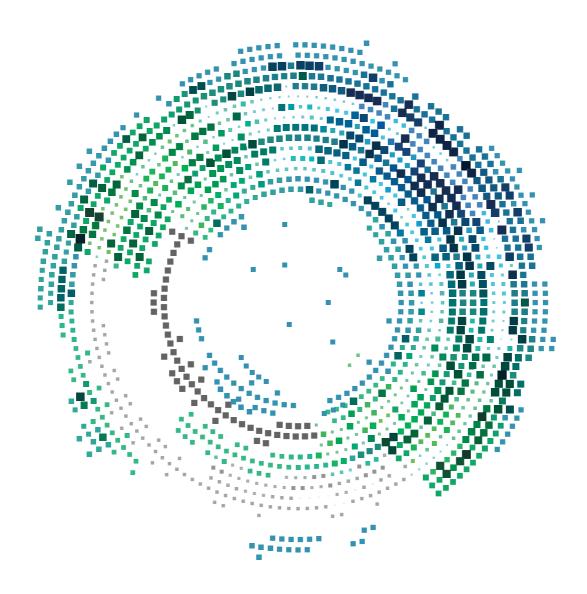
# Deloitte.



# **TYR Tactical A/S**

Anelystparken 33, st. 8381 Tilst CVR No. 39623692

# Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 27.05.2021

# **Jane Frances Beck**

Chairman of the General Meeting

TYR Tactical A/S | Contents

# **Contents**

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2020	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2020	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2020	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	14

# **Entity details**

# **Entity**

TYR Tactical A/S Anelystparken 33, st. 8381 Tilst

CVR No.: 39623692

Registered office: Aarhus

Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

# **Board of Directors**

Jason Robert Beck, Chairman of the Board Jane Frances Beck Christopher Aaron Vansant

# **Executive Board**

Jane Frances Beck, CEO

# **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab City Tower, Værkmestergade 2 8000 Aarhus C

# **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of TYR Tactical A/S for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Aarhus, 27.05.2021

**Executive Board** 

Jane Frances Beck
CEO

**Board of Directors** 

**Jason Robert Beck**Chairman of the Board

Jane Frances Beck

**Christopher Aaron Vansant** 

# Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholders of TYR Tactical A/S

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of TYR Tactical A/S for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 27.05.2021

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

## **Lars Andersen**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne34506

# **Management commentary**

# **Primary activities**

The purpose of the company is to conduct business with manufacturing and trading goods, both import and export, and related activities, as well as possess European patents and other intellectual property rights.

# **Description of material changes in activities and finances**

The company is in its start-up period and has made a loss for the year which the management considers non satisfying.

The company has lost more than 50% of its equity. The company's equity is expected to be re-established in the coming financial years.

The parent company has declared to support the company if necessary as stated in the note 1.

# **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2020**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(648,268)	(1,555,052)
Staff costs	2	(1,414,624)	(1,461,343)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	3	(21,374)	(6,369)
Operating profit/loss		(2,084,266)	(3,022,764)
Other financial income		129,956	23
Financial expenses from group enterprises		(62,884)	(18,488)
Other financial expenses		(18,020)	(91,876)
Profit/loss for the year		(2,035,214)	(3,133,105)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(2,035,214)	(3,133,105)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(2,035,214)	(3,133,105)

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2020**

# **Assets**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Leasehold improvements		103,721	74,217
Property, plant and equipment	4	103,721	74,217
Deposits		109,276	109,276
Other financial assets	5	109,276	109,276
Fixed assets		212,997	183,493
Other receivables		87,243	31,642
Prepayments		20,418	20,572
Receivables		107,661	52,214
Cash		80,860	219,163
Current assets		188,521	271,377
Assets		401,518	454,870

# **Equity and liabilities**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		500,000	500,000
Retained earnings		(5,839,106)	(3,803,892)
Equity		(5,339,106)	(3,303,892)
Other payables	6	154,643	54,741
Non-current liabilities other than provisions		154,643	54,741
Trade payables		55,000	77,027
Payables to group enterprises		5,439,226	3,436,203
Other payables	7	91,755	190,791
Current liabilities other than provisions		5,585,981	3,704,021
Liabilities other than provisions		5,740,624	3,758,762
		404 -40	47.4.070
Equity and liabilities		401,518	454,870
Going concern	1		
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	8		
Contingent assets	9		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	500,000	(3,803,892)	(3,303,892)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(2,035,214)	(2,035,214)
Equity end of year	500,000	(5,839,106)	(5,339,106)

TYR Tactical A/S | Notes

# **Notes**

# **1 Going concern**

The loss of equity and the going concern of the company is supported by a letter of support from the parent company Dominus LLC.

The management therefore expects adequate liquidity for continued operations and development.

# 2 Staff costs

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	1,228,737	1,267,643
Pension costs	165,037	167,524
Other social security costs	7,100	6,816
Other staff costs	13,750	19,360
	1,414,624	1,461,343
Average number of full-time employees	2	2
3 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		
	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	21,374	6,369
	21,374	6,369

# 4 Property, plant and equipment

	Leasehold improvements
	DKK
Cost beginning of year	80,586
Additions	50,878
Cost end of year	131,464
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(6,369)
Depreciation for the year	(21,374)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(27,743)
Carrying amount end of year	103,721

TYR Tactical A/S | Notes

# **5 Financial assets**

		Deposits
		DKK
Additions		109,276
Cost end of year		109,276
Carrying amount end of year		109,276
6 Other payables		
	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Holiday pay obligation	154,643	54,741
	154,643	54,741
7 Other payables		
	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs, etc payable	23,912	83,559
Holiday pay obligation	67,843	105,476
Other costs payable	0	1,756
	91,755	190,791
8 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments		
	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	1,022,000	1,078,000

# **9 Contingent assets**

Tax base of tax loss carryforwards are not recognized in the balance sheet.

Tax loss carryforward amount to DKK 5.776k which amounts to DKK 1.271k (tax rate of 22%).

# **Accounting policies**

# **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises external xpenses.

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

# **Cost of sales**

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

#### Costs of raw materials and consumables

Costs of raw materials and consumables comprise the consumption of raw materials and consumables for the financial year after adjustment for changes in inventories of these goods from the beginning to the end of the year. This item includes shrinkage, if any, and ordinary writedowns of the relevant inventories.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

## Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of assets and property, plant and equipment.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income.

## Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc from payables to group enterprises.

## Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses.

## **Balance sheet**

## Property, plant and equipment

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Leasehold improvements 5 years

For leasehold improvements and assets subject to finance leases, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period.

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

## **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

# **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

# Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

# Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.