

CIEE DENMARK APS Købmagergade 62, 1. 1150 København K

Annual report for 2019

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 31 August 2020

Karin Møller chairman

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STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT ON THE ANNUAL REPORT

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of CIEE Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends to the company in general meeting that the financial statements for 2020 are not to be audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 31 August 2020

Executive board

Timothy Propp Timothy Allen Propp

CEO

Karin Klitgaard Møller

The company in general meeting has resolved that the financial statements for the coming financial year are not be audited.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the shareholder of CIEE Denmark ApS

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of CIEE Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019, which comprise, income statement, balance sheet, notes and summary of significant accounting policies.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the accompanying financial statements. We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard relating to Engagements to Review Historical Financial Statements and additional requirements under Danish Auditor regulation. This requires us to conclude whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial statements, taken as a whole, are not prepared in all material respects in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. This requires us also to comply with relevant ethical requirements.

A review of financial statements in accordance with the International Standard relating to Engagements to Review Historical Financial Statements is a limited assurance engagement. The auditor performs procedures primarily consisting of making inquiries of management and others within the entity, as appropriate, and applying analytical procedures, and evaluates the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in a review are substantially less than those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on these financial statements.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The Company is registered for VAT but have reported zero declarations to the tax authorities. Deductable VAT (købsmoms) for 2019 is estimated to TDKK 1,344. The Company has initiated legal investigation to clarify the registration obligations with the tax authorities. The financial statements have been presented including VAT. If VAT had been deducted, it would have had a positive net effect on profit and equity. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts are necessary.

Qualified Opinion

Based on our review, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for qualified opinion" section, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial statements do not give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019 or of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

Emphasis of matter

We wish to note that the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is associated with material uncertainty. We refer to note 1 in the financial statements, which reflects that the Company's ability to continue as a going concern depends on whether the organization regain activity after corona crisis. Management does not yet have an overview of the effect and possible consequences, and it remains uncertain what kind of initiatives are being taken to mitigate the crises. Liabilities which may arise should the activities continue to be set on hold have not been recognised in the financial statements. We have not modified our opinion in respect of this matter

Copenhagen, 31 August 2020

MAZARS

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 31 06 17/41

Pia Lillebæk

statsautoriseret revisor MNE no. mne30257

COMPANY DETAILS

The company CIEE Denmark ApS

CIEE Denmark ApS Købmagergade 62, 1. 1150 København K

CVR no.: 39 22 29 30

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2019

Domicile: Copenhagen

Executive board Timothy Allen Propp, CEO

Cary Alan Nathenson, director Karin Klitgaard Møller, director

Auditors Mazars

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Midtermolen 1, 2.tv. 2100 København Ø

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Business review

The purpose of the company is to conduct business with trade, service and production, as well as all activities that, in the opinion of the Executive Board, are related to this.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2019 shows a profit of DKK 357.903, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2019 shows equity of DKK 414.961.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

The consequences of COVID-19, in which many governments around the world have decided to "shut down the countries", are of big importance to the world economy. CIEE's exposure to these risks is direct, as students can't travel around the world as usual. Management considers the consequences of COVID-19 as an event that occurred after the balance sheet date and is therefore a non-regulatory event for the company. As the time frame for closures and general limitations is unknown, it is not possible at this time to calculate the magnitude of the negative impact of COVID-19.

We refer to note 1 in the financial report in relation to COVID-19 and going concern assumptions.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The annual report of CIEE Denmark ApS for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected provisions as regards larger entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2019 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, other operating income less other external expenses.

Revenue

Income from services is recognised on a straight-line basis with cost + 4 % as the services are provided.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of

other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and

unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities and foreign currency transactions and surcharges and

allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in

equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment and leasehold improvement are measured at cost less accumulated

depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset

is available for use.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Useful life Residual value

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 3-5 years 0 %

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the

taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and

settlement of the liability, respectively.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised

cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Deferred income

Deferred income recognised under 'Current liabilities' comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial years.

INCOME STATEMENT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2019	2018
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		4.733.112	1.831.511
Staff costs	2	-3.187.918	-1.795.676
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment		-1.094.202	-16.943
Profit/loss before net financials		450.992	18.892
Financial income		28.239	9.986
Financial costs		-18.674	-19.829
Profit/loss before tax		460.557	9.049
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-102.654	-1.991
Profit/loss for the year		357.903	7.058
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		357.903	7.058
		357.903	7.058

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2019	2018
		DKK	DKK
ASSETS			
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		1.866.429	174.451
Leasehold improvements		4.811.124	4.575.220
Tangible assets	4	6.677.553	4.749.671
Deposits		1.161.395	1.486.046
Fixed asset investments		1.161.395	1.486.046
Total non-current assets		7.838.948	6.235.717
Receivables from subsidiaries		50.000	0
Other receivables		267	253
Prepayments		72.170	437.775
Receivables		122.437	438.028
Cash at bank and in hand		3.042.599	1.994.595
Total current assets		3.165.036	2.432.623
Total assets		11.003.984	8.668.340

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2019	2018
		DKK	DKK
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital		50.000	50.000
Retained earnings		364.961	7.058
Equity	5	414.961	57.058
Provision for deferred tax		104.645	1.991
Total provisions		104.645	1.991
Other payables		98.035	0
Total non-current liabilities		98.035	0
Payables to subsidiaries		0	5.480.488
Other payables		266.910	225.049
Deferred income		10.057.901	2.894.278
Deposits		61.532	9.476
Total current liabilities		10.386.343	8.609.291
Total liabilities		10.484.378	8.609.291
Total equity and liabilities		11.003.984	8.668.340
Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)	1		
Subsequent events	6		
Mortgages and collateral	7		

NOTES

1 UNCERTAINTY ABOUT THE CONTINUED OPERATION (GOING CONCERN)

Management has prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. Referring to Note 6, Subsequent events, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern depends on whether the CIEE organization regain activity after corona crisis. The Company will apply for bailouts and examine other initiatives to support continued operations, possibly with a reduced level of activity. It has not been possible to quantify the effect hereof on the financial statements.

		2019	2018
_	CTA ED COCTO	DKK	DKK
2	STAFF COSTS	2 927 1 17	1 502 705
	Wages and salaries Pensions	2.827.147	1.593.795
		345.182	195.357
	Other social security costs	15.589	6.524
		3.187.918	1.795.676
	Average number of employees	4	4
	TAY ON PROFITA OSS FOR THE VEAR		
3	TAX ON PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR	102.654	1.001
	Deferred tax for the year	102.654	1.991
		102.654	1.991
4	TANGIBLE ASSETS		
		Other fixtures	
		and fittings, tools and equipment	Leasehold improvements
	Cost at 1 January 2019	191.394	4.575.220
	Additions for the year	2.259.124	762.960
	Cost at 31 December 2019	2.450.518	5.338.180
	Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2019	16.943	0
	Depreciation for the year	567.146	527.056
	Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2019	584.089	527.056
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2019	1.866.429	4.811.124

NOTES

5 EQUITY

	Retained		
	Share capital	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2019	50.000	7.058	57.058
Net profit/loss for the year	0	357.903	357.903
Equity at 31 December 2019	50.000	364.961	414.961

6 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The consequences of COVID-19, in which many governments around the world have decided to "shut down the countries", are of big importance to the world economy. CIEE's exposure to these risks is direct, as students can't travel around the world as usual. Management considers the consequences of COVID-19 as an event that occurred after the balance sheet date and is therefore a non-regulatory event for the company. As the time frame for closures and general limitations is unknown, it is not possible at this time to calculate the magnitude of the negative impact of COVID-19.

7 MORTGAGES AND COLLATERAL

The company has assumed guarantee commitments regarding office rent until December 1, 2028. The guarantee is maximized to TDKK 13.399.

As security for credit card engagement TDKK 200 pledges are given in a suspensed bank account.