Augustenborg Landevej 11 A/S

Anelystparken 16 8381 Tilst CVR No. 39574373

Annual report 2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 16.06.2022

Henrik Nebelong

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Augustenborg Landevej 11 A/S Anelystparken 16 8381 Tilst

Business Registration No.: 39574373

Registered office: Aarhus

Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

Board of Directors

Henrik Nebelong Mads Bilenberg Jørgensen Bernd Georg Burkhard Baus

Executive Board

Mads Bilenberg Jørgensen

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Egtved Allé 4 6000 Kolding

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Augustenborg Landevej 11 A/S for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Aarhus, 10.06.2022

Executive Board

Mads Bilenberg Jørgensen

Board of Directors

Henrik Nebelong

Mads Bilenberg Jørgensen

Bernd Georg Burkhard Baus

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Augustenborg Landevej 11 A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Augustenborg Landevej 11 A/S for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Kolding, 10.06.2022

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Morten Almtoft Lund

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne41365

Management commentary

Primary activities

Activities include construction of a building

Income statement for 2021

	Notes	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Other external expenses		(141,644)	(195,527)
Gross profit/loss		(141,644)	(195,527)
Other financial income	1	0	5,775
Other financial expenses	2	(217,114)	0
Profit/loss before tax		(358,758)	(189,752)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	78,927	41,745
Profit/loss for the year		(279,831)	(148,007)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss:			
Retained earnings		(279,831)	(148,007)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(279,831)	(148,007)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2021

Assets

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Property, plant and equipment in progress		71,241,226	0
Property, plant and equipment	4	71,241,226	0
Fixed assets		71,241,226	0
Trade receivables		479,167	0
Receivables from group enterprises		0	467,417
Deferred tax		37,125	37,125
Other receivables		9,381,112	0
Joint taxation contribution receivable		78,927	4,619
Receivables		9,976,331	509,161
Current assets		9,976,331	509,161
Assets		81,217,557	509,161

Equity and liabilities

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		500,000	500,000
Retained earnings		(460,420)	(180,589)
Equity		39,580	319,411
Trade payables		16,418,847	189,750
Payables to group enterprises		64,347,641	0
Other payables		411,489	0
Current liabilities other than provisions		81,177,977	189,750
Liabilities other than provisions		81,177,977	189,750
Equity and liabilities		81,217,557	509,161
Employees	5		
Contingent liabilities	6		
Related parties with controlling interest	7		
Group relations	8		

Statement of changes in equity for 2021

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	500,000	(180,589)	319,411
Profit/loss for the year	0	(279,831)	(279,831)
Equity end of year	500,000	(460,420)	39,580

71,241,226

71,241,226 71,241,226

Notes

1 Other financial income

	2021	2020 DKK
	DKK	
Financial income from group enterprises	0	5,775
	0	5,775
2 Other financial expenses		
	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	216,688	0
Other financial expenses	426	0
	217,114	0
3 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Change in deferred tax	0	(37,125)
Refund in joint taxation arrangement	(78,927)	(4,620)
	(78,927)	(41,745)
4 Property, plant and equipment		
4 Poperty, plant and equipment	Pro	perty, plant
		and
	ec	quipment in
		progress
		DKK

5 Employees

Cost end of year

Additions

Average number of full-time employees is 0.

6 Contingent liabilities

Carrying amount end of year

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where BAUHAUS Danmark A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

7 Related parties with controlling interest

Anelystparken Holding A/S - Anelystparken 16, 8381 Tilst owns all shares in the Entity, thus exercising control.

8 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Anelystparken Holding A/S, Tilst.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies etc.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings, plant and machinery, and other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.