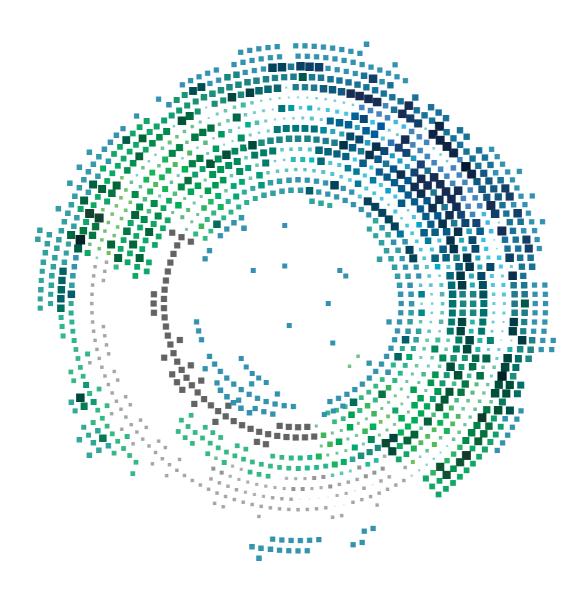
## Deloitte.



## **BE WTR ApS**

Rygårds Allé 133 2900 Hellerup CVR No. 39400936

## Annual report 2020

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 30.03.2021

#### **Michael Hecker**

Chairman of the General Meeting

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BE WTR ApS | Entity details

## **Entity details**

#### **Entity**

BE WTR ApS Rygårds Allé 133 2900 Hellerup

CVR No.: 39400936

Registered office: København

Financial year: 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020

#### **Board of Directors**

Michael Hecker, chairman Asger Norup Rothenborg Flemming Lyngholm Simon Justin Claeys

#### **Executive Board**

Michael Hecker, director

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

## **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of BE WTR ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 30.03.2021

**Executive Board** 

**Michael Hecker** 

director

**Board of Directors** 

**Michael Hecker** 

chairman

**Asger Norup Rothenborg** 

Flemming Lyngholm

**Simon Justin Claeys** 

## Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of BE WTR ApS

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of BE WTR ApS for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2020 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2020 - 31.12.2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

København, 30.03.2021

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

#### Bjørn Winkler Jakobsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne32127

#### **Hans Tauby**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne44339

## **Management commentary**

#### **Primary activities**

The Company's primary activity consists of providing water solutions and related products.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

The income statement for 2020 shows a loss of DKK 833,404 which is considered unsatisfactory by Management.

Our gross margin has decreased due to lower export sale to sister companies, however the sales from the Danish operating activity sales has increased with gross profit from the Danish operation growing by 92%, excluding inventory regulations.

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

The outbreak of coronavirus/COVID-19 is still a current event in the months after 31.12.2020. The outbreak has resulted in a series of precautions, that affects the daily operations, both for the Company, suppliers, customers and other business partners. The economical effect cannot be measured at this time.

No other events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Income statement for 2020**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss	1	111,170	806,613
Staff costs	2	(980,717)	(1,654,452)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	3	(171,675)	(75,912)
Operating profit/loss		(1,041,222)	(923,751)
Other financial income	4	20,995	31,833
Other financial expenses	5	(48,177)	(78,807)
Profit/loss before tax		(1,068,404)	(970,725)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	6	235,000	213,474
Profit/loss for the year		(833,404)	(757,251)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(833,404)	(757,251)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(833,404)	(757,251)

## **Balance sheet at 31.12.2020**

#### **Assets**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		741,720	658,466
Property, plant and equipment	7	741,720	658,466
Deposits		99,840	78,080
Deferred tax		200,000	0
Financial assets		299,840	78,080
Fixed assets		1,041,560	736,546
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		1,260,513	1,169,036
Inventories		1,260,513	1,169,036
Trade receivables		390,736	505,038
Receivables from group enterprises		647,147	1,644,525
Other receivables		0	43,491
Joint taxation contribution receivable		0	233,474
Receivables		1,037,883	2,426,528
Cash		0	65,919
Current assets		2,298,396	3,661,483
Assets		3,339,956	4,398,029

#### **Equity and liabilities**

		2020	2019
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		557,953	1,391,357
Equity		607,953	1,441,357
Deferred tax		0	35,000
Provisions		0	35,000
Other payables		88,397	38,500
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	8	88,397	38,500
Prepayments received from customers		369,914	300,070
Trade payables		344,935	1,254,850
Payables to group enterprises		1,732,679	1,235,894
Other payables		196,078	92,358
Current liabilities other than provisions		2,643,606	2,883,172
Liabilities other than provisions		2,732,003	2,921,672
Equity and liabilities		3,339,956	4,398,029

Contingent liabilities

# Statement of changes in equity for 2020

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	1,391,357	1,441,357
Profit/loss for the year	0	(833,404)	(833,404)
Equity end of year	50,000	557,953	607,953

BE WTR ApS | Notes

## **Notes**

#### 1 Gross profit/loss

The company has recieved compensation from the Danish Government due the coronavirus outbreak. The company has recieved 56.129 DKK in compensation for repatriated staff.

Revenue is based on annual reccuring revenues from existing contracts. Revenue from existing contracts to 594.320 DKK in the financial year 2020.

Turnover outside group sales has increased by 68%.

#### 2 Staff costs

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	906,600	1,373,562
Pension costs	61,782	84,584
Other social security costs	9,209	9,916
Other staff costs	3,126	186,390
	980,717	1,654,452
Average number of full-time employees	1	1
3 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		
	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	171,675	75,912
	171,675	75,912
4 Other financial income		
	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Financial income from group enterprises	19,989	31,833
Other financial income	1,006	0
	20,995	31,833
5 Other financial expenses		
	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	41,282	72,041
Other financial expenses	6,895	6,766

78,807

48,177

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#### 6 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Change in deferred tax	(235,000)	20,000
Refund in joint taxation arrangement	0	(233,474)
	(235,000)	(213,474)

Other fixtures

#### 7 Property, plant and equipment

	and fittings,	
	tools and	
	equipment	
	DKK	
Cost beginning of year	757,708	
Additions	254,929	
Cost end of year	1,012,637	
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(99,242)	
Depreciation for the year	(171,675)	
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(270,917)	
Carrying amount end of year	741,720	

#### 8 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due after more than 12
	months
	2020
	DKK
Other payables	88,397
	88,397

Other payables due after more han 5 years amounts to 0 DKK.

#### **9 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Premium Coffee Denmark ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

#### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer.

#### Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities including Covid19 help aid packages.

#### **Cost of sales**

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

#### Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Property, plant and equipment

Tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

3-5 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### **Deferred** tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs. Cost of manufactured goods and work in progress consists of costs of raw materials, consumables, direct labour costs and indirect production costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

#### **Prepayments received from customers**

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.