Melon Holding ApS

Kalvebod Brygge 39, 4., 1560 København V

CVR No. 39 18 57 76

Annual report

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Approved at the annual general meeting, on 26/4 2024

Chairman:

Thomas Man

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Statement by Management on the annual report

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Melon Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January 2023 – 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend the adoption of the annual report at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 26 / 4 2024

Executive Board:

Thomas Eshan Khan

Board of Directors

Kevin Jeremiah Cahill

Chairman

Thomas Esben Khan

Independent auditors' report

To the shareholders of Melon Holding ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Melon Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January 2023 – 31 December 2023, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of company at 31 December 2023, and of the results of the company operations for the financial year 1 January 2023 – 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Odense, 26/4 2024

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No. 30/70.02-28

Morten Schougaard Sørensen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne32129

Management's review

Company details

Name Melon Holding ApS

Address, Postal code, City Kalvebod Brygge 39, 4., 1560 København V

CVR No. 39 18 57 76

Established 21 December 2017

Registered office Copenhagen

Financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023

Board of Directors Kevin Jeremiah Cahill, chairman

Thomas Esben Khan

Henrik Skriver

Executive board Thomas Esben Khan

Auditors EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Cortex Park Vest 3, 5230 Odense M, Denmark

Management's review

The company's primary activities and company details

The company's purpose is to conduct business as a holding company, invest in real estate, administrate and manage real estate as well as other related activities.

Significant changes in business and economic conditions None.

Income statement

	01.01.2023 -	01.01.2022 -
Notes DKK	31.12.2023	31.12.2022
Gross profit/loss	-506.092	-1.002.298
5 Income from investments in subsidiary	-11.249.708	5.009.256
3 Financial income	1.649.508	656.940
4 Financial expenses	-731.309	-749.599
Profit/loss before tax	-10.837.601	3.914.299
Tax for the year	-230.351	7.468
Profit/loss for the year	-11.067.952	3.921.767
Recomended appropriation of the profit/loss for the year		
Retained earnings	181.756	-1.087.489
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method	-11.249.708	5.009.256
	-11.067.952	3.921.767

Balance sheet

Notes DKK	31-12-2023	31-12-2022
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Investment in subsidiary	22.962.326	34.212.034
5 Investments	22.962.326	34.212.034
Total non-current assets	22.962.326	34.212.034
Current assets		
Tax receivable	-	47.308
Receivables from group entities	34.630.234	33.464.713
Deferred tax	0	230.350
Receivables	34.630.234	33.742.371
Cash	60.405	850.211
Total current assets	34.690.639	34.592.582
Total assets	57.652.965	68.804.616
Balance sheet		
Notes DKK	31-12-2023	31-12-2022
Equity and liabilities		
Equity		
6 Share Capital	50.001	50.001
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method	7.880.600	19.130.308
Retained earnings	11.538.569	11.356.813
Total equity	19.469.170	30.537.122
Payables to group entities	38.176.295	38.259.995
Other payables	7.499	7.500
Short-term liabilities	38.183.794	38.267.495
Total liabilities	38.183.794	38.267.495
Total equity and liabilities	57.652.965	68.804.616

² Staff costs

⁷ Contractual obligations and contigencies, etc.

Statement of changes in equity

(DKK)	Share capital	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method	Retained earnings	Total
(DKK)	Share capital	equity illetilou	earnings	IOtal
Equity at 01/01 2023 Profit/loss for the year	50.001	19.130.308 -11.249.708	11.356.813 181.756	30.537.122 -11.067.952
Equity at 31/12 2023	50.001	7.880.600	11.538.569	19.469.170

Notes

1. Accounting polices

The annual report of Melon Holding ApS has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Revenue

The company has chosen IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Revenue comprises rental income from the leases of properties. Revenue is recognized on an actual basis.

Income Statement

Gross profit

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the items 'Revenue', 'Cost of sale', 'Other external expenses' and 'Other operating income' are consolidated into one item designated 'Gross margin'.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the entity's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Income/loss from investments in subsidiary

These comprise the proportionate share of profit/loss after tax after adjustment of intra-group profit/loss and less amortisation of group goodwill.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognized in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year include current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognized in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognized in equity.

The entity and its Danish group entities are taxed on a joint basis. The Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit-making and loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full allocation method).

Jointly taxed companies entitled to a tax refund are, as a minimum, reimbursed by the management company according to the current rates applicable to interest allowance, and jointly taxed companies having paid too little tax pay, as a maximum, a surcharge according to the current rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Notes

1. Accounting policies - continued

Balance sheet

Investment in subsidary

Investments in subsidiaries are measured using the equity method, at the parent's proportionate share of such entities' equity. The equity's proportionate share of a deficit on equity, if any, is set off against receivables from the investment in so far as the deficit is irrecoverable. Amounts in excess thereof are recognised under "Provisions" in so far as the parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the deficit.

Gains or losses on disposal of subsidiaries and associates are made up as the difference between the sales price and the carrying amount of net assets at the date of disposal including non-amortised goodwill and anticipated costs of disposal. Gains or losses are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables. Receivables are measured at amortized cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value. Provisions are made for bad debts on the basis of objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables are impaired. Provisions are made to the lower of the net realizable value and the carrying amount.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash balances and bank balances.

Corporation tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognized in the balance sheet as the estimated tax charge in respect of the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on prior year's taxable income and tax paid on account.

Provisions for deferred tax are calculated, based on the liability method, of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and tax values.

Deferred tax is measured according to the taxation rules and taxations rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallize as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognized at the value at which they are expected to be utilized, either through elimination against tax on future earnings or through a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same jurisdiction.

Liabilities

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for recognition and measurement of liabilities. Financial liabilities related to investment properties are measured at amortized cost.

Other liabilities are measured at net realizable value.

Notes

2	Cto	ff	Cacta
۷.	Sta	П	Costs

The company has no employees.

The company has no employees.					
DKK			_	2023	2022
3. Financial income				1 / 10 050	/F/ 040
Interest income, affiliated companies				1.649.059	656.940
Interest income, bank and others			-	1.649.508	656.940
			=	1.047.300	030.740
4. Financial expenses					
Interest expenses, affiliated companies				731.301	-747.770
Interest expenses, bank and others				9	-1.830
			-	731.309	-749.600
			_		_
					la
5. Investments					Investment in group entities
Cost at 1 January 2023					15.081.726
Additions					
Cost at 31 December 2023				•	15.081.726
					_
Value adjustment at 1 January 2023					19.130.308
Adjustment for the year					-11.249.708
Value adjustment at 31 December 2023				•	7.880.600
Carrying amount at 31 December 2023				•	22.962.326
carrying amount at 31 December 2023				;	22.702.020
	Legal form	Domicile	Interest	Equity	Profit/loss
Subsidiares					
Orange 7	ApS	København			
o.ago .	7.100	K, Denmark	100%	20.592.730	-7.469.895
Orange 8	ApS	København K, Denmark	100%	2.369.596	-3.779.813
		K, Dellillark	100%	2.309.390	-3.119.013

Notes

6. Share capital

Balance at 21 December 2017	50.000
Capital increase 15 July 2021	1
Balance at 31 December 2023	50.001

7. Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

The company is jointly taxed with Pineapple Odense Residential Komplementarselskab ApS, CVR no 37 15 44 90, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends.