



AIP PARTNER HOLDING APS **ANNUAL REPORT 2019**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 13 May 2020.

Chairman of the General Meeting

Klaus Risager

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Company

AIP Partner Holding ApS
Rosenborggade 1 B
1130 København K

Central Business Registration No. (CVR): 39504022
Founded: 18.04.2018
Registered in: Copenhagen
Financial year: 01.01.2019 – 31.12.2019

Board of Directors

Kasper Hansen, Chairman
Johan Bernt Nordang
Ulrik Pallisø Bornø
Domenico Tripodi

Executive Board

Kasper Hansen

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
2900 Hellerup

MANAGEMENT REVIEW

Primary activities

The Company's main activity is to own shares in the management company AIP Management P/S and investment companies.

Development in activities and finances

The income statement of the Company for 2019 shows a profit of DKK -454.172 and at 31 December 2019 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK -675.627 The development in the financial year's activities is as expected.

Developments after reporting

There have been no significant events since the period end that need disclosing in these financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S STATEMENT

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the Annual Report of AIP Partner Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January 2019 – 31 December 2019.

The Annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2019 of the Company and of the results of the Company's operations for 2019.

In our opinion, the Management review includes a true and fair account of the matter addressed in the review.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 13 May 2020

Executive Board

Kasper Hansen

Board of Directors

Kasper Hansen

Johan Bernt Nordang

Ulrik Pallisø Bornø

Domenico Tripodi

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder of AIP Partner Holding ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of AIP Partner Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the *Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report*. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 13 May 2020

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No 33 77 12 31

Per Rolf Larssen
State Authorised Public Accountant
Mne24822

Martin Jon Albæk Pedersen
State Authorised Public Accountant
Mne34149

INCOME STATEMENT

(DKK)	Notes	2019	2018 *
Gross profit/loss		-10.000	-107.500
Income from Investments		218.521	0
Other financial expenses	3	-132.929	-65.243
Profit/loss before tax		75.592	-172.743
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	-529.764	-98.716
Profit/loss for the year		-454.172	-271.459
Profit for the year to be:			
Transfer to Retained earnings		<u>-454.172</u>	<u>-271.459</u>

* 2018 was the company's first financial year and the financial statements are for the period 18 April 2018 – 31 December 2018.

BALANCE SHEET AT 31.12.2019 – ASSETS

ASSETS (DKK)	Notes	2019	2018
Fixed asset			
Investments in group enterprises	5	50.000	50.000
Investments in associates	5	4.047.625	3.886.251
Fixed asset investments		4.097.625	3.936.251
Fixed assets		4.097.625	3.936.251
Current assets			
Deferred tax asset		5.465	40.228
Receivables		5.465	40.228
Cash		106.248	165.627
Current assets		111.713	205.855
Assets		4.209.338	4.142.106

BALANCE SHEET AT 31.12.2019 – LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (DKK)	Notes	2019	2018
Equity			
Share capital		50.004	50.004
Retained earnings		-725.631	-271.459
Total equity	6	-675.627	-221.455
Long-term debt			
Debt to management		4.250.122	4.130.865
Long-term debt		4.250.122	4.130.865
Short-term debt			
Trade payables		899	93.750
Payables to associates		143.872	2
Other payables, including tax and contributions payable to social security		490.072	138.944
Short-term debt		634.843	232.696
Debt		4.884.965	4.363.561
Total liabilities and equity		4.209.338	4.142.106
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ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting class

The Annual Report AIP Partner Holding ApS for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The reporting currency is Danish kroner (DKK).

Change in accounting policies

Accounting policies has changed compared to last year, at investments in associates which are now recognized at cost. Previously, investments in associates were recognized at equity method. The new accounting policies are described under "Investments in associates".

The above change in accounting policies means a decrease in equity 31.12.18 with DKK 202.740 and a decrease in profit for 2018 of DKK 202.740. The comparative figures have been adjusted and reflect the change.

Apart from the above, accounting policies have remained unchanged from last year.

Comparative figures

In 2018, the company presented financial statements for the period 18/4 - 31/12 2018. The comparative figures for this period are used in the financial statements for 2019.

A few changes have been made to the classification in the comparative figures. These changes did not affect the profit for the year or equity.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Income statement

Other external expense

Other external expense comprise expenses for administration expenses, etc.

Income from investments

In the income statement, dividends are recognized from investments in group enterprises and associates in the financial year in which the dividend is declared. Gains or losses on disposal during the year of investments in associates are also recognized in the income statement.

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Investment in group enterprises and associates

Investments in group enterprises and associates are recognized and measured at cost. If there is an indication of a need for impairment, an impairment test is performed. Where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount it is written down to this lower value.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

Equity

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognized in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the onaccount taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

NOTES

	2019	2018
Note 2: Employees		
Average number of employees	0	0
Note 3: Other financial expenses (DKK)		
Interest debt to management	128.813	64.478
Other financial expenses	4.116	764
Total Other financial expenses	132.929	65.242
Note 4: Tax on profit/loss for the year (DKK)		
Current tax for the year	490.072	138.944
Deferred tax for the year	34.763	-40.228
Adjustment tax prior year	4.929	0
Total Tax on profit/loss for the year	529.764	98.716
Note 5: Fixed asset investments (DKK)		
Investments in group enterprises:		
Cost primo	50.000	0
Additions for the year	0	50.000
Cost ultimo	50.000	50.000
Investments in associates:		
Cost primo	3.886.251	0
Additions for the year	408.375	3.886.251
Disposals for the year	-247.001	0
Cost ultimo	4.047.625	3.886.251
Fixed asset investments	4.097.625	3.936.251

The company holds shares in the following company:

AIP CIV Komplementar ApS, domiciled in Denmark and a 100% ownership interest.

AIP Management P/S, domiciled in Denmark and a 50% ownership interest.

AIP Komplementar ApS, domiciled in Denmark and a 50% ownership interest.

AIP CIV K/S, domiciled in Denmark and a 48,85% ownership interest.

AIP CIV 2 K/S, domiciled in Denmark and a 34,07% ownership interest.

Note 6: Equity (DKK)**Statement of changes
in equity**

	Share capital	Reserve for net revalua- tion under the equity method	Retained ear- nings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2019	50.004	2.740	-71.459	-18.715
Net effect of change in accounting policies	<u>0</u>	<u>-2.740</u>	<u>-200.000</u>	<u>-202.740</u>
Adjusted equity	50.004	0	-271.459	-221.455
Profit for the year	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>-454.172</u>	<u>-454.172</u>
Equity at 31. Decem- ber 2019	<u>50.004</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>-725.631</u>	<u>-675.627</u>

No changes in the share capital have been made since the foundation.

Note 7**Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations**

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Daem Holding ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes.

Note 8**Subsequent events**

The outbreak of Coronavirus in 2020 makes the economic prospects uncertain. However, management believes that a subsequent economic downturn will not have a significant impact on the company.