

e-Money Markets ApS under tvangspløsning
Dampfærgevej 27, 5., 2100 København Ø

Company reg. no. 39 44 90 48

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2021

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 12 October 2022.

Martin Dyring-Andersen
Chairman of the meeting

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Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Management's statement

The executive board has today presented the annual report of e-Money Markets ApS under tvangspløsning for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2021.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in our opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2021.

We are of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 12 October 2022

Executive board

Martin Dyring-Andersen
Director

Henrik Aasted Sørensen
Director

Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholder of e-Money Markets ApS under tvangspløsning

Auditor's report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of e-Money Markets ApS under tvangspløsning for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

Independent auditor's report

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Non-compliance with the Danish Bookkeeping Act

In our opinion, the Company has not complied with the Danish Bookkeeping Act requirements that bookkeeping procedures must be planned and performed in accordance with good bookkeeping practice and in consideration of the nature and size of the entity.

The Company's Management may incur liability for non-compliance with the Danish Bookkeeping Act.

Non-compliance with Danish tax legislation

The Company has not filed its tax return for the 2021 fiscal year within the deadline for submission, thus breaching Danish tax legislation, and Management may incur liability in this respect.

Non-compliance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act regarding submission of annual reports

The Company has not observed the deadline for submission of the annual report for 2021. Management may incur liability in this respect.

Independent auditor's report

Copenhagen, 12 October 2022

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Company reg. no. 30 70 02 28

Anders Duedahl-Olesen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne24732

Company information

The company

e-Money Markets ApS under tvangsopløsning
Dampfærgevej 27, 5.
2100 København Ø

Company reg. no. 39 44 90 48
Domicile: Copenhagen
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Executive board

Martin Dyring-Andersen, Director
Henrik Aasted Sørensen, Director

Auditors

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
Dirch Passers Allé 36
2000 Frederiksberg

Parent company

Block Finance A/S

Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The company's core activity is, to act as a liquidity provider ("market maker") for tokenized assets and currencies on a variety of exchanges.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross loss for the year totals DKK -775.491 against DKK -25.829 last year. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK -673.484 against DKK -16.398 last year. Management considers the net loss for the year unsatisfactory.

As prior years, a significant portion of the company's crypto assets are held on blockchains in the Cosmos ecosystem.

The Cosmos technology stack has been in active development since 2017 and is used in a growing number of projects due to very desirable scalability and security properties. While buildout and adoption of these blockchains continue to grow, support in popular crypto accounting services such as CoinTracking is still lacking.

The company saw a significant and positive increase in activities and transactions related to crypto assets during the year.

A majority of these were on Cosmos blockchains, which necessitated the development of in-house software to extract blockchain data and provide transaction-level visibility for accounting and tax calculation purposes.

This work was ongoing in 2021/2022, but was unfortunately not concluded in time to hand in the Annual Statement before the deadline.

While the development was ongoing, the management continued to have access to current reports of crypto asset balances and could thus continuously assess the overall health of the company.

The management is pleased to note that this development effort has now concluded and this no longer an area of concern.

Capital loss

The company has lost more than 50% of its contributed capital.

The company has received liquidity commitment from e-Money A/S in order to fulfill budget and plan until 31 December 2022.

The management expects to restore the contributed capital by future profits from the company's operations.

Management's review

As a result, management considers the business to be a going concern, and the financial statements have been prepared on that basis.

Events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date that may have a significant influence on the assessment of the annual report.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Gross profit	-775.491	-25.829
3 Other financial expenses	-87.963	0
Pre-tax net profit or loss	-863.454	-25.829
4 Tax on net profit or loss for the year	189.970	9.431
Net profit or loss for the year	-673.484	-16.398
 Proposed appropriation of net profit:		
Allocated from retained earnings	-673.484	-16.398
Total allocations and transfers	-673.484	-16.398

Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Assets		2021	2020
Note			
Current assets			
Crypto assets		5.448.011	0
Total inventories		5.448.011	0
Receivables from group companies		79.730	8.212
Tax receivables from group companies		189.970	9.431
Total receivables		269.700	17.643
Cash and cash equivalents		256.270	0
Total current assets		5.973.981	17.643
Total assets		5.973.981	17.643

Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities

Note	2021	2020
Equity		
Contributed capital		
Retained earnings	50.000	50.000
Total equity	-729.091	-55.606
	-679.091	-5.606
Liabilities other than provisions		
Trade payables	35.001	23.249
Payables to group companies	6.618.071	0
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	6.653.072	23.249
Total liabilities other than provisions	6.653.072	23.249
Total equity and liabilities	5.973.981	17.643

1 Uncertainties concerning recognition and measurement

5 Charges and security

6 Contingencies

Statement of changes in equity

All amounts in DKK.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2021	50.000	-55.607	-5.607
Retained earnings for the year	0	-673.484	-673.484
	50.000	-729.091	-679.091

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

1. Uncertainties concerning recognition and measurement

The company has lost more than 50% of its contributed capital.

The company has received liquidity commitment from e-Money A/S in order to fulfill budget and plan until 31 December 2022.

The management expects to restore the contributed capital by future profits from the company's operations.

As a result, management considers the business to be a going concern, and the financial statements have been prepared on that basis.

2. Staff costs

The company has no employees.

3. Other financial expenses

	2021	2020
Financial costs, group enterprises	87.963	0
Other financial costs	0	0
	87.963	0

4. Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax on net profit or loss for the year	-189.970	-9.431
Adjustment of deferred tax for the year	0	0
	-189.970	-9.431

5. Charges and security

The company has no charges or securities.

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

6. Contingencies

Joint taxation

With VRTY Capital ApS, company reg. no 29 92 86 06 as administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for the total corporation tax.

The jointly taxed enterprises' total known net liability to the Danish tax authorities emerges from the financial statements of the administration company.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withholding tax, etc., may result in changes in the company's liabilities.

Accounting policies

The annual report for e-Money Markets ApS under tvangspløsning has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, allowing a constant effective interest rate to be recognised during the useful life of the asset or liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost less any payments, plus/less accrued amortisations of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the useful life of the liability.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials. If currency positions are considered to hedge future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity in a fair value reserve.

Receivables, payables, and other foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or initial recognition in the latest financial statements of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

Accounting policies

Income statement

Gross loss

Gross loss comprises the revenue and external costs.

Income is recognised based on tokens received from liquidity services provided, when tokens are exchanged to FIAT currencies at fair value.

Cost of sales is recognised based on tokens sold, when tokens are exchanged to FIAT currencies at fair value.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for administration.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, debt and transactions in foreign currency.

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

The company is subject to Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportional to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

Statement of financial position

Inventories

Cryptocurrencies

Inventories including cryptocurrencies are measured at cost based on the FIFO method. If the net realisation value, i.e. the market price, of inventories is lower than the cost price, it shall be written down for impairment to this lower value.

Cost includes acquisition cost plus any related purchase costs.

The net realisation value is calculated as a selling price, i.e. the market price less costs incurred to effectuate sales. The net realisation value is determined with due consideration to negotiability and developments in the expected selling price.

Accounting policies

Sale of cryptocurrencies is recognised as turnover with an accompanying 'cost of sales'.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Cash on hand and demand deposits

Cash on hand and demand deposits comprise cash at bank and on hand.

Liabilities other than provisions

Financial liabilities other than provisions related to borrowings are recognised at the received proceeds less transaction costs incurred. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value when using the effective interest rate. The difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement during the term of the loan.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Dette dokument er underskrevet af nedenstående parter, der med deres underskrift har bekræftet dokumentets indhold samt alle datoer i dokumentet.

This document is signed by the following parties with their signatures confirming the documents content and all dates in the document.

Martin Dyring-Andersen

Som Direktør
PID: 9208-2002-2-650891511795
Dato for underskrift: 12-10-2022
Underskrevet med NemID

NEM ID

Henrik Aasted Sørensen

Som Direktør
PID: 9208-2002-2-746717288508
Dato for underskrift: 12-10-2022
Underskrevet med NemID

NEM ID

Anders Duedahl-Olesen

Som Revisor
RID: 1267520507476
Dato for underskrift: 12-10-2022
Underskrevet med NemID

NEM ID

Martin Dyring-Andersen

Som Dirigent
PID: 9208-2002-2-650891511795
Dato for underskrift: 12-10-2022
Underskrevet med NemID

NEM ID

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