the balance sheet date. Upon entry into service, the cost is transferred to the relevant group of property, plant and equipment.

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are stated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating costs, respectively.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment is subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation.

Impairment tests are conducted of individual assets or groups of assets when there is an indication that they may be impaired. Write-down is made to the recoverable amount if this is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. The value in use is determined as the present value of the forecast net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets, including forecast net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses where there is an objective indication that a receivable or a portfolio of receivables has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, write-down is made on an individual basis.

Receivables with no objective indication of individual impairment are assessed for objective indication of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' registered offices and credit rating in accordance with the Company's credit risk management policy. The objective indicators used in relation to portfolios are determined on the basis of historical loss experience.

Write-downs are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of receivables and the present value of forecast cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments and deferred income

Prepayments comprise prepayment of costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand comprises cash.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at cost at the date of borrowing, corresponding to the proceeds received less transaction costs paid. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Accordingly, the difference between cost and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan together with interest expenses.

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

	DKK				2022	2021
2	Staff costs					
	Wages and salaries				11,534,633	2,713,505
	Other social security costs				10,733	1,358
					11,545,366	2,714,863
	Average number of full-time e	employees			3	1
3	Other financial expens	es				
	Interest expense to group en	tities			31,199,117	13,614,591
	Other financial costs				1,486,821	529,977
	Exchange losses				74,535	0
					32,760,473	14,144,568
4	Property, plant and eq	uipment				
		Land and	Plant and	Fixtures and fittings, tools and	Property, plant and equipment under	
	DKK	buildings	machinery	equipment	construction	Total
	Cost at 1 January 2022	4,975,010	0	661,895	342,079,690	347,716,595
	Additions for the year	48,049,687	423,514,179	444,251	0	472,008,117
	Disposals for the year	0	0	0	-342,079,690	-342,079,690
	Cost at 31 December 2022	53,024,697	423,514,179	1,106,146	0	477,645,022
	Depreciation and impairment losses at 1 January 2022	0	0	-110,316	0	-110,316
	Depreciation for the year	-981,198	9,586,422	-276,153	0	10,843,773
	Depreciation and impairment losses at 31 December 2022	-981,198	-9,586,422	-386,469	0	-10,954,089
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2022	52,043,499	413,927,757	719,677	0	466,690,933