ICG ANHU Holding ApS

c/o Implement Consulting Group P/S Strandvejen 54, DK-2900 Hellerup

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2018

CVR No 39 20 36 77

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 14/6 2019

Tina Moltke-Leth Chairman of the General Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of ICG ANHU Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2018 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2018.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 14 June 2019

Executive Board

Anders Bengt-Johan Hugnell Executive Officer

Board of Directors

Anders Bengt-Johan Hugnell Chairman Tina Moltke-Leth

The Annual General Meeting has decided that the Financial Statements for next year are not to be subject to any audit.



Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements

To the Management of ICG ANHU Holding ApS

We have compiled the Financial Statements of ICG ANHU Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018 on the basis of the Enterprise's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and IESBA's Code of Ethics, including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 14 June 2019 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Henrik Ødegaard State Authorised Public Accountant mne31489



Company Information

The Company ICG ANHU Holding ApS

c/o Implement Consulting Group P/S

Strandvejen 54 DK-2900 Hellerup

CVR No: 39 20 36 77

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte

Board of Directors Anders Bengt-Johan Hugnell, Chairman

Tina Moltke-Leth

Executive Board Anders Bengt-Johan Hugnell

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup



Management's Review

Financial Statements of ICG ANHU Holding ApS for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The Annual Report has been prepared under the same accounting policies as last year.

Key activities

The company's purpose is to own shares in other companies as well as other related activities defined by the board of directors.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2018 shows a profit of DKK 112,804, and at 31 December 2018 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 499,415.

Effective from January 1, 2018, ICG ANHU Holding ApS merged with the immediate parent company 4P Anders Hugnell AB with ICG ANHU Holding ApS being the continuing entity.

Targets and expectations for the year ahead

Management expects positive result for 2019 due to expected dividends on investments.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	1 January -	29 December -
		31 December	31 December
		2018	2017
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		-6,134	-3,500
Financial income		165,811	0
Financial expenses		-30,423	0
Profit/loss before tax		129,254	-3,500
Tax on profit/loss for the year	1	-16,450	0
Net profit/loss for the year		112,804	-3,500
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			



Retained earnings

112,804

112,804

-3,500

-3,500

Balance Sheet 31 December

	Note	2018	2017
		DKK	DKK
Assets			
Other investments		506,232	0
Fixed asset investments		506,232	0
Fixed assets		506,232	0
Other receivables		50,000	52,500
Deferred tax asset		3,636	0
Receivables	-	53,636	52,500
Cash at bank and in hand		22,982	0
Currents assets		76,618	52,500
Assets		582,850	52,500
Liabilities and equity			
Share capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		449,415	-1,000
Equity	2	499,415	49,000
Trade payables		0	2,500
Corporation tax		20,086	0
Other payables	-	63,349	1,000
Short-term debt	-	83,435	3,500
Debt	-	83,435	3,500
Liabilities and equity	-	582,850	52,500
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		1 January - 31 December 2018	29 December - 31 December 2017
1	Tax on profit/loss for the year	DKK	DKK
	Current tax for the year	20,086	0
	Deferred tax for the year	-3,636	0
		16,450	0

2 Equity

		Retained	
	Share capital	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	50,000	-1,000	49,000
Net effect from merger and acquisition under the uniting			
of interests method	0	337,611	337,611
Adjusted equity at 1 January	50,000	336,611	386,611
Net profit/loss for the year	0	112,804	112,804
Equity at 31 December	50,000	449,415	499,415

The share capital consists of 50,000 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1. No shares carry any special rights.



3 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of ICG ANHU Holding ApS for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The Financial Statements for 2018 are presented in DKK.

ICG ANHU Holding ApS merged with the immediate parent company 4P Anders Hugnell AB in 2018. The merger has been recognized according to the book value method as at 1 January 2018. In accordance with the book value method, comparative figures have not been restated.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.



3 Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs related to establishment of the company, administration, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance Sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Other investments

Other investments, which consist of non-listed shares, are measured at the lower of cost and recoverable amount.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legisla-



3 Accounting Policies (continued)

tion at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

