Marmorbyen Vest 1 P/S

c/o Cobblestone A/S Gammel Køge Landevej 57, 3. 2500 Valby Denmark

CVR no. 39 19 40 74

Annual report 2020

The annual report was presented and approved at the Company's annual general meeting on

17 May 2021

Emil Skov

chairman

Marmorbyen Vest 1 P/S Annual report 2020 CVR no. 39 19 40 74

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Marmorbyen Vest 1 P/S Annual report 2020 CVR no. 39 19 40 74

Louise Hertz

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Marmorbyen Vest 1 P/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen 17 May 2021
Executive Board:

Louise Hertz

Board of Directors:

Peter Matzen Drachmann
Chairman

Vjaceslav Wilhelm
Nathalie Marion-Denise
Winkelmann



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Marmorbyen Vest 1 P/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Marmorbyen Vest 1 P/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

— identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.



Independent auditor's report

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 17 May 2021 **KPMG**Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Michael Tuborg State Authorised Public Accountant mne24621

Marmorbyen Vest 1 P/S

Annual report 2020 CVR no. 39 19 40 74

Management's review

Company details

Marmorbyen Vest 1 P/S c/o Cobblestone A/S Gammel Køge Landevej 57, 3. 2500 Valby Denmark

CVR no.: Established: Registered office: CVR no.: 39 19 40 74 19 December 2017 Copenhagen

Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Board of Directors

Peter Matzen Drachmann, Chairman Vjaceslav Wilhelm Nathalie Marion-Denise Winkelmann Louise Hertz

Executive Board

Louise Hertz

Auditor

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Dampfærgevej 28 DK-2100 København Ø Denmark

Annual general meeting

The annual general meeting will be held on 17 May 2021

Marmorbyen Vest 1 P/S

Annual report 2020 CVR no. 39 19 40 74

Management's review

Operating review

Principal activities

The objective of the Company is to acquire real estate properties for investment purposes.

Development in activities and financial position

The Company's income statement for 2020 shows a profit of DKK 9,564 thousand as against DKK 3,278 thousand in 2019. Equity in the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2020 stood at DKK 69,189 thousand as against DKK 61,125 thousand at 31 December 2019.

The financial year was in line with forecast, and the results for the year are considered to be in accordance with expectations.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date that materially affect the Company's financial position.

Income statement

Note	2020	2019
	8,382	8,807
	8,382	8,807
	7,300	580
3	-6,118	-6,109
	9,564	3,278
	1,500	1,900
	2,700	0
	5,364	1,378
	9,564	3,278
		8,382 7,300 3 -6,118 9,564 1,500 2,700 5,364

Balance sheet

Note	2020	2019
4	322,500	315,200
	129	129
	322,629	315,329
	322,629	315,329
	0	89
	4,219	4,120
	4,219	4,209
	326,848	319,538
		4 322,500 129 322,629 322,629 0 4,219

Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	2020	2019
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital		500	500
Retained earnings		65,989	60,625
Proposed dividends		2,700	0
Total equity		69,189	61,125
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Shareholder loan	5	98,536	98,536
Debt to credit institutions	5	152,435	152,407
		250,971	250,943
Current liabilities			
Deposits and prepaid rent		4,546	4,597
Trade payables		187	1,182
Payables to group entities		24	9
Other payables		1,931	1,682
		6,688	7,470
Total liabilities		257,659	258,413
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		326,848	319,538
Average numbers of full time employees	2		
Mortgages and securities	6		
Related party disclosures	7		
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Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividends for the financial year	<u>Total</u>
Equity at 1 January 2020	500	60,625	0	61,125
Transferred over the profit appropriation	0	5,364	4,200	9,564
Extraordinary dividends paid	0	0	-1,500	-1,500
Equity at 31 December 2020	500	65,989	2,700	69,189

Notes

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Marmorbyen Vest 1 P/S for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act with opt-in from higher reporting classes.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Income statement

Gross profit

Pursuant to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company does not disclose its revenue.

The gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue and other external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue, comprising rental income, is recognised in the period to which it relates.

Other external costs

Other external costs comprise costs incurred during the year as a result of the rental of the Company's properties and administration.

Value adjustment of investment properties

Value adjustment comprises the year's changes in the fair value of investment property.

Financial expenses

Financial expenses comprise interest expenses, realized and unrealized capital losses on mortgage debt.

Balance sheet

Investment properties

Investment properties comprises properties that is held to earn rentals, held for capital appreciation or both.

Initially, investment properties is measured at cost including purchase price and directly related costs. The carrying amount also includes costs for improvements if the recognition criteria is met.

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties is stated at fair value. Gaind and losses arising from changes in the fair values are included in the income statement in the year which they arise.

The properties are valued using the income capitalisation method where a property's fair value is estimated based on the normalised net operating income generated by the property, which is divided by the capitalisation rate. The calculated value is adjusted with expected future change in rental value, voids, capital expenses and other special circumstances.

The valuations was performed by Jones Lang LaSalle SE, an accredited an independant valuer with recognised and relevant professional qualifications and recent experience of the location and category of investment properties being valued. The valuation model applied is in accordance with the recommended by the International Valuation Standards Committee. These valuations models are consistent with the principles in IFRS 13.

Investment properties is not depreciated.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are stated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating costs, respectively.

Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date on which the asset is available for use. Indirect production overheads and borrowing costs are not recognised in cost.

Where individual components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items, which are depreciated separately.

The basis of depreciation is cost less any projected residual value after the end of the useful life. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

5 years

The useful life and residual value are reassessed annually. Changes are treated as accounting estimates, and the effect on depreciation is recognised prospectively.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses where there is an objective indication that a receivable has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, write-down is made on an individual basis.

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand comprise cash at bank.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability at the date when they are adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). The expected payment for the year is disclosed as a separate item under equity.

Liabilities

Payables to credit institutions are recognised at cost at the date of borrowing, equivalent to proceeds received less transaction costs paid.

Subsequently, these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Corporation tax

The company is not subject to taxation. Taxable income is taxed in the parent company Ejendomsselskabet PADK M2 ApS.

Notes

	DKK'000	2020	2019
2	Average numbers of employees		
	Average number of full-time employees	0	0
3	Other financial expenses		
	Interest expense to group entities	5,173	5,173
	Other financial costs	945	936
	Total	6,118	6,109
4	Investment properties		
•	DKK'000		Investment properties
	Cost at 1 January 2020		306,368
	Cost at 31 December 2020		306,368
	Revaluations at 1 January 2020		8,832
	Revaluations for the year		7,300
	Revaluations at 31 December 2020		16,132
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2020		322,500

Key assumptions:

The property is located in Copenhagen and used for residential, totalling 7,140 sqm. A void period of 1.5 months is estimated for vacant residential units. Additionally, a structural vacancy of 2% has been included in the estimated cash flow. The exit yield is estimated at 3.15% (2019: 3.20%).

Sensitivity analysis:

An increase of exit yield by 0.25 percentage points would reduce the property value by DKK 24.2 million and a decrease in the exit yield by 0.25 percentage points would increase the property value by DKK 28.3 million at the balance sheet date.

5 Non-current liabilities

	Total debt at 31/12 2020	Outstanding debt after five years
Debt to credit institutions	152,435	151,660
Shareholder loan	98,536	98,536
	250,971	250,196

Notes

6 Mortgages and securities

Investment properties with a carrying amount of DKK 323 million at 31 December 2020 (2019: DKK 315 million) have been provided as collateral for mortgages of DKK 152 million (2019: DKK 152 million).

7 Related party disclosures

Control

Marmorbyen Vest 1 P/S is part of the consolidated financial statements of PATRIZIA Augsburg Kapitalverwaltungsgesellschaft mbH, Fuggerstrasse 26, 86150 Augsburg, Germany, which is the smallest group, in which the Company is included as a subsidiary.

The consolidated financial statements of PATRIZIA Augsburg Kapitalverwaltungsgesellschaft mbH can be obtained by contacting the company at the address above.