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CI III US AIV QFPF K/S
Amerika Plads 29
2100 Copenhagen
Business Registration No
39 65 89 17

Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 25.06.2021

Chairman of the General Meeting

DocuSigned by:
Sara Hanquist Johnsen
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Name: Sara Hanquist Johnsen

CI III US AIV QFPF K/S

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Fund details

Fund

CI III US AIV QFPF K/S

Amerika Plads 29

2100 Copenhagen

Business Registration No: 39 65 89 17

Founded: 11.06.2018

Registered in: Copenhagen

Financial year: 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020

Telephone: +45 70 70 51 51

Internet: www.cipartners.dk

General Partner

Copenhagen Infrastructure III GP ApS

Fund Manager

Copenhagen Infrastructure Partners P/S

Approved Manager of Alternative Investment Funds (FSA number: 23104)

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Weidekampsgade 6

2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by the General Partner on the annual report

The General Partner has today considered and approved the annual report of CI III US AIV QFPF K/S for the financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and disclosure requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Limited Partnership's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of its operations and the cash flows for the financial year 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.


We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 25.06.2021

On behalf of Copenhagen Infrastructure III GP ApS

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Christian Troels Skakkebæk

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of CI III US AIV QFPF K/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of CI III US AIV QFPF K/S for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

General Partner's responsibilities for the financial statements

The General Partner is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the General Partner.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report

Statement on the management commentary

The General Partner is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 25.06.2021

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Business Registration No 33 96 35 56



Bill Haudal Pedersen
State-Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) 30131



Michael Thorø Larsen
State-Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) 35823

Management commentary

	<u>2020</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
Financial highlights			
Key figures			
Operating profit/(loss) (EBIT)	202,741	207,426	(57,439)
Profit/loss for the year	185,986	205,588	(57,447)
Equity	2,321,648	1,976,101	356,850
Assets total	2,370,264	1,978,152	432,502
Ratios			
Liquidity ratio (%)	160.28	5.167	00.00
Solvency ratio (%)	97.95	99.90	82.51
Return on equity (%)	8.66	17.62	-

Primary activity

CI III US AIV QFPF K/S was established in June 2018 and is managed by Copenhagen Infrastructure Partners P/S (CIP P/S). The General Partner of CI III US AIV QFPF K/S is Copenhagen Infrastructure III GP ApS.

At fund close on 23 March 2018, the Limited Partners had committed DKK 2,781m to CI III US AIV QFPF K/S for infrastructure investments in primarily North America.

Investments

End of 2020, CI III had completed three investments, Sage, Misae and Greasewood.

Sage

Sage is three solar PV projects with a total capacity of 58 MWac located in Rich County, Utah, US. COD was reached on October 1, 2019 and 49% of the project was divested in December 2019.

Misae

Misae will be a 240 MWac solar plant located in Childress County, Texas, US. Misae reached COD in February 2020 were 49% of the project was divested.

Greasewood

Greasewood will be 255 MWac solar project in Pecos County, Western Texas, US. Greasewood is currently under construction.

Management commentary (continued)

Development in activities and finances

Income from investments in 2020 amounts to DKK 233m.

Net Income for 2020 amounts to a gain of DKK 186m, which is in accordance with the expectations. The result reflects income from investments, partly offset by management fee and transaction costs expensed, during the period.

Limited Partners' paid-in capital to the Fund at the end of 2020 amounted to DKK 2,914m. Accumulated distributions to Limited Partners amounted to DKK 927m since fund initiation and accumulated net income end of 2020 amounted to DKK 335m. Hereafter total Limited Partners' capital end of 2020 amounted to DKK 2,322m.

In 2020 the COVID 19 pandemic emerged and affected the global economy and the way of doing business. The investments managed by CIP have seen a limited direct impact on the financial performance however restrictions and lock downs have impacted operations. The COVID 19 pandemic have created more challenging conditions, primarily for construction projects, however mitigation plans are in place across all projects and therefore we have not seen any issues as of yet. As such, expected returns and valuations have only seen marginal impact during 2020 because of the COVID 19 pandemic.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

CI III US AIV QFPF K/S develops and invests in infrastructure projects structured to provide stable cash flows, but where transferability and cash flows may to a certain extent still be affected by changes in market conditions. Consequently, the fair value of the investments is based on estimates and a number of assumptions made by the Fund Manager and the General Partner on the balance sheet date.

Information according to the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive

According to Article 22 of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive, Alternative Investment Funds (AIF) must make certain disclosures to investors in connection with the presentation of financial statements.

During the financial period covered by the financial statements, there have been no significant changes in the matters below:

- The Fund's Investment strategy;
- Valuation principles of the Fund's investments;
- New arrangements for managing the Fund's liquidity;
- The Fund's risk profile and the risk management systems implemented by the Fund Manager used to manage the Fund's risks;
- There have been no amendments to the maximum level of leverage which the Fund Manager can use on behalf of the Fund. Nor has there been any changes in the right to use collateral or any guarantee accordance with the agreement allowing for the leverage.

Management commentary (continued)

Events after the balance sheet date

On February 11, 2021, the state of Texas declared a system wide energy emergency as extreme weather conditions descended upon the state from the Arctic resulting in shortage of power supply and prices of up to 9.000 USD/MWh. From February 19, 2021, temperatures increased and power prices are back to normal levels since then. This event might lead to losses in the first half of 2021 when the impacts are agreed with the project counterparts for the projects Misae and Greasewood. The losses are still uncertain and is subject to negotiations.

No other events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Outlook

The outlook for the Limited Partnership depends on the results of the investments.

Expectations for the Limited Partnership are in general positive, but at the time of publication of the Annual Report, it is not possible to determine the scale of any adverse influence from the coronavirus.

Profit for 2021 is expected to be within DKK 410-570m.

Statement of comprehensive income

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2020 DKK'000</u>	<u>2019 DKK'000</u>
Interest income		69,156	36,576
Realised gains/(losses)		433,902	1,024
Net increase/(decrease) in unrealised gains/(losses) from financial assets and liabilities at fair value		(66,844)	203,205
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		<u>(203,633)</u>	<u>(1,031)</u>
Operating income		<u>232,581</u>	<u>239,774</u>
Administrative expenses	3	<u>(29,840)</u>	<u>(32,348)</u>
Operating expenses		<u>(29,840)</u>	<u>(32,348)</u>
Operating profit/(loss) (EBIT)		<u>202,741</u>	<u>207,426</u>
Financial income	4	11,823	477
Financial expenses	5	<u>(28,578)</u>	<u>(2,315)</u>
Profit/(loss) for the year		<u>185,986</u>	<u>205,588</u>
Other comprehensive income		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Comprehensive income		<u><u>185,986</u></u>	<u><u>205,588</u></u>

Balance sheet at 31 December 2020

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2020 DKK'000</u>	<u>2019 DKK'000</u>
Equity investments	6	1,315,428	1,235,747
Receivables from investments	6	976,913	636,430
Investments		<u>2,292,341</u>	<u>1,872,177</u>
Non-current assets		<u>2,292,341</u>	<u>1,872,177</u>
Other short-term receivables		77,635	105,967
Receivables		<u>77,635</u>	<u>105,967</u>
Cash		<u>288</u>	<u>8</u>
Current assets		<u>77,923</u>	<u>105,975</u>
Assets		<u><u>2,370,264</u></u>	<u><u>1,978,152</u></u>

Balance sheet at 31 December 2020

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2020 DKK'000</u>	<u>2019 DKK'000</u>
Limited partnership capital	7	2,914,224	1,978,558
Retained earnings		<u>(592,576)</u>	<u>(2,457)</u>
Equity		<u>2,321,648</u>	<u>1,976,101</u>
Other payables	8	<u>48,616</u>	<u>2,051</u>
Current liabilities other than provisions		<u>48,616</u>	<u>2,051</u>
Liabilities other than provisions		<u>48,616</u>	<u>2,051</u>
Equity and liabilities		<u><u>2,370,264</u></u>	<u><u>1,978,152</u></u>

Statement of changes in equity

	Limited partnership capital DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity at 1 January 2020	1,978,558	(2,457)	1,976,101
Contribution from Limited Partners	935,666	-	935,666
Distributions to Limited Partners	-	(776,105)	(776,105)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	185,986	185,986
Equity at 31 December 2020	2,914,224	(592,576)	2,321,648

	Limited partnership capital DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity at 1 January 2019	414,297	(57,447)	356,850
Contribution from Limited Partners	1,564,261	-	1,564,261
Distributions to Limited Partners	-	(185,986)	(150,598)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	205,588	205,588
Equity at 31 December 2019	1,978,558	(2,457)	1,976,101

The investors have committed themselves to contributing up to DKK 2,781m to the Fund. The fund manager is in a process of reallocating the fund commitments on the different fund entities in the CI III structure. The reallocation is based on the current portfolio and the portfolio pipeline. The reallocation is executed during Q2 2021. At 31 December 2020, the investors have contributed a net amount of DKK 2,914m.

Cash flow statement for 2020

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2020 DKK'000</u>	<u>2019 DKK'000</u>
Operating profit/(loss)		202,741	207,426
Income from investments		(232,581)	(239,774)
Working capital changes	9	<u>74,898</u>	<u>(179,568)</u>
Cash flows from ordinary activities		<u>45,058</u>	<u>(211,916)</u>
Financial income and expenses, paid	4, 5	(11,930)	(1,486)
Financial income and expenses, unrealized	4, 5	<u>(4,825)</u>	<u>(352)</u>
Cash flows from operating activities		<u>(16,755)</u>	<u>(1,838)</u>
Acquisition of equity investments	6	(258,354)	(792,617)
Increase of receivables from investments	6	(1,245,085)	(659,513)
Distributions from equity investments	6	433,902	107,350
Distributions from receivables from investments	6	<u>881,954</u>	<u>144,879</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		<u>(187,583)</u>	<u>(1,199,901)</u>
Contribution from Limited Partners		935,666	1,564,261
Distributions to Limited Partners		<u>(776,105)</u>	<u>(150,598)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		<u>159,561</u>	<u>1,413,663</u>
Increase/decrease in cash		280	8
Cash beginning of year		<u>8</u>	<u>0</u>
Cash end of year		<u><u>288</u></u>	<u><u>8</u></u>

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Notes

1. Accounting policies

Reporting class

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU and disclosure requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class C enterprises (medium-size).

CI III US AIV QFPF K/S is a Limited Partnership based in Denmark.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK), which is the functional currency of the Fund.

The financial statements are presented on the basis of historical cost, except for the investments and receivables from investments, which are measured at fair value. Historical cost is based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

All amounts in the financial statements are presented in whole DKK thousand. Every figure is rounded off separately and, for that reason, minor differences between the stated totals and the sum of underlying figures may occur.

Judgements made by the General Partner in the application of IFRSs that have had significant effects on the financial statements are disclosed, where applicable, in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Change in accounting estimates

Performance share depends on the yield of the underlying investments throughout the lifecycle of the fund. For 2020 the method used to estimate the lifetime performance share has changed to the amount that would fall due as performance share, if all remaining investments in the fund are realized at the balance date at price corresponding to the estimated fair value of the assets. Previously the performance share was calculated based on the carry percentage earned as of the valuation date. Changing the estimate from the previous method to the new method have resulted in an increase in the provision for performance share of DKK 43m as of 31 December 2020. The accumulated performance share is allocated to equity in note 4 and is accounted for under income from investments in the profit and loss.

Defining materiality

If a line item is not individually material, it is aggregated with other items and notes of a similar nature in the financial statements or in the notes. There are substantial disclosure requirements throughout IFRS. The General Partner provides specific disclosures required by IFRS unless the information is considered immaterial to the economic decision-making of the users of these financial statements or not applicable.

The most significant accounting policies are set out overleaf.

Notes

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Report on the omission of preparation of consolidated financial statements

CI III US AIV QFPF K/S has omitted to prepare consolidated financial statements under the provisions of IFRS 10 and IAS 27 as the Limited Partnership qualifies as an investment entity. The definition is as follows:

”An investment entity is defined as an entity which commits to its investors that its business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both”.

In view of the circumstances described below, the General Partner believes that the Fund satisfies the definition of an investment entity:

- 1) The Fund has more than one investment.
- 2) The Fund has more than one investor, and its investors are not related parties. Please refer to the description in note 15 to the financial statements.
- 3) The Fund’s investments take the form of equity instruments or similar investments, and the Fund can also exit the investment, if relevant.

Standards and Interpretations not yet in force

All the new and amended Standards and Interpretations which are relevant to the Fund and which came into force with effect for financial years beginning 1 January 2020 have been applied when preparing the financial statements.

The General Partner further believes that other amended Standards and Interpretations, which have not entered into force, will not have significant impact on the financial statements, and they will not be adopted early.

Significant accounting policies and estimates

As part of the preparation of the financial statements, the Fund Manager and the General Partner makes a number of accounting judgements which form the basis of presentation, recognition and measurement of the Fund’s assets and liabilities. The most significant accounting judgements are evident from note 2 to the financial statements.

Notes

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Fund, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably. Assets are derecognised in the balance sheet when it is no longer probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Fund.

Purchase and sale of financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the commitment date.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Fund has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of an event before or on the balance sheet date, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Fund, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably. Liabilities are derecognised in the balance sheet when it is no longer probable that economic benefits will have to be given up to settle the liability.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost, however, investment assets are measured at fair value on initial recognition, typically equalling cost exclusive of directly incurred expenses (direct transaction costs). Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item. Allowance is made for events occurring from the balance sheet date to the date of presentation of the annual report, and which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

Income is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the “functional currency”). The financial statements of the Fund are presented in the currency unit (DKK, Danish kroner), which is the Fund’s functional and presentation currency.

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Notes

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Statement of comprehensive income

Revenue recognition

Dividend income is recognised when the Fund's rights to receive the payments have been established, normally being the ex-dividend date.

Interest on receivables from investments at fair value through profit or loss is accrued on a time-proportionate basis, by reference to the principal receivables from investments and at the effective interest rate applicable. The interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income from receivables and investments

Income from receivables and investments consists of unrealised fair value adjustments, dividends, accrued interest and profit or loss from the disposal of portfolio investments.

Income realised from the disposal of investments is calculated as the difference between net selling price and the fair value at the beginning of the financial year.

Administrative expenses

All expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on the accrual basis.

Administrative expenses comprise expenses incurred during the financial year not directly related to the Fund's investment activities.

General due diligence costs and general administration etc including management fees have been expensed by the amounts attributable to this financial year, whereas certain development costs have been capitalised in order to increase the value of the equity investments or receivables from investments.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and various expenses, and net exchange rate adjustments on transactions in foreign currencies.

Interest income and interest expenses are stated on an accruals basis using the principal interest rate.

Income taxes

Under current Danish law governing the Fund, it is not independently taxable because the Fund's profit/loss for the year is included in the Limited Partner's taxable income.

Notes

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Investments and receivables from investments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised at fair value through profit and loss when the Fund becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Recognition takes place on the trading day when the Fund purchases or sells an investment under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the time frame established by the market.

On initial recognition, equity investments and receivables from investments are measured at fair value.

Financial assets and liabilities are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Investments consist of equity investments and receivables from investments consist of loans and shareholder loans. Furthermore, investments consist of capitalised development costs, which increase the fair value of the investments. On initial recognition, both types of investment are measured at fair value, and subsequently measured at fair value with recognition of fair value adjustments through profit or loss.

The fair value is calculated equivalent to an estimated fair value that is determined based on market information, IPEV Valuation Guidelines and generally accepted valuation techniques, including benchmarking, DCF or other relevant methods, which are considered to provide the best estimate of the fair value.

For further information about the measurement of fair values, please refer to note 12.

Other short-term receivables

Receivables relate to the Fund's ordinary business activities and are mainly from other companies in the Copenhagen Infrastructure Partners structure.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected losses based on generally accepted models under IFRS 9, including the Company's historical experience in credit losses etc.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Notes

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement of the Fund is presented using the indirect method and shows cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as well as the Fund's cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the operating profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items and working capital changes.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisition and divestment of investments.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the contributed capital and payment of distributions to Limited Partners.

Cash comprises cash and short-term securities with an insignificant price risk less short-term bank loans.

Financial highlights

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with "Recommendations & Ratios" issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts.

Ratios		Calculation formula	Ratios reflect
Liquidity ratio (%)	=	$\frac{\text{Current assets} \times 100}{\text{Current liabilities other than provisions}}$	The entity's financial strength.
Solvency ratio (%)	=	$\frac{\text{Equity} \times 100}{\text{Total assets}}$	The entity's financial strength.
Return on equity (%)	=	$\frac{\text{Profit for the year} \times 100}{\text{Average equity}}$	The entity's profitability.

2. Significant accounting estimates, assumptions and uncertainties

The Fund develops and invests in infrastructure assets (unlisted equity investments and receivables), the market price of which depends both on entity-specific affairs and market conditions, including power prices, commodity prices, exchange rates and construction risk within the different investments. Furthermore, the valuation and hence fair value of the long-term receivables are affected by changes in the risk-free interest rate and the general cost of risk in the market. As a result, income from investments, including the unrealised value adjustments, accrued interest and the fair value of investments are subject to estimation and uncertainty. For further information about the financial risks related to the investments, please refer to note 11.

Notes

2. Significant accounting estimates, assumptions and uncertainties (continued)

This uncertainty may be higher during periods of high volatility in the financial markets, and economic trends affect earnings of the underlying companies as well. Furthermore, the uncertainty is affected by the construction risk within the different investments, and also the uncertainty related to the construction of the projects taking place within relevant time frames or milestones.

The methods applied in and the assumptions underlying the determination of the fair value in unlisted equity investments and receivables are described in note 12 to the financial statements.

3. Administrative expenses

The Fund has no employees.

Administrative expenses include management fee and investment advisory fee for the period to Copenhagen Infrastructure Partners P/S, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and management agreement. For further information about management fee and investment advisory fee, please refer to note 13.

According to Article 107 of the AIFM Directive, alternative investment funds must disclose information about the total remuneration of the entire staff of the Fund Manager and the number of beneficiaries. Furthermore, remuneration to material risk-takers must be disclosed. For information about remuneration, please refer to the annual report of Copenhagen Infrastructure Partners P/S, Business Reg. No. 37 99 40 06.

The Fund Manager must also disclose the information necessary to provide an understanding of the risk profile of the Fund and the measures that the Fund Manager takes to avoid or manage conflicts of interest between the Fund Manager and the Limited Partners. The Board of Directors has adopted a remuneration policy in order to ensure that the employees and Management are remunerated according to the Danish Executive Order on remuneration policy and disclosure requirements on remuneration for managers of alternative investment funds, etc.

The remuneration policy ensures, among other matters, that the following is applied in relation to remuneration at the Fund Manager:

- Promoting of sound and effective risk management, which does not encourage excessive risk-taking.
- Consistency with the principles regarding the protection of the Limited Partners and measures in order to avoid conflicts of interest.

Notes

3. Administrative expenses (continued)

The Fund Manager (Copenhagen Infrastructure Partners P/S) serves as fund manager for ATKL Brasiliana K/S, CI Artemis II K/S, CI III Dutch AIV K/S, CI III US AIV Non-QFPF Blocker K/S, CI III US AIV QFPF K/S, CI IV AIV Lux B SCSp, CI IV AIV Lux Non-QFPF SCSp, CI IV AIV Lux QFPF SCSp, CI IV Sponsor Investor K/S, CI IV US AIV Non-QFPF K/S, CI IV US AIV QFPF K/S, CI NMF I CIV K/S, CI NMF I F&F K/S, Copenhagen Infrastructure Energy Transition Fund I K/S, Copenhagen Infrastructure III A K/S, Copenhagen Infrastructure III B ApS, Copenhagen Infrastructure III K/S, Copenhagen Infrastructure IV AUS Trust, Copenhagen Infrastructure IV Dutch K/S, Copenhagen Infrastructure IV Feeder Fund SCSp, Copenhagen Infrastructure IV K/S, Copenhagen Infrastructure IV SCSp, Copenhagen Infrastructure New Markets Fund I K/S, NMF Brazil K/S and PDLP Brasilien K/S.

In accordance with section 61 (5 and 6) of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers etc. Act, information regarding salaries paid to employees of the investment manager is disclosed in the Annual Report for 2020 for Copenhagen Infrastructure Partners P/S, Business Reg. No. 37 99 40 06.

No carried interest is paid out by the AIF during the financial period.

	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
4. Financial income		
Foreign exchange gains	9,714	469
Interest income from assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss	2,109	8
Financial income	11,823	477
Realised financial income	2,109	477
5. Financial expenses		
Other interest, foreign exchange loss etc.	(28,560)	(2,304)
General Partner fee	(18)	(11)
Interest expenses for financial liabilities	(28,578)	(2,315)
Realised financial expenses	(14,039)	(1,963)

Notes

	Capitalised development projects before FID*	Investments	Receivables from investments
	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000
6. Investments			
Fair value at 31 December 2019	588,401	647,346	636,430
Acquisitions and development costs (net)	185,926	72,428	1,245,085
Distributions	0	(433,902)	(881,954)
Value adjustment	(28,658)	283,887	(22,648)
Transfer	(178,039)	178,039	0
Fair value at 31 December 2020	567,630	747,798	976,913

	Capitalised development projects before FID*	Investments	Receivables from investments
	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000
Investments			
Fair value at 31 December 2018	124,737	223,662	84,103
Acquisitions and development costs (net)	419,573	373,043	659,513
Distributions	(1,031)	(106,319)	(144,879)
Value adjustment	45,122	156,960	37,693
Fair value at 31 December 2019	588,401	647,346	636,430

*Development projects before FID comprise capitalised costs related to the design and development of the infrastructure investments, increasing project value, and/or where equity and loan commitment has not been fully settled, but where the investment committee has initiated and approved the development of project based on a detailed business case. It is considered that it gives the most true and fair picture to capitalise these costs, so that the accounting treatment does not depend on the order in which the projects are capitalised.

Investment	Corporate form	Registered in	Equity interest %	Profit/(loss) DKK'000	Equity DKK'000
CI III QFPF	LP	United states	94.82	-	-
CI III QFPF GP	LLC	United states	100.00	-	-

No values in equity and profit/loss have been stated for entities for which no audited financial disclosures are available.

Consistently with the accounting policies, the Fund regularly adjusts the value of the investments to the best estimate of fair value. This means that the proportionate share of operating profit or loss for the Companies is not recognised in profit or loss of the Fund, but rather a fair value adjustment of the investment.

Notes

6. Investments (continued)

The methods applied by the Fund to measure investments are evident from note 12 to the financial statements.

In accordance with the requirements of IFRS 12, certain disclosures must be provided for an investment company's non-consolidated subsidiaries, and the following information is deemed relevant in this respect:

The Fund's investments are not classified as investment entities under IFRS 10 because they are all engaged in developing or owning infrastructure projects. There are no restrictions on the Fund's right to receive dividend from or have loans etc. repaid by the investments, except that distributions from current operating activities of the equity investments must be made allowing for debt servicing by such companies. The Fund has not provided its investments with financial support during the financial year outside the contractual basis.

7. Limited partnership capital

The limited partnership capital has not been divided into classes.

	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
8. Other payables		
Other payables	48,616	2,051

The carrying amount of payables relates to investments, legal fees, auditor's fees, travel costs etc. The amount recognised is equal to the fair value of the liabilities.

Other payables fall due for payment within 12 months.

9. Working capital changes

	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
Change in receivables	28,332	(105,967)
Change in payables	46,566	(73,601)
	74,898	(179,568)

10. Financial instruments

Categories of financial instruments:

Investments	1,315,428	1,235,747
Receivables from investments	976,913	636,430
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	2,292,341	1,872,177
Other short-term receivables	77,635	105,967
Receivables	77,635	105,967

Notes

10. Financial instruments (continued)

Other payables	48,617	2,051
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	48,617	2,051

All financial liabilities are due for payment within 12 months.

Other short-term receivables consist primarily of transactions between the Copenhagen Infrastructure entities.

Historically, no losses on receivables have been realised, hence no provisions for expected credit loss (ECL) have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. The risks of the Fund are considered limited.

11. Financial risk management

The General Partner is ultimately responsible for the overall risk management within the Fund, but has delegated the responsibility to the Fund Manager.

The Fund pursues an investment strategy approved by the Limited partners and invests in infrastructure projects.

The Fund's risk management processes includes identification, measurement, monitoring, reporting and mitigation of the identified risks to minimize the potential negative effects at fund level.

Key financial risk factors and exposure regarding the financial statements for 2020 can be categorised as follows:

Financial risk factors

Liquidity risks

	Less than 1 year DKK'000	Between 1 and 5 years DKK'000	After 5 years DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Other payables	48,616	0	0	48,616
31 Decemeber 2020	48,616	0	0	48,616

	Less than 1 year DKK'000	Between 1 and 5 years DKK'000	After 5 years DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Other payables	2,051	0	0	2,051
31 Decemeber 2019	2,051	0	0	2,051

Notes

11. Financial risk management (continued)

The Fund manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. The Funds liquidity risk is considered insignificant as liabilities are payable within one year. In addition, no indication of the Limited Partners' inability to contribute the remaining fund commitment exists as well as future income from investments is expected to settle the outstanding amount.

Credit risks

Credit risk relates to the risk of non-performing receivables and impairment of the Fund's receivables from investments provided to the infrastructure projects

The maximum credit risk related to other receivables equals the carrying amount. There is no indication of non-performing other receivables at the balance sheet date.

Likewise, there is no impairment of other receivables e.g. at the balance sheet date as it is assessed that the debtors will fulfil the individual facility agreements.

The Fund recognises a loss allowance and provisions for expected credit losses when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. In assessing whether the credit risk on receivables has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. As of 31 December 2020, no loss allowance for expected credit losses have been made.

Credit risk related to cash and cash equivalent is considered immaterial. Furthermore, all applied bank connections have a high and sound credit rating.

The Fund is not exposed to any significant credit risk from a single counterparty at 31 December 2020.

Interest rate risk

The Fund has no external debt as of the balance sheet date, and therefore no interest rate risk connected to the liabilities.

A sensitivity analysis of the Fund's investments including applied discount rates for both equity investments and shareholder loans are detailed in note 12

Currency risk

The Fund is denominated in DKK. A majority of cash flows take place in DKK, however the fund has investment and outstanding loans in other currencies. Consequently, the Limited Partners are somewhat exposed to currency risk through the Fund. No hedging is made at fund level.

Notes

11. Financial risk management (continued)

Commodity and power prices

The Fund's indirect power price exposure is mitigated via power price agreements and/or instruments in the project's capital structure. The Fund's indirect outright power price exposure are considered as low.

When the Fund has an indirect outright power price and commodity price exposure changes in such risk factors impact the fair value of the individual investment.

12. Financial instruments measured at fair value

The fair value of the investments are measured on a quarterly basis, or more frequent if significant changes occur.

The Fund Manager has implemented procedures and methodology to ensure that the valuation is carried out consistently over time and across investments.

Methods applied in and assumptions underlying the determination of fair values of investments

The fair value of each equity investment and receivables from investment has been estimated by applying methods that best reflect the risks, and the stage of each investment, e.g. assumptions related to power prices, inflation rates, technical availability and discount rate.

In general, the fair value is determined in accordance with IPEV Valuation Guidelines and generally accepted valuation techniques, including DCF models, benchmarking or other relevant methods. However, for projects which are before financial close, cost, including capitalised development costs, is considered the best estimate for fair value. The valuation approach incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction, such as cash flows, discount rates and yield curves assumptions.

The valuation of equity investments and receivables from investments is based on the same methods, as equity investments and receivables from investments are exposed to the same risks.

Fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value in the balance sheet

Below, financial instruments measured at fair value are classified using the fair value hierarchy:

- Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments (Level 1)
- Quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities or other valuation methods under which all material inputs are based on observable market data (Level 2)
- Valuation techniques under which any material input are not based on observable market data (Level 3)

It is the Fund's policy to incorporate the classification of financial assets (changes/transfers between levels 1 and 3) in the financial statements if their classification changes during the financial year. There have not been any transfers between the levels during the financial year and all investments are classified as Level 3 investments.

Notes

12. Financial instruments measured at fair value (continued)

Material unobservable inputs for Level 3

Financial instruments measured at fair value in the balance sheet are based on valuation techniques that include material unobservable input. Material unobservable inputs mean in this context that the valuation is dependent on a return requirement that contains a number of components that cannot be observed on trading markets, for example project-specific risks and illiquidity prices.

	<u>Level 1</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>Level 2</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>Level 3</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
2020				
Unlisted shares, equity investments	0	0	1,315,428	1,315,428
Receivables from investments	0	0	976,913	976,913
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	0	0	2,292,341	2,292,341
	<u>Level 1</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>Level 2</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>Level 3</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
2019				
Unlisted shares, equity investments	0	0	1,235,747	1,235,747
Receivables from investments	0	0	636,430	636,430
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	0	0	1,872,177	1,872,177

The discount rate used to value investments and receivables from investments after financial close is considered the most material unobservable input, and the applied range for the discount rate is between 5-7% (2019: 6-9%).

Sensitivity analysis

The fair value of the Fund's investments is affected by developments in the applied discount rate and future earnings expectations for these investments. A decline or increase in the material unobservable inputs stated above and changes in macroeconomic conditions might have a direct effect on the valuation of the investments.

If the discount rates for investments are increased by 1 percentage point, the fair value of the investments will be reduced by approximately DKK 170-230m, which will reduce the NAV of the Fund with the same amount. A reduction by 1 percentage point will increase the fair value of the investments by approximately DKK 210-280m, and also have the same effect on the NAV of the Fund. Due to the nature of the investments the effects are subject to some uncertainty, as other factors can in some scenarios have a reverse effect. No sensitivity analyses have been made for investments under construction.

The applied discount rate is considered the most material unobservable input due to the nature of the investments.

Please refer to note 6 for a specification of the fair value investments.

Notes

13. Related parties

Related parties with a controlling interest

The Limited Partnership has no investors or related parties with a controlling interest.

	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
Related party transactions		
The General Partner receives a fee for its liability towards CI III US AIV QFPF K/S as per the article of association		
Payment to the General Partner	<u>18</u>	<u>11</u>
Copenhagen Infrastructure Partners P/S (the Fund Manager) is considered a related party of the Fund due to direct or indirect control and transactions		
Management fee	<u>11,957</u>	<u>12,394</u>

Receivables from investments

Loans have been granted on market terms, which are expected to be settled by future cash payments. The Fund has no guarantees or similar collateral in connection with loans. As shown in note 6, loans are only provided to entities in which the Fund holds the majority of shares.

	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000
Committed loan capital	2,086,960	2,300,705
Contributions	<u>961,047</u>	<u>747,552</u>
Outstanding commitment	<u>1,125,913</u>	<u>1,553,153</u>

There are no other key relationships, which are considered material to the financial statements.

14. Contingent liabilities

The Fund has no contingent liabilities, but has provided guarantees of USD 42m for investments.

Please refer to the description in note 11 regarding risk on provisions on the outstanding commitment.

Notes

15. Investors

The Limited Partnership has registered the following Limited Partners as holding more than 5% of the voting rights or nominal value of the contributed capital:

PBU Invest Holding P/S, Tuborg Boulevard 3, 2900 Hellerup

Lærernes Pension Forsikringsaktieselskab, Tuborg Boulevard 3, 2900 Hellerup

PFA Pension, Forsikringsaktieselskab, Sundkrogsgade 4, 2100 Copenhagen

PensionDanmark Pensionsforsikringsaktieselskab, Langelinie Allé 43, 2100 Copenhagen

P+, Pensionskassen for Akademikere, Dirch Passers Allé 76, Frederiksberg

Oslo Pensjonforsikring AS, St. Olavs Plass 0129 Oslo

AP Pension Livsforsikringsaktieselskab, Østbanegade 135, 2100 Copenhagen

LÆGERNES PENSION – pensionskassen for læger, Dirch Passers Allé 76, Frederiksberg

16. Events after the balance sheet date

On February 11, 2021, the state of Texas declared a system wide energy emergency as extreme weather conditions descended upon the state from the Arctic resulting in shortage of power supply and prices of up to 9.000 USD/MWh. From February 19, 2021, temperatures increased and power prices are back to normal levels since then. This event might lead to losses in the first half of 2021 when the impacts are agreed with the project counterparts for the projects Misae and Greasewood. The losses are still uncertain and is subject to negotiations.

No other events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

17. Authorisation of the annual report for issue

At the meeting held on 25.06.2021 the General Partner authorised this annual report for issue on 25.06.2021.

The annual report will be submitted to the Limited Partnership's Limited Partners for adoption at the Annual General Meeting on 25.06.2021.