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TIFFANY & CO. DENMARK APS
c/o Illum Department Store,
Østergade 52,
1100 København K

Annual report for 2023

Adopted at the annual general meeting on
28 June 2024

DocuSigned by:

Rikke Schiøtt Petersen

17B92A607BB846A

chairman

Rikke Schiøtt Petersen

CVR-nr. 39 35 02 46

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STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT ON THE ANNUAL REPORT

The supervisory board and executive board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Tiffany & Co. Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 27 June 2024

Executive board

Alexandre Rodrigues Frota
Director

Supervisory board

Gavin Scott Haig
chairman

Kolia Neveux

Anthony Michel Patrick Ledru

Catherine Wen Hwa So



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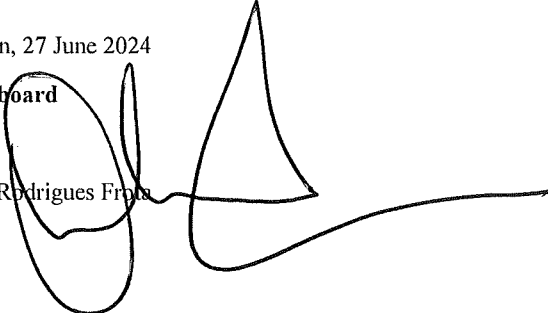
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Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 27 June 2024

Executive board

Alexandre Rodrigues Frim
Director

A large, stylized handwritten signature in black ink, starting with a large loop and extending to the right.

Supervisory board

Gavin Scott Haig
chairman

Anthony Michel Patrick Ledru

Catherine Wen Hwa So

Kolia Neveux

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of several sharp, intersecting lines.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder of Tiffany & Co. Denmark ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Tiffany & Co. Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Copenhagen, 27 June 2024

MAZARS

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 31 06 17 41



Monica Häckert Raavig

State Authorized Public Accountant

mne48484

COMPANY DETAILS

The company	Tiffany & Co. Denmark ApS c/o Illum Department Store Østergade 52 1100 København K
	CVR no.: 39 35 02 46
	Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2023
	Domicile: Copenhagen
Supervisory board	Gavin Scott Haig, chairman Anthony Michel Patrick Ledru Catherine Wen Hwa So Kolia Neveux
Executive board	Alexandre Rodrigues Frota, director
Auditors	Mazars Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Midtermolen 1, 2.tv. 2100 København Ø

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Business review

The Company's principal activity during the year was the sale of jewellery and related luxury goods.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2023 shows a profit of DKK 372.321, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows equity of DKK 8.353.343.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

ANVENDT REGNSKABSPRAKSIS

The annual report of Tiffany & Co. Denmark ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2023 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Costs of raw materials and consumables include the raw materials and consumables used in generating the year's revenue.

ANVENDT REGNSKABSPRAKSIS

Other external costs

Other external costs include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise the year's depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Useful life	Residual value
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-5 years	0 %
Leasehold improvements	5 years	0 %

The useful life and residual value are re-assessed annually. A change is accounted for as an accounting estimate, and the impact on amortisation/depreciation is recognised going forward.

ANVENDT REGNSKABSPRAKSIS

Stocks

Stocks are measured at cost using the weighted average method. Where the net realisable value is lower than the cost, inventories are recognised at this lower value.

The net realisable value of stocks is calculated as the expected selling price less direct costs of completion and expenses incurred to effect the sale. The net realisable value is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and expected selling price movements.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets, items of property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiaries, associates and participating interests is tested annually for impairment, other than what is reflected through normal amortisation and depreciation.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

RESULTATOPGØRELSE 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> DKK	<u>2022</u> DKK
Gross profit		7.440.913	8.235.874
Staff costs	2	-4.662.639	-4.514.439
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment		<u>-1.430.003</u>	<u>-2.572.707</u>
Profit/loss before net financials		1.348.271	1.148.728
Financial income		50.306	10.648
Financial costs	3	<u>-1.019.265</u>	<u>-355.502</u>
Profit/loss before tax		379.312	803.874
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	<u>-6.991</u>	<u>-40.535</u>
Profit/loss for the year		<u>372.321</u>	<u>763.339</u>
Retained earnings		<u>372.321</u>	<u>763.339</u>
		<u>372.321</u>	<u>763.339</u>

BALANCE 31 DECEMBER

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> DKK	<u>2022</u> DKK
ASSETS			
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5	2.051.543	504.031
Leasehold improvements	5	64.375	918.561
Tangible assets		<u>2.115.918</u>	<u>1.422.592</u>
Deferred tax assets		0	137.714
Fixed asset investments		<u>0</u>	<u>137.714</u>
Total non-current assets		<u>2.115.918</u>	<u>1.560.306</u>
Finished goods and goods for resale		19.914.106	18.606.751
Stocks		<u>19.914.106</u>	<u>18.606.751</u>
Receivables from group entities		9.234.124	10.335.793
Other receivables		7.171.097	6.463.965
Deferred tax asset		176.629	0
Corporation tax		126.106	0
Prepayments		1.341.904	0
Receivables		<u>18.049.860</u>	<u>16.799.758</u>
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>3.947.599</u>	<u>10.176.144</u>
Total current assets		<u>41.911.565</u>	<u>45.582.653</u>
Total assets		<u><u>44.027.483</u></u>	<u><u>47.142.959</u></u>

BALANCE 31 DECEMBER

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> DKK	<u>2022</u> DKK
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital		50.000	50.000
Retained earnings		<u>8.303.343</u>	<u>7.931.022</u>
Equity		<u>8.353.343</u>	<u>7.981.022</u>
Payables to group entities		<u>29.141.901</u>	<u>29.769.566</u>
Total non-current liabilities		<u>29.141.901</u>	<u>29.769.566</u>
Trade payables		930.450	458.823
Payables to group entities		320.361	1.451.746
Corporation tax		0	192.234
Other payables		4.827.771	7.289.568
Deposits		<u>453.657</u>	<u>0</u>
Total current liabilities		<u>6.532.239</u>	<u>9.392.371</u>
Total liabilities		<u>35.674.140</u>	<u>39.161.937</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>44.027.483</u>	<u>47.142.959</u>
Contingent liabilities	6		
Related parties and ownership structure	7		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	<u>Share capital</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Equity	50.000	7.931.022	7.981.022
Net profit/loss for the year	0	372.321	372.321
Equity	<u>50.000</u>	<u>8.303.343</u>	<u>8.353.343</u>

NOTES

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	DKK	DKK
1 OTHER OPERATING INCOME		
Covid-19 compensation	0	-31.433
	<u>0</u>	<u>-31.433</u>
2 STAFF COSTS		
Wages and salaries	4.379.058	4.164.649
Pensions	320.280	331.866
Other social security costs	18.366	17.924
Other staff costs	-55.065	0
	<u>4.662.639</u>	<u>4.514.439</u>
Number of fulltime employees on average	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>
3 FINANCIAL COSTS		
Interest paid to group entities	1.011.043	253.719
Other financial costs	8.222	7.070
Exchange loss	0	94.713
	<u>1.019.265</u>	<u>355.502</u>
4 TAX ON PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR		
Current tax for the year	146.037	289.234
Deferred tax for the year	-38.915	-90.723
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	-100.131	-157.976
	<u>6.991</u>	<u>40.535</u>

NOTES

5 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	Leasehold improvements
Cost	7.032.285	7.890.653
Additions for the year	2.128.945	0
Cost	<u>9.161.230</u>	<u>7.890.653</u>
Impairment losses and depreciation	6.533.868	6.972.092
Depreciation for the year	575.819	854.186
Impairment losses and depreciation	<u>7.109.687</u>	<u>7.826.278</u>
Carrying amount	<u><u>2.051.543</u></u>	<u><u>64.375</u></u>

6 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Within 1 year	11.720.000	1.117.500
Between 1 and 5 years	36.250.000	36.250.000
Above 5 years	21.750.000	27.791.667
	<u>69.720.000</u>	<u>65.159.167</u>

7 RELATED PARTIES AND OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

Consolidated financial statements

The company is reflected in the group report as the parent company The ultimate parent undertaking is LVMH Moët Hennessy-Louis Vuitton SE, a European company incorporated in France. LVMH Moët Hennessy-Louis Vuitton SE is the ultimate parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of LVMH Group are publicly available and can be obtained from the public website address <https://www.lvmh.com/investors/investors-and-analysts/publications/>