Piper Enviromental ApS

Søgade 20, DK-4100 Ringsted

Annual Report for 1 April - 31 December 2018

CVR No 39 47 71 30

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 31/5 2019

Jane Piper Chairman of the General Meeting



Contents

	Page
Management's Statement and Auditor's Report	
Management's Statement	1
Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements	2
Company Information	
Company Information	3
Financial Statements	
Income Statement 1 April - 31 December	4
Balance Sheet 31 December	5
Statement of Changes in Equity	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7



Management's Statement

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Piper Environmental ApS for the financial year 1 April - 31 December 2018.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In my opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2018 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2018.

I recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Ringsted, 31 May 2019

Executive Board

Jane Irene Piper Executive Officer

The Annual General Meeting has decided that the Financial Statements for next year are not to be subject to any audit.



Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements

To the Management of Piper Environmental ApS

We have compiled the Financial Statements of Piper Environmental ApS for the financial year 1 April - 31 December 2018 on the basis of the Enterprise's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and IESBA's Code of Ethics, including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Ringsted, 31 May 2019 **PricewaterhouseCoopers**Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Jesper Ehlers statsautoriseret revisor mne35414



Company Information

The Company Piper Environmental ApS

Søgade 20

DK-4100 Ringsted

CVR No: 39 47 71 30

Financial period: 1 April - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Ringsted

Executive Board Jane Irene Piper

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Eventyrvej 16 DK-4100 Ringsted



Income Statement 1 April - 31 December

	Note	2018
		DKK
Gross profit/loss		-835,668
Profit/loss before tax		-835,668
		,
Tax on profit/loss for the year	_	0
Net profit/loss for the year		-835,668
	_	
Distribution of profit		
Proposed distribution of profit		
·		



Retained earnings

-835,668

-835,668

Balance Sheet 31 December

	Note	2018 DKK
Assets		
Assets		0
Liabilities and equity		
Share capital		50,000
Retained earnings		-835,668
Equity		-785,668
Payables to owners and Management		785,668
Long-term debt	3	785,668
Debt		785,668
Liabilities and equity		0
Going concern	1	
Key activities	2	
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations Accounting Policies	4 5	
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Statement of Changes in Equity

	Retained		
	Share capital	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 April	0	0	0
Cash payment concerning formation of entity	50,000	0	50,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-835,668	-835,668
Equity at 31 December	50,000	-835,668	-785,668



1 Going concern

The Company has received a letter of support from its shareholder, which has promised to provide financial support to the Company until 31 December 2019. In these circumstances, the Annual Report has been presented on the assumption that the Company is a going concern.

2 Key activities

The company's purpose is to do business with the development of systems for purification of groundwater as well as the execution of projects with purification of water and related business.

3 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

Payables to owners and Management

	785,668
Within 1 year	0
Long-term part	785,668
Between 1 and 5 years	785,668

4 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

There are no security and contingent liabilitites at 31 December 2018.



5 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Piper Environmental ApS for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The Financial Statements for 2018 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.



5 Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Statement

Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Expenses for raw materials and consumables comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect production costs and expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other external expenses.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance Sheet

Intangible assets

Development costs and costs relating to rights developed by the Company are recognised in the income statement as costs in the year of acquisition.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the de-



5 Accounting Policies (continued)

ferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

