

# Gerco-Fas ApS

c/o DENLAW Advokater  
Østergade 55  
1100 København K

CVR No. 39031663

## Annual Report 2019

2. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and  
adopted at the Annual General Meeting of  
the Company on 23 September 2020



Michael Graham Anderson  
Chairman

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**Gerco-Fas ApS**

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Gerco-Fas ApS

## Management's Statement

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Gerco-Fas ApS for the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019.

In my opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

København, 23 September 2020

### Executive Board



Michael Graham Anderson

Manager

## Independent Auditors' Report

To the shareholders of Gerco-Fas ApS

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Gerco-Fas ApS for the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet and notes. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibility under those standards and requirements are further described in our auditors' report under "Auditors' responsibility for the audit of the financial statements". As required by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we are independent of the Company, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management considers necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern; disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to either liquidate the Company or suspend operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### The auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is no guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and can be considered material if it would be reasonable to expect that these - either individually or collectively - could influence the economic decisions taken by the users of financial statements on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain an attitude of professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- \* Identify and assess the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for a material misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or override of internal control.
- \* Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

## Independent Auditors' Report

- \* Evaluate whether the accounting policies used are appropriate and whether the accounting estimates and the related disclosures made by Management are reasonable.
- \* Conclude on whether Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements is appropriate and, based on the audit evidence obtained, conclude on whether a material uncertainty exists relating to events or conditions, which could cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may imply that the Company can no longer remain a going concern.
- \* Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including note disclosures, and whether the financial statements reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control which we identify during our audit.

### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of opinion providing assurance regarding the Management's review.

Our responsibility in connection with our audit of the financial statements is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or with the knowledge we have gained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review meets the disclosure requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our procedures, we are of the opinion that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act. In our opinion, the Management's review is not materially misstated.

### Emphasis of matter regarding other matters

#### Violation of VAT legislation

In violation of the VAT Act, the company has reported incorrect VAT returns to SKAT, whereby the management may incur liability.

Søborg, 23 September 2020


#### Inforevision

Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab

CVR-no. 19263096

**Gerco-Fas ApS**

**Independent Auditors' Report**

  
Tore Randinsen Falk Kolby  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne32175

**Gerco-Fas ApS**

**Company details**

<b>Company</b>	Gerco-Fas ApS c/o DENLAW Advokater Østergade 55 1100 København K
<b>CVR No.</b>	39031663
<b>Date of formation</b>	24 October 2017
<b>Executive Board</b>	Michael Graham Anderson, Manager
<b>Auditors</b>	Inforevision Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab CVR-no.: 19263096

## Management's Review

### **The Company's principal activities**

The Company's principal activities consist in installation of passive fire-protection.

### **Insecurity regarding recognition or measurement**

There is no material insecurity regarding recognition or measurement.

### **Exceptional circumstances**

No exceptional circumstances have affected recognition or measurement.

### **Development in activities and financial matters**

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019 shows a result of DKK 411.974 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2019 a balance sheet total of DKK 2.958.899 and an equity of DKK 601.842.

### **Post financial year events**

After the end of the financial year, no events have occurred which may change the financial position of the entity substantially.

### **Expectations for the future**

The outbreak of COVID-19 is of great importance to the world economy. The Danish Government has launched some initiatives to mitigate its effects.

Consequences of COVID-19 are considered by management as an event that occurred after the balance sheet date (December 31, 2019) and therefore constitute a non-regulatory event for the company.

The Management is closely following the evolution of COVID-19 and its impact on the company. At present, it is not possible to assess the impact on the annual report for 2020, which is why the management cannot comment more specifically on this.



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## Accounting Policies

### Reporting Class

The Annual Report of Gerco-Fas ApS for 2019 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

### Reporting currency

The Annual Report is presented in Danish kroner.

### Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into DKK at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into DKK based on the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet day. Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the Income Statement under Financial Income and Expenses.

## General Information

### Basis of recognition and measurement

The financial statement have been prepared under the historical cost princip.

Income is recognised in the Income Statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the Income Statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the Income Statement.

Assets are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the Annual Report, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

## Income Statement

### Gross profit/loss

The Company has decided to aggregate certain items of the Income Statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit is a combination of the items of revenue, change in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and goods for resale, other operation income, cost of raw and consumables and other external expenses.

## Accounting Policies

### Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if the goods have been delivered and the risk has passed to the buyer before year-end and if the revenue can be reliably calculated and expected to be received. Revenue is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of sales discounts.

### External expenses

#### Other external expenses

Other external costs include costs for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss of debtors, operating leasing costs etc.

### Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages, salaries and other pay-related costs, such as sickness benefits for enterprise employees less wage/salary reimbursement, pensions and social security costs.

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the Income Statement based on the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, finance charges in respect of finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the tax prepayment scheme.

Dividends equity investments are recognised as income in the financial year in which the dividends are declared.

### Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

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## **Accounting Policies**

### **Balance Sheet**

#### **Deposits**

Deposits are measured at cost.

#### **Supply of services in progress**

Contract work in progress is measured at the selling price of the work performed. The selling price is measured by reference to the stage of completion at the reporting date and total expected income from the work in progress

Where it is difficult to determine a reliable selling price, the selling price is measured at the lower of costs incurred and the net realisable value.

Work in progress is recognised in the balance sheet under receivables or payables depending on the net value of the selling price less invoicing on account.

Prepayments from customers are recognised under liabilities.

Advertising from promotional costs and costs of negotiating contracts are expensed incurred.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

#### **Accrued income, assets**

Accrued income recognised in assets comprises prepaid costs regarding subsequent financial years.

#### **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

#### **Equity**

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in the articles of association.

#### **Current tax liabilities**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the Balance Sheet as calculated tax on the expected taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on taxable income for previous years as well as for tax prepaid.

#### **Liabilities**

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the Income Statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Mortgage debt is accordingly measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the outstanding balance in case of cash loans. In case of bond loans, amortised cost corresponds to the outstanding balance determined as the underlying cash value of the loans at the time of borrowing adjusted for amortisation of capital losses on the loans over the repayment period.

Other liabilities, comprising deposits, trade payables and other accounts payable, are measured at amortised cost,

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**Accounting Policies**

which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

**Other payables**

Other payables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value

**Contingent assets and liabilities**

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

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**Income Statement**

	Note	2019 kr.	2017/18 kr.
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>3.470.575</b>	<b>4.185.610</b>
Employee benefits expense	1	-2.856.845	-4.002.552
<b>Profit from ordinary operating activities</b>		<b>613.730</b>	<b>183.058</b>
Other finance income	2	3.055	0
Finance expences	3	-76.221	-3.436
<b>Profit from ordinary activities before tax</b>		<b>540.564</b>	<b>179.622</b>
Tax expense on ordinary activities		-128.590	-39.754
<b>Profit</b>		<b>411.974</b>	<b>139.868</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of results</b>			
Retained earnings		411.974	139.868
<b>Distribution of profit</b>		<b>411.974</b>	<b>139.868</b>

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Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2019 kr.	2018 kr.
<b>Assets</b>			
Deposits, investments		51.100	0
<b>Investments</b>		<u>51.100</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<u>51.100</u>	<u>0</u>
Short-term trade receivables		1.425.266	1.064.321
Contract work in progress	4	139.931	0
Short-term receivables from associates		1.087.376	986.081
Deferred income		13.750	0
<b>Receivables</b>		<u>2.666.323</u>	<u>2.050.402</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>		<u>241.476</u>	<u>58.399</u>
<b>Current assets</b>		<u>2.907.799</u>	<u>2.108.801</u>
<b>Assets</b>		<u>2.958.899</u>	<u>2.108.801</u>

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Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2019 kr.	2018 kr.
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>			
Contributed capital	5	50.000	50.000
Retained earnings	6	551.842	139.868
<b>Equity</b>		<b>601.842</b>	<b>189.868</b>
Trade payables		54.575	111.409
Tax payables		128.590	40.867
Other payables		2.173.892	1.766.657
<b>Short-term liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>2.357.057</b>	<b>1.918.933</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions within the business</b>		<b>2.357.057</b>	<b>1.918.933</b>
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>		<b>2.958.899</b>	<b>2.108.801</b>
Contingent liabilities	7		
Collaterals and assets pledges as security	8		

## Notes

	2019	2017/18
<b>1. Employee benefits expense</b>		
Wages and salaries	1.919.786	2.690.438
Post-employment benefit expense	48.786	0
Social security contributions	2.461	0
Other employee expense	885.812	1.312.114
	<u>2.856.845</u>	<u>4.002.552</u>
Average number of employees	<u>4</u>	<u>8</u>
<b>2. Finance income</b>		
Other finance income	3.055	0
	<u>3.055</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>3. Finance expenses</b>		
Other finance expenses	76.221	3.436
	<u>76.221</u>	<u>3.436</u>
<b>4. Contract work in progress</b>		
Sales value of work	139.931	0
<b>Net value of contract work</b>	<u>139.931</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>5. Contributed capital</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	50.000	0
Additions during the year	0	50.000
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<u>50.000</u>	<u>50.000</u>
<b>6. Retained earnings</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	139.868	0
Additions during the year	411.974	139.868
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<u>551.842</u>	<u>139.868</u>
<b>7. Contingent liabilities</b>		
No contingent liabilities exist at the balance sheet date.		
<b>8. Collaterals and securities</b>		
No securities or mortgages exist at the balance sheet date.		