

GG Engvej 155 Holding 1 ApS

Østergade 1, 1.
1100 København K
Business Registration No
39348896

Annual report 16.02.2018 - 31.12.2018

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 24.05.2019

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Thomas Færch

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Entity details

Entity

GG Engvej 155 Holding 1 ApS
Østergade 1, 1.
1100 København K

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 39348896

Registered in: København

Financial year: 16.02.2018 - 31.12.2018

Executive Board

Thomas Færch, CEO

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Weidekampsgade 6
Postboks 1600
0900 København C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of GG Engvej 155 Holding 1 ApS for the financial year 16.02.2018 - 31.12.2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 16.02.2018 - 31.12.2018.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 24.05.2019

Executive Board

Thomas Færch
CEO

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of GG Engvej 155 Holding 1 ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of GG Engvej 155 Holding 1 ApS for the financial year 16.02.2018 - 31.12.2018, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 16.02.2018 - 31.12.2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 24.05.2019

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Central Business Registration No (CVR) 33963556

Lars Andersen
State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne27762

Management commentary

Primary activities

The principle activities of the company are commerce with real estate or real estate companies and related activities.

Development in activities and finances

The result from ordinary activities after tax is a loss of DKK 33.815. The management consider the result as expected.

The company has lost more than half of the contributed capital and is therefore subject to the Company Act §119. The company expects to restore the capital through future earnings.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018 DKK</u>
Gross profit/loss		(40.625)
Other financial expenses	2	<u>(1.945)</u>
Profit/loss before tax		(42.570)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	<u>8.755</u>
Profit/loss for the year		<u>(33.815)</u>
Proposed distribution of profit/loss		
Retained earnings		<u>(33.815)</u>
		<u>(33.815)</u>

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018 DKK</u>
Investments in group enterprises		21.499
Deferred tax		<u>8.755</u>
Fixed asset investments	4	<u>30.254</u>
Fixed assets		<u>30.254</u>
Cash	5	<u>49.915</u>
Current assets		<u>49.915</u>
Assets		<u>80.169</u>

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>DKK</u>
Contributed capital		50.000
Retained earnings		<u>(33.815)</u>
Equity		<u>16.185</u>
Payables to group enterprises		23.359
Other payables		<u>40.625</u>
Current liabilities other than provisions		<u>63.984</u>
Liabilities other than provisions		<u>63.984</u>
Equity and liabilities		<u>80.169</u>
Staff costs	1	
Contingent liabilities	6	
Group relations	7	

Statement of changes in equity for 2018

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Contributed upon formation	50.000	0	50.000
Profit/loss for the year	0	(33.815)	(33.815)
Equity end of year	50.000	(33.815)	16.185

Notes

	<u>2018</u>
1. Staff costs	
Average number of employees	<u>0</u>

	<u>2018</u>
	<u>DKK</u>
2. Other financial expenses	
Financial expenses from group enterprises	1.860
Other interest expenses	<u>85</u>
	<u>1.945</u>

	<u>2018</u>
	<u>DKK</u>
3. Tax on profit/loss for the year	
Change in deferred tax	<u>(8.755)</u>
	<u>(8.755)</u>

	<u>Invest- ments in group enterprises DKK</u>	<u>Deferred tax DKK</u>
4. Fixed asset investments		
Additions	<u>21.499</u>	<u>8.755</u>
Cost end of year	<u>21.499</u>	<u>8.755</u>
Carrying amount end of year	<u>21.499</u>	<u>8.755</u>

	<u>Corpo- rate form</u>	<u>Equity inte- rest %</u>
Investments in group enterprises comprise:		
GG Engvej 155 Holding ApS	Copenhagen	ApS
		100,0

Notes

5. Cash

Cash includes DKK 49.915 where the use is restricted for specific purposes, such as interest payments, project development or construction or pledged as security.

6. Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Gefion Group A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

7. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group:

Gefion Group A/S, Copenhagen

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Gefion Group A/S, Copenhagen

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Accounting policies

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.