Hailide Fibers Europe A/S

Hospitalsgade 10, 8900 Randers C CVR no. 39 04 82 56

Annual report 2019

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 20 May 2020





Building a better working world



Contents

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management's review	5
Financial statements 1 January - 31 December Income statement Balance sheet Statement of changes in equity Notes to the financial statements	6 6 7 9 10



Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Hailide Fibers Europe A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Randers, 20 May 2020 Executive Board:

Jorth Jorth

Board of Directors:

Junmin GE Chairman Lin Zhang

Martin Abildgård Jensen



Hailide Fibers Europe A/S Annual report 2019

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

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We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Randers, 20 May 2020 Executive Board:

Uffe CEL

Board of Directors:

Chairman

Mart Abildgård Jensen



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Hailide Fibers Europe A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hailide Fibers Europe A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.



Independent auditor's report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Aarhus, 20 May 2020 ERNST & YOUNG Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Henrik Pungvig Jensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne24825



Management's review

Company details	
Name Address, Postal code, City	Hailide Fibers Europe A/S Hospitalsgade 10, 8900 Randers C
CVR no. Established Registered office Financial year	39 04 82 56 26 October 2017 Randers 1 January - 31 December
Board of Directors	Junmin GE, Chairman Lin Zhang Martin Abildgård Jensen
Executive Board	Uffe Hjorth, CEO
Auditors	Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Værkmestergade 25, P.O. Box 330, 8100 Aarhus C, Denmark

Management commentary

Business review

Hailide Fibers Europe A/S is an international commercial fabrics firm trading in industrial yarn.

Financial review

The income statement for 2019 shows a profit of DKK 251,950 against a loss of DKK 1,753,291 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2019 shows equity of DKK 5,940,484. Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year satisfactory.

Events after the balance sheet date

The Company has generally achieved results in the first four months of 2020 in line with the Management's expectations. The Management has found that the worldwide COVID-19 outbreak will potentially affect the Company's profit and financial position in 2020. However, at the time of the financial reporting the Management cannot quantify the effect further as it will depend on the duration and extent of the virus outbreak.



Income statement

Note	DKK	2019 12 months	2017/18 14 months
2	Gross profit Staff costs Depreciation of equipment	2,123,386 -1,483,410 -9,443	475,635 -2,001,481 0
	Profit/loss before net financials Financial income Financial expenses	630,533 -40,532 -338,051	-1,525,846 964 -228,409
	Profit/loss for the year	251,950	-1,753,291
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Retained earnings/accumulated loss	251,950 251,950	-1,753,291
		251,950	-1,755,291



Balance sheet

Note	DKK ASSETS	2019	2017/18
3	Fixed assets Property, plant and equipment		
5	Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	45,496	0
		45,496	0
	Total fixed assets	45,496	0
	Non-fixed assets		
	Inventories Goods for resale	13,452,493	9,171,838
		13,452,493	9,171,838
	Receivables		
	Trade receivables Receivables from group enterprises Other receivables	9,972,197 77,413 82,144	4,916,280 110,400 138,241
		10,131,754	5,164,921
	Cash	821,278	844,124
	Total non-fixed assets	24,405,525	15,180,883
	TOTAL ASSETS	24,451,021	15,180,883



Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2019	2017/18
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
4	Share capital Retained earnings	7,441,825 -1,501,341	7,441,825 -1,753,291
	Total equity	5,940,484	5,688,534
	Liabilities other than provisions Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Bank debt	3,474,073	2,755,373
	Trade payables	564,230	952,938
	Payables to group enterprises	12,707,385	5,352,700
	Payables to associates	19,152	73,119
	Other payables	1,745,697	358,219
		18,510,537	9,492,349
	Total liabilities other than provisions	18,510,537	9,492,349
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	24,451,021	15,180,883

- Accounting policies
 Collateral
 Related parties



Statement of changes in equity

ДКК	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2019 Transfer through appropriation of profit	7,441,825 0	-1,753,291 251,950	5,688,534 251,950
Equity at 31 December 2019	7,441,825	-1,501,341	5,940,484



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Hailide Fibers Europe A/S for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Income statement

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods for resale, including technical yarn, is recognised in revenue when the most significant rewards and risks have been transferred to the buyer and provided the income can be measured reliably and payment is expected to be received. The date of the transfer of the most significant rewards and risks is based on standardised terms of delivery based on Incoterms[®] 2010.

Gross profit

The items revenue, cost of sales, other operating income and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales includes the cost of goods used in generating the year's revenue.

External expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, administration, premises, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation

The item comprises depreciation of other plant and equipment.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Fixtures and fittings, other plant and 5 years equipment

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, etc.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value. The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and expenses required to effect the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in the expected selling price.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Cash

Cash comprise cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

	DKK	2019 12 months	2017/18 14 months
2	Staff costs Wages/salaries Pensions Other social security costs Other staff costs	1,262,059 181,499 6,816 33,036	1,803,196 139,899 7,668 50,718
		1,483,410	2,001,481
	Average number of full-time employees	2	2



Notes to the financial statements

3 Property, plant and equipment

DKK	Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment
Cost at 1 January 2019 Additions	0 54,939
Cost at 31 December 2019	54,939
Revaluations at 1 January 2019	0
Revaluations at 31 December 2019	0
Depreciation	9,443
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2019	9,443
Carrying amount at 31 December 2019	45,496
Depreciated over	5 years

4 Share capital

The Company's share capital has remained DKK 7,441,825 in the past year.

The Company's share capital has remained DKK 7,441,825 since the establishment. Share capital have been fully paid and are divided in nom. 100 euro shares.

5 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2019.

6 Related parties

Hailide Fibers Europe A/S' related parties comprise the following:

Significant influence

Related party

Zeijiang Hailide New Material Co. Ltd.

Domicile Zeijiang, China Basis for significant influence 70% ownership

Zeijiang, Cł