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# ***SKFI URBAN HOLDING ApS***

Vester Voldgade 108, DK-1552 København V

## **Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2019**

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CVR No 39 29 20 68

The Annual Report was  
presented and adopted at  
the Annual General  
Meeting of the Company on  
28/8 2020

Torben Agerup  
Chairman of the General  
Meeting



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## **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of SKFI URBAN HOLDING ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2019 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2019.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

København V, 28 August 2020

### **Executive Board**

Torben Agerup

Jeanette Hangaard Thielfoldt

# Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of SKFI URBAN HOLDING ApS

## Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of SKFI URBAN HOLDING ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

## Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstate-

# Independent Auditor's Report

ment, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events

# Independent Auditor's Report

in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 28 August 2020

**PricewaterhouseCoopers**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

*CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Niels Henrik B. Mikkelsen

statsautoriseret revisor

mne16675

## Company Information

### **The Company**

SKFI URBAN HOLDING ApS  
Vester Voldgade 108  
DK-1552 København V

CVR No: 39 29 20 68  
Financial period: 1 January - 31 December  
Municipality of reg. office: København

### **Executive Board**

Torben Agerup  
Jeanette Hangaard Thielfoldt

### **Auditors**

PricewaterhouseCoopers  
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Strandvejen 44  
DK-2900 Hellerup

## **Management's Review**

Financial Statements of SKFI URBAN HOLDING ApS for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

### **Key activities**

The company's main activity consists of acquiring equity investments and hereby related activities.

### **Development in the year**

The income statement of the Company for 2019 shows a profit of DKK 1,583,422, and at 31 December 2019 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 7,397,349.

### **Subsequent events**

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



## Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Income from investments in associates		1.818.000	0
Other external expenses		<u>-17.816</u>	<u>-29.566</u>
<b>Gross profit/loss</b>		<b>1.800.184</b>	<b>-29.566</b>
Other financial expenses	1	<u>-216.762</u>	<u>-206.507</u>
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>1.583.422</b>	<b>-236.073</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>Net profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>1.583.422</b>	<b>-236.073</b>

## Distribution of profit

### Proposed distribution of profit

	0	0
Retained earnings	<u>1.583.422</u>	<u>-236.073</u>
	<b>1.583.422</b>	<b>-236.073</b>

# Balance Sheet 31 December

## Assets

	Note	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Investments in associates	2	12.000.000	12.000.000
<b>Fixed asset investments</b>		<b>12.000.000</b>	<b>12.000.000</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b>12.000.000</b>	<b>12.000.000</b>
<b>Cash at bank and in hand</b>		<b>85.968</b>	<b>48.309</b>
<b>Currents assets</b>		<b>85.968</b>	<b>48.309</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>12.085.968</b>	<b>12.048.309</b>

# Balance Sheet 31 December

## Liabilities and equity

	Note	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Share capital		50.000	50.000
Share premium account		6.000.000	6.000.000
Retained earnings		1.347.349	-236.073
<b>Equity</b>		<b>7.397.349</b>	<b>5.813.927</b>
Payables to group enterprises		4.669.869	6.206.507
<b>Long-term debt</b>	3	<b>4.669.869</b>	<b>6.206.507</b>
Other payables		18.750	27.875
<b>Short-term debt</b>		<b>18.750</b>	<b>27.875</b>
<b>Debt</b>		<b>4.688.619</b>	<b>6.234.382</b>
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>		<b>12.085.968</b>	<b>12.048.309</b>
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## Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital DKK	Share premium account DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity at 1 January	50.000	6.000.000	-236.073	5.813.927
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	1.583.422	1.583.422
<b>Equity at 31 December</b>	<b>50.000</b>	<b>6.000.000</b>	<b>1.347.349</b>	<b>7.397.349</b>

# Notes to the Financial Statements

	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
<b>1 Other financial expenses</b>		
Interest paid to group enterprises	216.762	206.507
	<b>216.762</b>	<b>206.507</b>

## 2 Investments in associates

Cost at 1 January	12.000.000	0
Additions for the year	0	12.000.000
<b>Carrying amount at 31 December</b>	<b>12.000.000</b>	<b>12.000.000</b>

Investments in associates are specified as follows:

Name	Place of registered office	Votes and ownership
HITSA A/S	Kolding	40%

## 3 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

### Payables to group enterprises

After 5 years	4.669.869	6.206.507
Long-term part	4.669.869	6.206.507
Within 1 year	0	0
	<b>4.669.869</b>	<b>6.206.507</b>

## 4 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

### Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities at 31.12.2019.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

## 5 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of SKFI URBAN HOLDING ApS for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The order of the items of the income statement differs from the format prescribed by the Danish Financial Statements Act as the order has been adjusted to the nature of the Company's activities.

The Financial Statements for 2019 are presented in DKK.

### Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

### Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

## 5 Accounting Policies (continued)

### Income Statement

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect production costs and expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

#### Income from investments in associates

Dividends from associates are recognised as income in the income statement when adopted at the General Meeting of the associate. However, dividends relating to earnings in the associate before it was acquired by the Parent Company are set off against the cost of the associate.

#### Financial expenses

Financial expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

### Balance Sheet

#### Investments in associates

Investments in associates are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

#### Equity

#### Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.