
FWP-fonden

Østergade 24A, 1., DK-1100 Copenhagen K

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2019

CVR No 39 07 47 88

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted at
the Annual General
Meeting of the Foundation
17/4 2020

Morten Skjønnemand
Chairman of the General
Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Board of Directors has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of FWP-fonden for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2019 of the Foundation and of the results of the Foundations operations for 2019.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

Copenhagen, 17 April 2020

Board of Directors

Morten Skjønnemand
Chairman

Jann Saxtorph Haagaard

Jakob Mosegaard Larsen

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of FWP-fonden and Fondsmyndigheden

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Foundation at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Foundations operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of FWP-fonden for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material mis-

Independent Auditor's Report

statement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Foundations ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundations internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Foundations ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the

Independent Auditor's Report

disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 17 April 2020

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Bo Schou-Jacobsen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne28703

Foundation Information

The Foundation

FWP-fonden
Østergade 24A, 1.
DK-1100 Copenhagen K

CVR No: 39 07 47 88
Financial period: 1 January - 31 December
Incorporated: 9 November 2017
Financial year: 2nd financial year
Municipality of reg. office: Copenhagen

Board of Directors

Morten Skjønnemand, Chairman
Jann Saxtorph Haagaard
Jakob Mosegaard Larsen

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
DK-2900 Hellerup

Management's Review

The purpose of the Foundation

The object of the Foundation is - alone or through subsidiaries - to do business with ownership, administration, purchase, sale, licensing etc. of intellectual property rights, including through acquisitions of companies and other businesses with similar objects.

In connection with, or in continuation of, the incorporation of the Foundation, the Foundation shall through its wholly owned subsidiary FWP HoldCo ApS, fulfill the objects clause set out in article 3.1, using its base capital, acquire all outstanding shares in FWP IP ApS from the Founder. FWP IP ApS owns certain intellectual property rights licensed to Biogen Swiss Manufacturing GmbH and Biogen International Holding Ltd. ("Biogen") and Forward Pharma Operations ApS and the Founder's other fully owned subsidiaries. The Foundation shall at all times ensure that FWP HoldCo ApS and FWP IP ApS fulfil the obligations, which these companies have under the agreements, which these companies enter into.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Foundation for 2019 shows a loss of DKK 21,474, and at 31 December 2019 the balance sheet of the Foundation shows equity of DKK 4,729,932.

Recommendations on foundation governance

In the following the Board of Directors has commented on the specific recommendations from the Danish Committee on Foundation Governance.

Recommendation	The foundation complies	The foundation does not comply and explains
1. Transparency and communication		
1.1. It is recommended that the board of directors adopt guidelines for external communication, including who can make public statements on behalf of the foundation and on what matters. The guidelines should address the need for transparency and stakeholders' needs and possibilities to obtain relevant up-to-date information about the circumstances of the foundation.	X	

Management's Review

Recommendation	The foundation complies	The foundation does not comply and explains
2. Tasks and responsibilities of the board of directors		
2.1 Overall tasks and responsibilities		
2.1.1 It is recommended that, in order to secure the activities of the commercial foundation in accordance with the purposes and interests of the foundation, at least once a year the board of directors take a position on the overall strategy and distribution policy of the foundation on the basis of the articles of association.	X	
2.2 Chairman and vice-chairman of the board of directors		
2.2.1 It is recommended that the chairman of the board of directors organise, convene and chair meetings of the board of directors in order to ensure effective board work and to establish the best conditions for the work of the board members individually and collectively.	X	
2.2.2 It is recommended that if, in addition to the position as chairman, in exceptional circumstances, the chairman of the board of directors is requested to perform specific operating functions for the commercial foundation, a board resolution be passed which ensures that the board of directors retains its independent, overall management and control function. Appropriate allocation of responsibilities should be ensured between the chairman, the vice-chairman, the other members of the board of directors and the executive board, if any.	X	
2.3 Composition and organization of the board of directors		
2.3.1 It is recommended that the board of directors regularly assess and stipulate the competences that the board of directors is to possess in order to perform the tasks incumbent upon the board of directors as well as possible.	X	
2.3.2 It is recommended that, with due respect of any right in the articles of association to make appointments, the board of directors ensures a structured, thorough and transparent process for selection	X	

Management's Review

Recommendation	The foundation complies	The foundation does not comply and explains
2.4 Independence		
<p>2.4.1 It is recommended that an appropriate proportion of the board of directors be independent.</p> <p>If the board of directors (excluding employee representatives) is composed of up to four members, at least one member should be independent. If the board of directors is composed of between five and eight members, at least two members should be independent. If the board of directors is composed of nine to eleven members, at least three members should be independent, and so on.</p> <p>To be considered independent, this person may not:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •be or within the past three years have been member of the executive board, or senior employee in the foundation, or a subsidiary or associated company to the foundation, •within the past five years have received larger emoluments, including distributions or other benefits from the foundation/group or a subsidiary or associated company to the foundation in other capacity than as member of the board of directors or executive board of the foundation, •within the past year have had a significant business relationship (e.g. personal or indirectly as partner or employee, shareholder, customer, supplier or member of the executive management of companies with corresponding connection) with the foundation/group or a subsidiary or associated company of the foundation, •be or within the past three years have been employed or partner at the external auditor, •have been a member of the board of directors or executive board of the foundation for more than 12 years, •have close relatives with persons who are not considered as independent, •is the founder or a significant donor if the purpose of the foundation is to grant support to this person's family or others who are especially close to this person, or •a member of the management of an organisation, another foundation or similar, which receives or repeatedly within the past five years have received significant donations from the foundation. 	X	

Management's Review

Recommendation	The foundation complies	The foundation does not comply and explains
2.5 Appointment period		
<p>2.5.1 It is recommended that members of the board of directors be appointed for a minimum period of two years and a maximum period of four years.</p> <p>2.5.2 It is recommended that an age limit for members of the board of directors be set, which is published in the management review or on the foundation's website.</p>	X	<p>The members of the board of directors are in their first four-year election period. No current board member would be subject to any age limit that the board of directors would consider relevant before expiry of the current and the next election period prescribed by the articles of association of the foundation.</p>
2.6 Evaluation of the performance of the board of directors and the executive board		
<p>2.6.1 It is recommended that the board of directors establish an evaluation procedure in which the board of directors, the chairman and the contributions and performance of individual members are evaluated annually and the result is discussed by the board of directors.</p> <p>2.6.2 It is recommended that once a year the board of directors evaluate the work and performance of the executive board and/or the administrator (where relevant) in accordance with predefined clear criteria.</p>	<p>X</p> <p>X</p>	

Management's Review

Strategy

Jakob Mosegaard Larsen

Gender: Male

Age: 47

Title: Lawyer

Board member of Nordic Biotech Advisors ApS, Health and Happiness Research Fonden, Advokatanpartsselskabet Mazanti-Andersen Korsø Jensen, Mazanti-Andersen Korsø Jensen Advokatpartnerselskab, Forward Pharma A/S and Forward Pharma FA ApS

Appointed by the founder, cf. clause 6.1 (a) of the articles of association. Not considered independent

Remunerated by the foundation and the subsidiaries: DKK 0

Jann Saxtorph Haagaard

Gender: Male

Age: 42

Title: Corporate Counsel

Appointed by Biogen, cf. clause 6.1 (b) of the articles of association. Independent

Remunerated by the foundation and the subsidiaries: DKK 0

Morten Skjønnemand, chairman

Gender: Male

Age: 56

Title: Lawyer

Appointed by the board of directors in accordance with clause 6.1 (c) of the articles of association.

Independent

Remunerated by the foundation and the subsidiaries: DKK 75,000 excluding VAT

All members were appointed at formation of the foundation effective 9 November 2017 for the four year election period provided by the articles of association.

Management's Review

Distributions

The Foundations annual profits, if any, as calculated pursuant to the Annual Accounts Act, with addition of distributable reserves and after deduction of mandatory reservations pursuant to the Annual Accounts Act and following a reasonable consolidation of the Foundation, shall be used for the following distribution purposes:

- a. To support independent research in prevention, diagnostics and treatment of chronic diseases in the nervous system, including multiple sclerosis and other neurodegenerative diseases.
- b. To support activities in Danish and foreign patient associations that are active in relation to chronic diseases in the nervous system, including multiple sclerosis and other neurodegenerative diseases.
- c. To support education of medical staff within chronic diseases in the nervous system, including multiple sclerosis and other neurodegenerative diseases.
- d. In limited part to support the establishment of early biotech companies with a base in Denmark.

The purposes stated in articles (a) to (c) shall be equal, whilst the purpose stated in article (d) shall be second thereto.

The annual profits shall be applied by the board of directors at its discretion, be it in the form of reservations, consolidation or distributions. The board of directors can resolve not to make distributions from the Foundation for one or more years and the board of directors is entitled to manage, fully or partly, the assets of the Foundation.

Statement of distribution policy

The Foundation has determined its distribution policy in May 2018. The distribution policy is in line with the charter as well as the articles of association of the Foundation and includes a review of the means by which distributions may be made.

The Foundation does not currently have reserves available for distributions and considers the current distribution policy to be appropriate and sufficient.

Subsequent events

Management has considered the potential effect of COVID-19. It is the assessment that COVID-19 will have no material effect. Thus, no events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Other external expenses		-81,136	-70,321
Gross profit/loss		-81,136	-70,321
Staff expenses	1	-93,750	-156,250
Income from investments in subsidiaries	2	79,402	-4,533
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-95,484	-231,104
Financial expenses		-21,626	-17,490
Profit/loss before tax		-117,110	-248,594
Tax on profit/loss for the year		0	0
Net profit/loss for the year		-117,110	-248,594

Distribution of profit

Proposed distribution of profit

Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method	74,869	0
Retained earnings	-191,979	-248,594
	-117,110	-248,594

Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2019</u> DKK	<u>2018</u> DKK
Investments in subsidiaries	2	<u>574,869</u>	<u>495,467</u>
Fixed asset investments		<u>574,869</u>	<u>495,467</u>
Fixed assets		<u>574,869</u>	<u>495,467</u>
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>4,128,177</u>	<u>4,393,439</u>
Currents assets		<u>4,128,177</u>	<u>4,393,439</u>
Assets		<u>4,703,046</u>	<u>4,888,906</u>

Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Base Capital		5,000,000	5,000,000
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		74,869	0
Retained earnings		-440,573	-248,594
Equity		4,634,296	4,751,406
Trade payables		68,750	43,750
Other payables		0	93,750
Short-term debt		68,750	137,500
Debt		68,750	137,500
Liabilities and equity		4,703,046	4,888,906
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	3		
Accounting Policies	4		

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Base Capital	Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	5,000,000	0	-248,594	4,751,406
Net profit/loss for the year	0	74,869	-191,979	-117,110
Equity at 31 December	5,000,000	74,869	-440,573	4,634,296

Notes to the Financial Statements

	2019 <u>DKK</u>	2018 <u>DKK</u>
1 Staff expenses		
Wages and salaries	<u>93,750</u>	<u>156,250</u>
	93,750	156,250
Including remuneration to the Board of Directors of: Board of Directors	<u>93,750</u>	<u>156,250</u>
	93,750	156,250
Average number of employees	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

2 Investments in subsidiaries

Cost at 1 January	500,000	0
Additions for the year	<u>0</u>	<u>500,000</u>
Cost at 31 December	<u>500,000</u>	<u>500,000</u>
Value adjustments at 1 January	-4,533	0
Net profit/loss for the year	<u>79,402</u>	<u>-4,533</u>
Value adjustments at 31 December	<u>74,869</u>	<u>-4,533</u>
Carrying amount at 31 December	<u>574,869</u>	<u>495,467</u>

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

Name	Place of registered office	Share capital	Votes and ownership
FWP Holdco ApS	Copenhagen	50,000	100%
FWP IP ApS	Copenhagen	50,000	100%

3 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

None

Notes to the Financial Statements

4 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of FWP-fonden for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2019 are presented in DKK.

Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements are prepared.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Foundation, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Foundation, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Income Statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise administrative expenses.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

4 Accounting Policies (continued)

Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item “Income from investments in subsidiaries” in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

Balance Sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The item “Investments in subsidiaries” in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses and with addition of the remaining value of any increases in value and goodwill calculated at the time of acquisition of the enterprises.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred upon distribution of profit to “Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method” under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK 0. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements

4 Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax receivables and liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years. Tax receivables and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right of set-off and an intention to settle on a net basis or simultaneously.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Distributions

Distributions paid out

Distributions that have been adopted and paid out in accordance with the purpose of the Foundation at the balance sheet date are deducted from equity in connection with distribution of profit.

Distributions not yet paid out

Distributions that have been adopted in accordance with the purpose of the Foundation at the balance sheet date and have been announced to the recipients, but have not yet been paid out at the balance sheet date, are deducted equity in connection with distribution of profit and recognised as debt.

Distribution framework

At the meeting of the Board of Directors at which the Annual Report is adopted, the Board of Directors lays down a distribution framework in respect of the amount expected to be distributed. This amount is transferred from distributable reserves to the distribution framework. Concurrently with being announced to the recipients, the distribution amounts are paid out, or they are transferred to debt or, in rare cases, to provisions relating to distributions.

Provisions relating to distributions

In case of distributions which have been announced to the recipient and which are conditional upon one or more events taking place at the recipient, the obligation may be uncertain as to amount or time of pay-

Notes to the Financial Statements

4 Accounting Policies (continued)

ment. Such items are recognised in provisions relating to distributions.