The Many Holding ApS

Amaliegade 21, DK-1256 København K

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2021

CVR No 39 05 68 79

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 30/05 2022

Michael Schlichter Chairman of the General Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of The Many Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2021.

In my opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

I recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 30 May 2022

Executive Board

David Svante Hansen CEO



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of The Many Holding ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of The Many Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstate-



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ment, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the



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disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 30 May 2022 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Kaare von Cappeln state authorised public accountant mne11629 Jakob Thisted Binder state authorised public accountant mne42816



Company Information

The Company	The Many Holding ApS Amaliegade 21 DK-1256 København K
	CVR No: 39 05 68 79 Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: København
Executive Board	David Svante Hansen
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup



Management's Review

Key activities

The Company's purpose is to hold shares in other companies.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2021 shows a loss of DKK 5,903,555, and at 31 December 2021 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 1,930,999.

In the end of December 2021, the Company sold its shares in The Many A/S, which has resulted in a loss of DKK 5.697.816, which is recognized under financial expenses.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Gross profit/loss		-118.545	-12.500
Financial income		26.950	437.163
Financial expenses		-5.811.960	-346.603
Profit/loss before tax		-5.903.555	78.060
Tax on profit/loss for the year		0	0
Net profit/loss for the year		-5.903.555	78.060

Distribution of profit

Proposed distribution of profit

Retained earnings	-5.903.555	78.060
	-5.903.555	78.060



Balance Sheet 31 December

	Note	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Assets			
Other investments		0	90.560
Fixed asset investments	2	0	90.560
Fixed assets	_	0	90.560
Other receivables		0	7.825.637
Receivables	-	0	7.825.637
Cash at bank and in hand	-	2.053.569	0
Currents assets	-	2.053.569	7.825.637
Assets	-	2.053.569	7.916.197

Liabilities and equity

Share capital		219.053	50.000
Retained earnings		1.711.946	-63.160
Equity		1.930.999	-13.160
Convertible instruments of debt		0	7.825.537
Trade payables		0	12.500
Other payables		122.570	91.320
Short-term debt		122.570	7.929.357
Debt		122.570	7.929.357
Liabilities and equity		2.053.569	7.916.197
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	3		
Accounting Policies	4		



Statement of Changes in Equity

		Share premium	Retained	
	Share capital	account	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	50.000	0	-63.160	-13.160
Cash capital increase	169.053	7.678.661	0	7.847.714
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	-5.903.555	-5.903.555
Transfer from share premium account	0	-7.678.661	7.678.661	0
Equity at 31 December	219.053	0	1.711.946	1.930.999

Notes to the Financial Statements

		2021	2020
1	Special items	DKK	DKK
	Reversal of impairment on financial assets	0	90.560
	_	0	90.560
2	Fixed asset investments		Other investments DKK
	Cost at 1 January		90.560
	Additions for the year		7.760.620
	Disposals for the year		-7.851.180
	Cost at 31 December		0
3	Carrying amount at 31 December Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations		0

Contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of zauber holding ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

4 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of The Many Holding ApS for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2021 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.



Notes to the Financial Statements

4 Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise administration.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The Company is jointly taxed with zauber holding ApS. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance Sheet

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments, which consist of investments in other companies are measured at cost.

Investments which are not traded in an active market are measured at the lower of cost and recoverable amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

