

TYR Tactical A/S

Anelystparken 33, st.
8381 Tilst
CVR No. 39623692

Annual report 2019

The Annual General Meeting adopted the
annual report on 30.06.2020

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Jane Frances Beck". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style. Below the signature is a horizontal line.

Jane Frances Beck
Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

TYR Tactical A/S

Anelystparken 33, st.

8381 Tilst

CVR No.: 39623692

Registered office: Aarhus

Financial year: 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019

Board of Directors

Jason Robert Beck

Jane Frances Beck

Christopher Aaron Vansant

Executive Board

Jane Frances Beck

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

City Tower, Værkmestergade 2

8000 Aarhus C

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of TYR Tactical A/S for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Aarhus, 30.06.2020

Executive Board

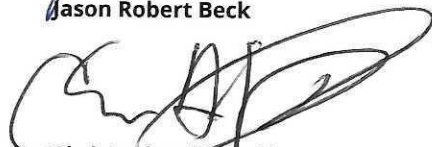


Jane Frances Beck

Board of Directors



Jason Robert Beck



Christopher Aaron Vansant



Jane Frances Beck

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of TYR Tactical A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of TYR Tactical A/S for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 30.06.2020

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No. 33963556



Lars Andersen

State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne34506

Management commentary

Primary activities

The purpose of the company is to conduct business with manufacturing and trading goods, both import and export, and related activities, as well as possess European patents and other intellectual property rights.

Description of material changes in activities and finances

The company is in its start-up period and has made a loss for the year which the management considers non satisfying.

The company has lost more than 50% of its equity. The company's equity is expected to be re-established in the coming financial years.

The parent company has declared to support the company if necessary as stated in the note 1.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

The identification and spread of COVID-19 has not yet had a material impact on the activities in the company and the management didn't expect any major impacts, although the total overview of the pandemic isn't know yet.

Income statement for 2019

	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Gross profit/loss		(1,555,052)	(160,170)
Staff costs	2	(1,461,343)	(519,501)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	3	(6,369)	0
Operating profit/loss		(3,022,764)	(679,671)
Other financial income		23	8,984
Financial expenses from group enterprises		(18,488)	0
Other financial expenses		(91,876)	(100)
Profit/loss for the year		(3,133,105)	(670,787)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(3,133,105)	(670,787)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(3,133,105)	(670,787)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2019

Assets

	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Leasehold improvements		74,217	0
Property, plant and equipment	4	74,217	0
Deposits		109,276	0
Other financial assets	5	109,276	0
Fixed assets		183,493	0
Other receivables		31,642	204,699
Prepayments		20,572	0
Receivables		52,214	204,699
Cash		219,163	0
Current assets		271,377	204,699
Assets		454,870	204,699

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Contributed capital		500,000	500,000
Retained earnings		(3,803,892)	(670,787)
Equity		(3,303,892)	(170,787)
Other payables	6	54,741	0
Non-current liabilities other than provisions		54,741	0
Trade payables		77,027	70,500
Payables to group enterprises		3,436,203	0
Other payables	7	190,791	304,986
Current liabilities other than provisions		3,704,021	375,486
Liabilities other than provisions		3,758,762	375,486
Equity and liabilities		454,870	204,699
Going concern	1		
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	8		
Contingent assets	9		

Statement of changes in equity for 2019

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	500,000	(670,787)	(170,787)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(3,133,105)	(3,133,105)
Equity end of year	500,000	(3,803,892)	(3,303,892)

Notes

1 Going concern

The loss of equity and the going concern of the company is supported by a letter of support from the parent company Dominus LLC.

The management therefore expects adequate liquidity for continued operations and development.

2 Staff costs

	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Wages and salaries	1,267,643	484,001
Pension costs	167,524	33,228
Other social security costs	6,816	2,272
Other staff costs	19,360	0
	1,461,343	519,501
Number of employees at balance sheet date	2	2

3 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	6,369	0
	6,369	0

4 Property, plant and equipment

	Leasehold improvements DKK
Additions	80,586
Cost end of year	80,586
Depreciation for the year	(6,369)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(6,369)
Carrying amount end of year	74,217

5 Financial assets

	Deposits DKK
Additions	109,276
Cost end of year	109,276
Carrying amount end of year	109,276

6 Other payables

	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Holiday pay obligation	54,741	0
	54,741	0

7 Other payables

	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs, etc payable	83,559	251,124
Holiday pay obligation	105,476	53,862
Other costs payable	1,756	0
	190,791	304,986

8 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	1,078,000	0

9 Contingent assets

Tax base of tax loss carryforwards are not recognized in the balance sheet.

Tax loss carryforward amount to DKK 3.739k which amounts to DKK 823k (tax rate of 22%) excluding a deferred tax of DKK 2k.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Non-comparability

Last financial year covered the period 07.06.2018 - 31.12.2018, since this financial year covers 12 months there is no direct comparability.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of assets and property, plant and equipment.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income.

Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc from payables to group enterprises.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses.

Balance sheet**Property, plant and equipment**

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Leasehold improvements	5 years
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For leasehold improvements and assets subject to finance leases, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period.

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.