

e-Money Markets ApS

Hammerensgade 1, 2., 1267 København K

Company reg. no. 39 44 90 48

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2023

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 2 May 2024.

Martin Dyring-Andersen Chairman of the meeting



Contents

	Page
Reports	
Management's statement	1
Independent auditor's report	2
Management's review	
Company information	5
Management's review	6
Financial statements 1 January - 31 December 2023	
Income statement	7
Balance sheet	8
Statement of changes in equity	10
Notes	11
Accounting policies	12

Notes

- $\bullet \ \ \text{To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used. } \\$
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.



Management's statement

Today, the Executive Board has approved the annual report of e-Money Markets ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 2 May 2024

Executive board

Martin Dyring-Andersen

Henrik Aasted Sørensen



Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholder of e-Money Markets ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of e-Money Markets ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Company. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for conclusion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 2 May 2024

Baagøe | Schou

State Authorised Public Accountants Company reg. no. 21 14 81 48

Torben B. Petersen State Authorised Public Accountant mne34097



Company information

The company e-Money Markets ApS

Hammerensgade 1, 2. 1267 København K

Company reg. no. 39 44 90 48 Domicile: Copenhagen

Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Executive board Martin Dyring-Andersen

Henrik Aasted Sørensen

Auditors Baagøe | Schou

statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab

Fiolstræde 44, 3. th. 1171 København K

Parent companyBlock Finance A/S



Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The company's core activity is, to act as a liquidity provider ("market maker") for tokenized assets and currencies on a variety of exchanges.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross profit for the year totals DKK 356.652 against DKK -1.486.723 last year. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK 356.652 against DKK -1.346.946 last year. Management considers the net profit or loss for the year satisfactory.

The company have begun shutting down activities, which is why the level of activity has fallen and the balance sheet has been significantly reduced

Events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date that may have a significant influence on the assessment of the annual report.



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

Not	<u>e</u>	2023	2022
	Gross profit	356.652	-1.486.723
	Other financial income	0	122.749
	Pre-tax net profit or loss	356.652	-1.363.974
1	Tax on net profit or loss for the year	0	17.028
	Net profit or loss for the year	356.652	-1.346.946
	Proposed distribution of net profit:		
	Transferred to retained earnings	356.652	0
	Allocated from retained earnings	0	-1.346.946
	Total allocations and transfers	356.652	-1.346.946



Balance sheet at 31 December

Α	sse	ts

Note	2023	2022
Current assets		
Crypto assets	607.954	10.039.432
Total inventories	607.954	10.039.432
Receivables from group companies	188.489	171.461
Tax receivables from group companies	0	17.028
Total receivables	188.489	188.489
Total current assets	796.443	10.227.921
Total assets	796.443	10.227.921



Balance sheet at 31 December

Equity a	nd liabilities
-----------------	----------------

Equity and natifices		
<u>e</u>	2023	2022
Equity		
Contributed capital	60.000	60.000
Retained earnings	360.615	3.963
Total equity	420.615	63.963
Liabilities other than provisions Bank loans	263.490	10.076.290
	262.400	40.056.000
Trade payables	25.000	25.000
Payables to group companies	87.338	62.668
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	375.828	10.163.958
Total liabilities other than provisions	375.828	10.163.958
Total equity and liabilities	796.443	10.227.921

- 2 Charges and security
- 3 Contingencies



Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2022	60.000	3.963	63.963
Retained earnings for the year	0	356.652	356.652
	60.000	360.615	420.615



Notes

All amounts in DKK.

		2023	2022
1.	Tax on net profit or loss for the year		
	Tax on net profit or loss for the year	0	-17.028
	Adjustment of deferred tax for the year	0	0
		0	-17.028

2. Charges and security

The company has no charges or securities.

3. Contingencies

Contingent assets

The company has a non-activated deferred tax asset of DKK 198 thousand.

Joint taxation

With VRTY Capital ApS, company reg. no 29 92 86 06 as administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and is proportionally liable for tax claims within the joint taxation scheme.

The liabilities amount to a maximum amount corresponding to the share of the company capital, which is owned directly or indirectly by the ultimate parent company.

The jointly taxed enterprises' total known net liability to the Danish tax authorities emerges from the financial statements of the administration company.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withholding tax, etc., may result in changes in the company's liabilities.



Accounting policies

The annual report for e-Money Markets ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, allowing a constant effective interest rate to be recognised during the useful life of the asset or liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost less any payments, plus/less accrued amortisations of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the useful life of the liability.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials. If currency positions are considered to hedge future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity in a fair value reserve.

Receivables, payables, and other foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or initial recognition in the latest financial statements of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement under financial income and expenses.



Accounting policies

Income statement

Gross profit

Gross loss comprises the revenue, cost of sales and external costs.

Income is recognised based on tokens recieved from liquidity services provided, when tokens are exchanged to FIAT currencies at fair value.

Cost of sales is recognised based on tokens sold, when tokens are exchanged to FIAT currencies at fair value.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for administration.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, debt and transactions in foreign currency.

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

The company is subject to Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportional to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

Statement of financial position

Inventories

Cryptocurrencies

Inventories including cryptocurrencies are measured at cost based on the FIFO method. If the net realisation value, i.e. the market price, of inventories is lower than the cost price, it shall be written down for impairment to this lower value.

Cost includes acquisition cost plus any related purchase costs.

The net realisation value is calculated as a selling price, i.e. the market price less costs incurred to effectuate sales. The net realisation value is determined with due consideration to negotiability and developments in the expected selling price.



Accounting policies

Sale of cryptocurrencies is recognised as turnover with an accompanying 'cost of sales'.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

The company is jointly taxed with consolidated Danish companies. The current corporate income tax is distributed between the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income and with full distribution with reimbursement as to tax losses. The jointly taxed companies are comprised by the Danish tax prepayment scheme.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as "Tax receivables from group enterprises" or "Income tax payable to group enterprises"

According to the rules of joint taxation, e-Money Markets ApS is proportionally liable to pay the Danish tax authorities the total income tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties, and dividends, arising from the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Adjustments take place in relation to deferred tax concerning elimination of unrealised intercompany gains and losses.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities other than provisions

Financial liabilities other than provisions related to borrowings are recognised at the received proceeds less transaction costs incurred. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value when using the effective interest rate. The difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement during the term of the loan.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

This document has esignatur Agreement-ID: be2c51zzwuw251766051

Henrik Aasted Sørensen

Navnet returneret af dansk MitID var: Henrik Aasted Sørensen Direktør

ID: 7a5ebe2b-5d0a-496e-a18e-696840a99463 CPR-match med dansk MitID Dato for underskrift: 07-05-2024 Underskrevet med MitID

Mit 10

Torben B. Petersen

Navnet returneret af dansk MitlD var: Torben Brun Petersen Statsautoriseret revisor

ID: 13b6ff29-af3f-4047-b1bc-9aff9c6338cb CVR-match med dansk MitID Dato for underskrift: 07-05-2024 Underskrevet med MitID

Mit 10

Martin Dyring-Andersen

Navnet returneret af dansk MitID var: NAVNE & ADRESSEBESKYTTET Direktør

ID: 184a9484-4d5d-4fe5-8f8e-c96c3507662c CPR-match med dansk MitID Dato for underskrift: 07-05-2024 Underskrevet med MitID

Mit 10

Martin Dyring-Andersen

Navnet returneret af dansk MitID var: NAVNE & ADRESSEBESKYTTET Dirigent

ID: 184a9484-4d5d-4fe5-8f8e-c96c3507662c CPR-match med dansk MitID Dato for underskrift: 08-05-2024 Underskrevet med MitID

Mit 1

This document is signed with esignatur. Embedded in the document is the original agreement document and a signed data object for each signatory. The signed data object contains a mathematical hash value calculated from the original agreement document, which secures that the signatures is related to precisely this document only. Prove for the originality and validity of signatures can always be lifted as legal evidence.

The document is locked for changes and all cryptographic signature certificates are embedded in this PDF. The signatures therefore comply with all public recommendations and laws for digital signatures. With esignatur's solution, it is ensured that all European laws are respected in relation to sensitive information and valid digital signatures. If you would like more information about digital documents signed with esignatur, please visit our website at www.esignatur.dk.

