Polar View ApS

Symfonivej 18

2730 Herlev

CVR No. 39508850

Annual Report 2021/22

5. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 28 March 2023

David Arthurs Chairman

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Management's Statement

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Polar View ApS for the financial year 1 November 2021 - 31 October 2022.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 October 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 November 2021 - 31 October 2022.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

The conditions for not conducting an audit of the Financial Statement have been met.

The Annual General Meeting of the Company decides that the Financial Statements for next year are not to be audited. The conditions for not conducting an audit of the Financial Statements have been met.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Herlev, 28 March 2023

Executive Board

David Arthurs Man. Director

Company details

Company Polar View ApS

Symfonivej 18 2730 Herlev

2730 Heriev

CVR No. 39508850
Date of formation 19 April 2018

Financial year 1 November 2021 - 31 October 2022

Executive Board David Arthurs

Management's Review

The Company's principal activities

The company's activities are the provision of services and studies concerning the monitoring of the polar regions using earth observation satellites.

Development in the activities and the financial situation of the Company Development in activities and the financial situation

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 November 2021 - 31 October 2022 shows a result of EUR 11.066 and the Balance Sheet at 31 October 2022 a balance sheet total of EUR 112.519 and an equity of EUR 9.521.

Post financial year events

After the end of the financial year, no events have occurred which may change the financial position of the entity substantially.

Accounting Policies

Reporting Class

The annual report of Polar View ApS for 2021/22 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Reporting currency

The annual report is presented in EUR.

General information

Basis of recognition and measurement

The financial statement have been prepared under the historical cost principle.

Income is recognised in the income statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortized cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortization, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the financial statement, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit/loss

The Company has decided to aggregate certain items of the income statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit is a combination of the items of revenue, change in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and goods for resale, other operating income, costs for raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if the goods have been delivered and the risk has passed to the

Accounting Policies

buyer before year-end and if the revenue can be reliably calculated and expected to be received. Revenue is recognised excluding VAT and all discounts granted are recognised in revenue.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, operating leasing expenses etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement based at the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, financial expenses of finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment of tax scheme.

Dividends from other investments are recognised as income in the financial year in which the dividends are declared.

Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

Accrued income, assets

Accrued income recognised in assets comprises prepaid costs regarding subsequent financial years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

Equity

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in the articles of association.

Current tax liabilities

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, corresponding to the capitalized value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is

Accounting Policies

recognised in the income statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Mortgage debt is accordingly measured at amortized cost, corresponding to the outstanding balance in case of cash loans. In case of bond loans, amortized cost corresponds to the outstanding balance determined as the underlying cash value of the loans at the time of borrowing adjusted for amortisation of capital losses on the loans over the repayment period.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Other payables

Other payables are measured at amortized cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Accruals and deferred income entered as liabilities

Accruals and deferred income entered as liabilities consist of payments received regarding income in the subsequent financial years.

Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

Income Statement

	Note	2021/22 EUR	2020/21 EUR
Gross profit		15.778	-790
Employee benefits expense	1	0	0
Profit from ordinary operating activities		15.778	-790
Finance expences	2	-3.656	-176
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		12.122	-966
Tax expense on ordinary activities		-1.056	0
Profit		11.066	-966
Proposed distribution of results			
Retained earnings		11.066	-966
Distribution of profit		11.066	-966

Balance Sheet as of 31 October

N	2022 ote EUR	2021 EUR
Assets		
Short-term trade receivables	0	3.941
Other short-term receivables	46.455	27.110
Deferred income	57.281	31.701
Receivables	103.736	62.752
Cash and cash equivalents	8.783	4.125
Current assets	112.519	66.877
Assets	112.519	66.877

Balance Sheet as of 31 October

	Note	2022 EUR	2021 EUR
Liabilities and equity			
Contributed capital		6.919	6.919
Retained earnings		2.602	-8.465
Equity		9.521	-1.546
Trade payables		50.864	53.531
Payables to group enterprises		745	-303
Other payables		22.000	0
Deferred income, liabilities		29.389	15.195
Short-term liabilities other than provisions		102.998	68.423
Liabilities other than provisions within the business		102.998	68.423
Liabilities and equity		112.519	66.877
Contingent liabilities	3		
Contingent liabilities	3 4		
Collaterals and assets pledges as security	4		

Notes

	2021/22	2020/21
1. Employee benefits expense		
Average number of employees	0	0
2. Finance expenses Other finance expenses	3.656	176
outer infance expenses	3.656	176

3. Contingent liabilities

No contingent liabilities exist at the balance sheet date.

4. Collaterals and securities

No securities or mortgages exist at the balance sheet date.

5. Special items