
ICG EKA Holding ApS

c/o Implement Consulting Group P/S
Strandvejen 54, DK-2900 Hellerup

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2020

CVR No 39 20 35 45

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted at
the Annual General
Meeting of the Company on
8 /7 2021

Lars Korterman
Chairman of the General
Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of ICG EKA Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2020.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 8 July 2021

Executive Board

Erik Johan Kayser
Executive Officer

Board of Directors

Erik Johan Kayser
Chairman

Lars Korterman

The Annual General Meeting has decided that the Financial Statements for next year are not to be subject to any audit.

Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements

To the Management of ICG EKA Holding ApS

We have compiled the Financial Statements of ICG EKA Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 on the basis of the Enterprise's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and IESBA's Code of Ethics, including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 8 July 2021

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Henrik Ødegaard

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne31489

Company Information

The Company

ICG EKA Holding ApS
c/o Implement Consulting Group P/S
Strandvejen 54
DK-2900 Hellerup

CVR No: 39 20 35 45
Financial period: 1 January - 31 December
Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte

Board of Directors

Erik Johan Kayser, Chairman
Lars Korterman

Executive Board

Erik Johan Kayser

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
DK-2900 Hellerup

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Gross profit/loss		-1,000	-1,000
Impairment of fixed asset investments		-1,980	0
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-2,980	-1,000
Financial income		4,005,382	4,514,310
Financial expenses		-70,126	-216,126
Profit/loss before tax		3,932,276	4,297,184
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-1,137,448	-522,954
Net profit/loss for the year		2,794,828	3,774,230

Distribution of profit

Proposed distribution of profit

Extraordinary dividend paid	2,576,542	1,866,968
Proposed dividend for the year	680,000	400,000
Retained earnings	-461,714	1,507,262
	2,794,828	3,774,230

Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Other investments		362,012	6,183,533
Fixed asset investments		362,012	6,183,533
Fixed assets		362,012	6,183,533
Other receivables		6,476,672	2,470,198
Deferred tax asset		0	16,521
Receivables		6,476,672	2,486,719
Cash at bank and in hand		1,533	445,692
Currents assets		6,478,205	2,932,411
Assets		6,840,217	9,115,944

Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Share capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		5,096,290	5,558,004
Proposed dividend for the year		680,000	400,000
Equity		5,826,290	6,008,004
Provision for deferred tax		34,853	0
Provisions		34,853	0
Credit institutions		0	1,777,206
Payables to owner		0	381,465
Long-term debt	3	0	2,158,671
Credit institutions	3	0	398,000
Payables to owner	3	0	196,993
Corporation tax		978,074	351,276
Other payables		1,000	3,000
Short-term debt		979,074	949,269
Debt		979,074	3,107,940
Liabilities and equity		6,840,217	9,115,944
Key activities	1		
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Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	50,000	5,558,004	400,000	6,008,004
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-400,000	-400,000
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	-2,576,542	0	-2,576,542
Net profit/loss for the year	0	2,114,828	680,000	2,794,828
Equity at 31 December	50,000	5,096,290	680,000	5,826,290

Notes to the Financial Statements

1 Key activities

The company's purpose is to own shares in other companies as well as other related activities defined by the board of directors.

2 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Current tax for the year	1,086,074	435,710
Deferred tax for the year	51,374	87,244
	1,137,448	522,954

3 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Credit institutions		
Between 1 and 5 years	0	1,777,206
Long-term part	0	1,777,206
Within 1 year	0	398,000
	0	2,175,206
Payables to owner		
Between 1 and 5 years	0	381,465
Long-term part	0	381,465
Other short-term debt to owners and Management	0	196,993
	0	578,458

Notes to the Financial Statements

4 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of ICG EKA Holding ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2020 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income Statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs related to administration, etc.

Notes to the Financial Statements

4 Accounting Policies (continued)

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance Sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Other investments

Other investments, which consist of non-listed shares, are measured at the lower of cost and recoverable amount.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legisla-

Notes to the Financial Statements

4 Accounting Policies (continued)

tion at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.