

Better Energy Vollerup Estate ApS

Fynsgade 2

6400 Sønderborg

CVR No. 39322722

Annual report 2019

2. financial year

The annual report was presented and adopted at the annual general meeting of the company on 24 June 2020

Ho Kei Au
Chairman of the general meeting

Better Energy Vollerup Estate ApS

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Management's Statement

Today, the Executive Board has considered and approved the annual report of Better Energy Vollerup Estate ApS for the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019.

In our opinion, the management's review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

The conditions for not conducting an audit of the financial statement have been met.

We recommend the annual report be adopted at the annual general meeting.

Frederiksberg, 24 June 2020

Executive Board

Ho Kei Au
Director

Annette Egede Nylander
Director

Anders Knokgaard Nielsen
Director

Better Energy Vollerup Estate ApS

Company details

Company	Better Energy Vollerup Estate ApS Fynsgade 2 6400 Sønderborg
CVR No.	39322722
Date of formation	2 February 2018
Executive Board	Ho Kei Au, Director Annette Egede Nylander, Director Anders Knokgaard Nielsen, Director

Management's Review

The company's principal activities

The primary purpose of the company is to lease, purchase, own and manage real estate and other related activities.

Development in activities and financial matters

The company's income statement of the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019 shows a result of DKK 10.603 and the balance sheet at 31 December 2019 a balance sheet total of DKK 8.335.716 and an equity of DKK -22.669.

Post financial year events

After the end of the financial year, no events have occurred which may change the financial position of the entity substantially.

Material changes in the company's operations and financial matters

The company has lost its share capital. The company expects that the share capital can be re-established through own profits or through capital increases from the owners.

Accounting Policies

Reporting class

The annual report of Better Energy Vollerup Estate ApS for 2019 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, with the adoption of individual rules from class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Reporting currency

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into DKK at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into DKK based on the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet day. Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

General information

Basis of recognition and measurement

The financial statement has been prepared under the historical cost principle.

Income is recognised in the income statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the annual report, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit/loss

Gross profit/loss comprises revenue, production cost, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Accounting Policies

Revenue

Income from delivery of services is recognised on a straight-line basis in net sales, as the service is delivered. Revenue is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of sales discounts.

Other external expenses

Other external costs include costs for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises. loss of debtors, operating leasing costs etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement based on the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenues and expenses, finance charges in respect of finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the tax prepayment scheme.

Dividends from equity investments are recognised as income in the financial year in which the dividends are declared.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax on profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is calculated taking into consideration the residual value of the asset at the end of its useful life, reduced by impairment losses, if any. The depreciation period and the residual value are determined at the data of acquisition. If the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, depreciation is discontinued.

In case of changes in depreciation period or residual value, the effect of a change in depreciation period is recognised prospectively in accounting estimates.

Cost includes the purchase price and expenses directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use. The cost of self-constructed assets includes costs for materials, components, subcontractors, direct payroll costs and indirect production costs.

The cost of composite asset is disaggregated into components, which are separately depreciated if the useful lives of the individual components differ.

Land is not amortised.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

Other receivables

Other receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Accounting Policies

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

Equity

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in the articles of association.

Current tax liabilities

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as calculated tax on the expected taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on taxable income for previous years as well as for tax prepaid.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Mortgage debt is accordingly measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the outstanding balance in case of cash loans. In case of bond loans, amortised cost corresponds to the outstanding balance determined as the underlying cash value of the loans at the time of borrowing adjusted for amortisation of capital losses on the loans over the repayment period.

Other liabilities, comprising deposits, trade payables and other accounts payable, are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Other payables

Other payables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the balance sheet but appear only in the notes.

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Income Statement

	Note	2019 kr.	2018 kr.
Gross profit		423.999	-6
Profit from ordinary operating activities		423.999	-6
Financial expenses	1	-410.406	-106.753
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		13.593	-106.759
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-2.990	23.487
Profit for the year		10.603	-83.272
Proposed distribution of results			
Retained earnings		10.603	-83.272
Distribution of profit		10.603	-83.272

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Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2019 kr.	2018 kr.
Assets			
Land and buildings	3	8.303.312	8.303.312
Property, plant and equipment		8.303.312	8.303.312
Fixed assets			
		8.303.312	8.303.312
Short-term trade receivables		26.812	0
Tax receivables from group enterprises		0	23.487
Other short-term receivables		34	4.759
Receivables		26.846	28.246
Cash and cash equivalents		5.558	577
Current assets		32.404	28.823
Assets		8.335.716	8.332.135

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Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2019 kr.	2018 kr.
Liabilities and equity			
Contributed capital		50.000	50.000
Retained earnings		-72.669	-83.272
Equity		-22.669	-33.272
Trade payables		0	83.796
Payables to group enterprises		8.328.584	8.281.611
Tax payables to group enterprises		2.990	0
Other payables		26.811	0
Short-term liabilities other than provisions		8.358.385	8.365.407
Liabilities other than provisions		8.358.385	8.365.407
Liabilities and equity		8.335.716	8.332.135
Contingent liabilities	4		
Related parties	5		

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Statement of changes in Equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2019	50.000	-83.272	-33.272
Profit (loss)		10.603	10.603
Equity 31 December 2019	50.000	-72.669	-22.669

The company was established 2 February 2018 with a capital of DKK 50.000.

Notes

	2019	2018
1. Financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	410.397	106.611
Other financial expenses	9	142
	<u>410.406</u>	<u>106.753</u>
2. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Corporation tax	-2.990	23.487
	<u>-2.990</u>	<u>23.487</u>
3. Land and buildings		
Cost at the beginning of the year	8.303.312	0
Addition during the year, incl. improvements	0	8.303.312
Cost at the end of the year	<u>8.303.312</u>	<u>8.303.312</u>
Carrying amount at the end of the year	<u>8.303.312</u>	<u>8.303.312</u>

4. Contingent liabilities

The entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Better Energy A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc. for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

5. Related parties

Name and registered office of the parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:
Better Energy A/S, Copenhagen.

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Anders Knokgaard Nielsen

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