ICG EKA Holding ApS

c/o Implement Consulting Group P/S Strandvejen 54, DK-2900 Hellerup

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2019

CVR No 39 20 35 45

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 12/8 2020

Lars Korterman Chairman of the General Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of ICG EKA Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2019 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2019.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 12 August 2020

Executive Board

Erik Johan Kayser Executive Officer

Board of Directors

Erik Johan Kayser Chairman Lars Korterman

The Annual General Meeting has decided that the Financial Statements for next year are not to be subject to any audit.



Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements

To the Management of ICG EKA Holding ApS

We have compiled the Financial Statements of ICG EKA Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 on the basis of the Enterprise's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and FSR – Danish Auditors' Code of Ethics, including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 12 August 2020 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Henrik Ødegaard State Authorised Public Accountant mne31489



Company Information

The Company ICG EKA Holding ApS

c/o Implement Consulting Group P/S

Strandvejen 54 DK-2900 Hellerup

CVR No: 39 20 35 45

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte

Board of Directors Erik Johan Kayser, Chairman

Lars Korterman

Executive Board Erik Johan Kayser

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup



Management's Review

Key activities

The company's purpose is to own shares in other companies as well as other related activities defined by the board of directors.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2019 shows a profit of DKK 3,774,230, and at 31 December 2019 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 6,008,004.

Subsequent events

The Company's outlook for the future will be negatively affected by the COVID-19 outbreak and the measures taken by governments in most of the world to mitigate the impacts of the outbreak, see also subsequent events disclosures in note 1.

Other than this, no events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2019	2018
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		-1,000	-163,311
Financial income		4,514,310	2,226,700
Financial expenses	_	-216,126	-93,170
Profit/loss before tax		4,297,184	1,970,219
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-522,954	-251,381
Net profit/loss for the year	-	3,774,230	1,718,838
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			
Extraordinary dividend paid		1,866,968	0
Proposed dividend for the year		400,000	0
Retained earnings	-	1,507,262	1,718,838
	_	3,774,230	1,718,838



Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2019	2018
		DKK	DKK
Other investments	_	6,183,533	6,183,533
Fixed asset investments	-	6,183,533	6,183,533
Fixed assets	-	6,183,533	6,183,533
Other receivables		2,470,198	823,707
Deferred tax asset	_	16,521	103,765
Receivables		2,486,719	927,472
Cash at bank and in hand	-	445,692	719,424
Currents assets	-	2,932,411	1,646,896
Assets	-	9,115,944	7,830,429



Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2019	2018
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		5,558,004	4,050,742
Proposed dividend for the year	_	400,000	0
Equity	-	6,008,004	4,100,742
Credit institutions		1,777,206	0
Payables to owner	_	381,465	2,888,059
Long-term debt	3	2,158,671	2,888,059
Credit institutions	3	398,000	0
Payables to group enterprises		0	11,644
Payables to owner	3	196,993	472,838
Corporation tax		351,276	355,146
Other payables	<u>-</u>	3,000	2,000
Short-term debt	-	949,269	841,628
Debt	-	3,107,940	3,729,687
Liabilities and equity	-	9,115,944	7,830,429
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Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital DKK	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total DKK
Equity at 1 January	50,000	4,807,085	0	4,857,085
Net effect of correction of material				
misstatements	0	-756,343	0	-756,343
Adjusted equity at 1 January	50,000	4,050,742	0	4,100,742
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	-1,866,968	0	-1,866,968
Net profit/loss for the year	0	3,374,230	400,000	3,774,230
Equity at 31 December	50,000	5,558,004	400,000	6,008,004

The share capital consists of 50,000 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1. No shares carry any special rights.



1 Subsequent events

The implications of COVID-19 with many governments across the world deciding to "close down their countries" will have a great impact on the global economy. Management considers the implications of COVID-19 as a subsequent event occurred after the balance sheet date 31 December 2019, which is therefore a non-adjusting event for the Company.

At this time, it is not possible to calculate the size of the negative impact of COVID-19.

		2019	2018
2	Tax on profit/loss for the year	DKK	DKK
	Current tax for the year	435,710	355,146
	Deferred tax for the year	87,244	-103,765
		522,954	251,381

3 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	2019	2018
Credit institutions	DKK	DKK
Between 1 and 5 years	1,777,206	0
Long-term part	1,777,206	0
Within 1 year	398,000	0
	2,175,206	0
Payables to owner		
Between 1 and 5 years	381,465	2,888,059
Long-term part	381,465	2,888,059
Other short-term debt to owners and Management	196,993	472,838
	578,458	3,360,897



4 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of ICG EKA Holding ApS for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2019 are presented in DKK.

Correction of material misstatements

Material misstatements related to recognition of the merger between ICG EKA Holding ApS and Kayser Foundation AB in 2018 have been identified in 2019. The misstatements relates to other receivables of DKK -101,745, payables to owner of DKK 381,465, other investments of DKK -181,740 and other minor adjustments with a total negative effect on equity of DKK 756,343 in 2018. Comparable figures for 2018 have been adjusted.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt



4 Accounting Policies (continued)

arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income Statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs related to administration, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance Sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Other investments

Other investments, which consist of non-listed shares, are measured at the lower of cost and recoverable amount.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax



4 Accounting Policies (continued)

entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

