



AX V GUBI Holding I ApS

Klubiensvej 7
2150 Nordhavn
CVR No. 39113090

Annual report 2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the
annual report on 07.04.2022

Anne Sofie Bendix Ranch

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

AX V GUBI Holding I ApS

Klubiensvej 7

2150 Nordhavn

Business Registration No.: 39113090

Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

Board of Directors

Lars Henrik Munch, Chairman

Asbjørn Mosgaard Hyltdgaard, Vice Chairman

Hans Christian Galst

Jacob Gudmund Olsen

Tue Mantoni

Lars Cordt

Jacob Lahn Sloth

Executive Board

Klaus Thyge Høeg-Hagensen

Henriette Schütze

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Weidekampsgade 6

2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of AX V GUBI Holding I ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 03.03.2022

Executive Board

Klaus Thyge Høeg-Hagensen

Henriette Schütze

Board of Directors

Lars Henrik Munch
Chairman

Asbjørn Mosgaard Hyldgaard
Vice Chairman

Hans Christian Galst

Jacob Gudmund Olsen

Tue Mantoni

Lars Cordt

Jacob Lahn Sloth

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of AX V GUBI Holding I ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AX V GUBI Holding I ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 03.03.2022

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No. 33963556

Bill Haudal Pedersen

State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne30131

Hans Tauby

State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne44339

Management commentary

Primary activities

The main activity of AX V Holding I ApS ("Holding I") is investment in subsidiaries within design and sale of furniture, lighting, and interior products.

Development in activities and finances

Last year, the GUBI group changed its financial year, consequently the comparison figures for Holding I only contain 6 months (1.7.2020-31.12.2020) whereas the current figures contain 12 months (1.1.2021-31.12.2021). Accordingly, the 2 periods cannot be directly compared.

Holding I has in the financial year recorded a loss of DKK 10,752 thousand (last year a loss of DKK 18,941 thousand for 6 months).

Events after the balance sheet date

The management noted that the worldwide Covid-19 outbreak may still affect Holding I's performance in most markets. However, it is not possible for the management at the time of financial reporting to further quantify such potential effect.

No other events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2021

	Notes	2021 DKK'000	2020 6 months DKK'000
Gross profit/loss		(33)	(48)
Income from investments in group enterprises		(10,726)	(18,903)
Profit/loss before tax		(10,759)	(18,951)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	7	10
Profit/loss for the year		(10,752)	(18,941)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(10,752)	(18,941)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(10,752)	(18,941)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2021

Assets

	Notes	2021 DKK'000	2020 DKK'000
Investments in group enterprises		1,163,730	1,176,543
Financial assets	3	1,163,730	1,176,543
Fixed assets		1,163,730	1,176,543
Joint taxation contribution receivable		17	10
Receivables		17	10
Cash		120	153
Current assets		137	163
Assets		1,163,867	1,176,706

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2021 DKK'000	2020 DKK'000
Contributed capital		50	50
Translation reserve		22	198
Reserve for fair value adjustments of hedging instruments		1,087	0
Retained earnings		1,162,443	1,176,194
Equity		1,163,602	1,176,442
Trade payables		32	31
Payables to group enterprises		233	233
Current liabilities other than provisions		265	264
Liabilities other than provisions		265	264
Equity and liabilities		1,163,867	1,176,706
Events after the balance sheet date	1		
Contingent liabilities	4		
Assets charged and collateral	5		
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Statement of changes in equity for 2021

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Translation reserve DKK'000	Reserve for fair value adjustments of hedging instruments DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	50	198	0	1,176,194	1,176,442
Exchange rate adjustments	0	132	0	0	132
Fair value adjustments of hedging instruments	0	0	998	0	998
Other entries on equity	0	0	0	(2,999)	(2,999)
Tax of entries on equity	0	0	(219)	0	(219)
Transfer to reserves	0	(308)	308	0	0
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	0	(10,752)	(10,752)
Equity end of year	50	22	1,087	1,162,443	1,163,602

Notes

1 Events after the balance sheet date

The management noted that the worldwide Covid-19 outbreak may still affect Holding I's performance in most markets after the balance sheet date. However, it is not possible for the management at the time of financial reporting to further quantify such potential effect.

No other events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

2 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2021 DKK'000	2020 6 months DKK'000
Current tax	(7)	(10)
	(7)	(10)

3 Financial assets

	Investments in group enterprises DKK'000
Cost beginning of year	1,195,248
Cost end of year	1,195,248
Impairment losses beginning of year	(18,705)
Exchange rate adjustments	132
Share of profit/loss for the year	(10,726)
Fair value adjustments	779
Other adjustments	(2,998)
Impairment losses end of year	(31,518)
Carrying amount end of year	1,163,730

Investments in subsidiaries	Registered in	Corporate form	Equity interest %
Gubi Group ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	100

4 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where AX V Gubi Holding III ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore secondarily liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, which is limited to the equity interest by which the entity participates in the Group, and also secondarily liable for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

5 Assets charged and collateral

The subsidiaries, GUBI Group ApS and GUBI A/S are subject to negative pledges (in Danish: pantsætningsforbud).

6 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:
AX V Gubi Holding III ApS, Sankt Annæ Plads 10, Copenhagen C 1250

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 112(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

Non-comparability

The Company has changed the financial year, consequently the comparison figures contain six months (1.7.2020 - 31.12.2020) and the current figures contains twelve months (1.1.2021 - 31.12.2021). Therefor the two periods can not be directly compared.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value plus unamortised goodwill and plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits or losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation will involve a loss, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs necessary to settle the obligations at the balance sheet date.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method in equity.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.