DBAG Celero Co-Invest k/s

Skamlingvejen 146, DK-6093 Sjølund

Annual Report for 1 October 2019 - 30 September 2020

CVR No 39 25 31 51

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 16/3 2021

Finn Mortensen Chairman of the General Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of DBAG Celero Co-Invest k/s for the financial year 1 October 2019 - 30 September 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 30 September 2020 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2019/20.

I recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Kolding, 16 March 2021

Executive Board

Celero GP ApS (Finn Mortensen)



Independent Auditor's Report

To the owners of DBAG Celero Co-Invest k/s

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 September 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 October 2019 - 30 September 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of DBAG Celero Co-Invest k/s for the financial year 1 October 2019 - 30 September 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the



Independent Auditor's Report

audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Trekantområdet, 16 March 2021 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Jan Bunk Harbo Larsen State Authorized Public Accountant mne30224 Henrik Forthoft Lind State Authorized Public Accountant mne34169



Company Information

The Company DBAG Celero Co-Invest k/s

Skamlingvejen 146 DK-6093 Sjølund

CVR No: 39 25 31 51

Financial period: 1 October - 30 September

Incorporated: 17 January 2018 Financial year: 3rd financial year Municipality of reg. office: Kolding

Executive Board Celero GP ApS (Finn Mortensen)

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Herredsvej 32 DK-7100 Vejle



Income Statement 1 October - 30 September

	Note	2019/20	2018/19
		DKK	DKK
Other external expenses		-38.530	-22.640
·			
Gross profit/loss		-38.530	-22.640
Income from investments in associates		-4.570.760	-2.949.562
Financial income	2	102.906	229.253
Financial expenses	3	-10.583	0
Profit/loss before tax		-4.516.967	-2.742.949
Tax on profit/loss for the year		0	0
Net profit/loss for the year		-4.516.967	-2.742.949
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		-4.516.967	-2.742.949
		-4.516.967	-2.742.949



Balance Sheet 30 September

	Note	2019/20	2018/19
		DKK	DKK
Assets			
Investments in associates	4	1.826.762	6.352.402
Receivables from associates	5	3.977.009	3.640.338
Fixed asset investments		5.803.771	9.992.740
Fixed assets		5.803.771	9.992.740
Receivables from associates		102.906	347.254
Receivables		102.906	347.254
Cash at bank and in hand		3.830	14.860
Currents assets		106.736	362.114
Assets		5.910.507	10.354.854
Liabilities and equity			
Share capital		80.000	80.000
Share premium account		14.441.179	14.441.179
Retained earnings		-8.688.172	-4.216.325
Equity		5.833.007	10.304.854
Payables to associates		40.000	37.500
Other payables		37.500	12.500
Short-term debt		77.500	50.000
Debt		77.500	50.000
Liabilities and equity		5.910.507	10.354.854
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Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital	Share premium account DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity at 1 October	80.000	14.441.179	-4.216.325	10.304.854
Exchange adjustments	0	0	-183.360	-183.360
Other equity movements	0	0	228.480	228.480
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	-4.516.967	-4.516.967
Equity at 30 September	80.000	14.441.179	-8.688.172	5.833.007



1 Key activities

The object of the Limited Partnership (K/S) is to acquire and administer ownership in shares (financial assets), specifically in Dbag Celero Investment S.á.r.l. The Limited Partnership (K/S) may make capital placement in securities as well as other forms of investments, which are combined naturally with the primary object.

			2019/20	2018/19
2	Financial income		DKK	DKK
_	Thanciai meome			
	Interest received from associates		102.906	224.316
	Exchange gains		0	4.937
			102.906	229.253
	Einemaiel ermanese			
3	Financial expenses			
	Exchange loss		10.583	0
			10.583	0
4	Investments in associates			
	Cost at 1 October		10.801.329	10.801.329
	Cost at 30 September		10.801.329	10.801.329
	Value adjustments at 1 October		-4.448.927	-527.747
	Exchange adjustment		-183.360	178.252
	Net profit/loss for the year		-4.570.760	-2.949.562
	Other equity movements, net		228.480	-1.149.870
	Value adjustments at 30 September		-8.974.567	-4.448.927
	Carrying amount at 30 September		1.826.762	6.352.402
	Investments in associates are specified as follows:			
		Place of registered		Votes and
	Name	office	Share capital	ownership
	Dbag Celero Investment S.á.r.l.	Luxembourg	€ 4.845.548	29,96%



5 Other fixed asset investments

	Receivables from associates
Cost at 1 October	3.640.338
Exchange adjustment	-9.752
Transfers for the year	346.423
Cost at 30 September	3.977.009
Carrying amount at 30 September	3.977.009

6 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

There are no security and contingent liabilitites at 30 September 2020.

7 Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



8 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of DBAG Celero Co-Invest k/s for 2019/20 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The Financial Statements for 2019/20 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.



8 Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise administration costs.

Income from investments in associates

The item "Income from investments in associates" in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

A "Kommanditselskab" (K/S) is tax transparent. Partners are taxed for their part of the profits of the partnership.

Balance Sheet

Investments in associates

Investments in associates are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The item"Investments in associates" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition.

The total net revaluation of investments in associates is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the associates.

Associates with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK o. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of other long term recieveables.



8 Accounting Policies (continued)

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

