

Midtermolen 1, 2.tv. 2100 København Ø Danmark

Tel: +45 35 26 52 22 info@mazars.dk www.forvismazars.com/dk

IWG HOLDINGS (DENMARK) APS Tuborg Boulevard 12, 3. sal 2900 Hellerup

Annual report for 2023

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 31 July 2024

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DocuSigned by:

Lynsey Ann Blair chairman

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STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT ON THE ANNUAL REPORT

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of IWG Holdings (Denmark) ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 31 July 2024

Executive board

DocuSigned by:

Lynascope Mana Blair

Director

AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPILATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the shareholder of IWG Holdings (Denmark) ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of IWG Holdings (Denmark) ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 based on the company's bookkeeping records and other information made available by company.

The financial statements comprises a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet and notes.

We performed the engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the company in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We complied with the relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and International Ethics Standards Boards for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, including principles relating to integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile the financial statements are the company's responsibility.

As a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by company for our compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Copenhagen, 31 July 2024

MAZARS

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 31 06 17 41

Monica Häckert Raavig State Authorized Public Accountant MNE no. mne48484

COMPANY DETAILS

IWG Holdings (Denmark) ApS Tuborg Boulevard 12, 3. sal 2900 Hellerup The company

CVR no.: 39 09 35 02

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2023

Incorporated: 10 November 2017

Domicile: Gentofte

Executive board Lynsey Ann Blair, director

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Business review

The primary purpose of the Company is to acquire goods and furniture for the benefit of meeting and workplace venues, together with leasing these goods and furniture to other companies. The Company may engage in similar activities and perform any activity that directly or indirectly support its purpose.

The Company will continue to implement active marketing and operating strategies to increase occupancy from service agreements. In addition, the Company remains supported under an Intra-Group Facility Agreement that allows to receive advances as and when needed for the operation and management of its business and for generel corporate purposes.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2023 shows a loss of DKK 493.923, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows negative equity of DKK 1.129.770.

Going concern:

It is the current intention of the IWG Group to provide the Company with sufficient financial funds in order to enable the Company to fulfill at any time its payment obligations, but no written commitments has been given. Reference is made to note 1 for more details.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

Financial risks

The Company has budgetary and financial reporting procedures, supported by appropriate key performance indicators, to manage credit, liquidity and other financial risk.

Key performance indicators used by management include assessment of turnover, occupancy rates and profitability per unit.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The annual report of IWG Holdings (Denmark) ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2023 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Revenue

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to administration etc.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial income and expenses

Financial expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, as well as allowance and surcharges under the advance payment of tax scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, including changes arising from changes in tax rates, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

The entity and its Danish group entities are taxed on a joint basis. The danish income tax charge is allocated between porfit-marking Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full allocation method).

Jointly taxed companies entitled to a tax refund are, as a minimum, reimbursed by the management company according to the current rates applicable to interest allowances, and jonitly taxed companies having too little tax pay as a maximum, a surcharge according to the current rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Useful life

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

3-10 years

Assets costing less than DKK 32.000 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

Liabilities

Other liabilities, which include trade receivables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

INCOME STATEMENT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		-441.533	-33.485
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment		-1.290	-2.877
Profit/loss before net financials		-442.823	-36.362
Financial income		116	24
Financial costs	3	-80.341	-35.621
Profit/loss before tax		-523.048	-71.959
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	29.125	2.177
Profit/loss for the year		-493.923	-69.782
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		-493.923	-69.782
		-493.923	-69.782

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
ASSETS			
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5	7.740	9.030
Tangible assets		7.740	9.030
Total non-current assets		7.740	9.030
Receivables from group enterprises		18.507	0
Corporation tax		29.125	2.177
Receivables		47.632	2.177
Total current assets		47.632	2.177
Total assets		55.372	11.207

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital Retained earnings		50.000 -1.179.770	50.000 -685.847
Equity		-1.129.770	-635.847
Trade payables Payables to subsidiaries		33.477 1.151.665	0 647.054
Total current liabilities		1.185.142	647.054
Total liabilities		1.185.142	647.054
Total equity and liabilities		55.372	11.207
Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern) Related parties and ownership structure	1 6		

NOTES

1 UNCERTAINTY ABOUT THE CONTINUED OPERATION (GOING CONCERN)

The company has incurred a net loss of 494 TDKK during the year ended December 31, 2023 and, as of that date, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by 1,138 TDKK.

The company is dependent on that the IWG Group regularly provides the necessary liquidity to ensure that the company is able to meet its liabilities as they fall due until the annual general meeting where the annual report of 2024 is approved.

No commitments on financial support has been given from the owners, which indicates that a materialuncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Management however expects that the owners have the ability to pay, for which reason the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 have been prepared on a going concern basis.

2	STAFF COSTS	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
	umber of fulltime employees on average	0	0
3	FINANCIAL COSTS		
	Financial expenses, group entities	72.955	30.952
	Other financial costs	6.178	4.669
	Exchange adjustments costs	1.208	0
		80.341	35.621
4	TAX ON PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR		
	Current tax for the year	-29.125	-2.177
		-29.125	-2.177

NOTES

5 TANGIBLE ASSETS

TANGIBEE ASSETS	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
Cost at 1 January 2023	11.907
Cost at 31 December 2023	11.907
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2023 Depreciation for the year	2.877 1.290
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2023	4.167
Carrying amount at 31 December 2023	7.740

6 RELATED PARTIES AND OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

Consolidated financial statements

The company is reflected in the group report as the parent company IWG Globel Holdings