

Arise Trading Group ApS

Vester Farimagsgade 4, 2., 1606 København V CVR no. 38 99 43 95

Annual report for 2019

Årsrapporten er godkendt på den ordinære generalforsamling, d. 17.06.20

Abbas Pirooznejad Dirigent



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Company information etc.

The company

Arise Trading Group ApS Vester Farimagsgade 4, 2. 1606 København V

Registered office: København V

CVR no.: 38 99 43 95

Financial year: 01.01 - 31.12

Executive Board

Abbas Pirooznejad

Auditors

Beierholm

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab



Arise Trading Group ApS

Statement of the Board of Directors on the annual report

I have on this day presented the annual report for the financial year 01.01.19 - 31.12.19 for Arise Trading Group ApS.

The annual report is presented in accordance with Danish Financial Statements Act (Årsregnskabsloven).

The financial statements have not been audited, and I declare that the relevant conditions have been met.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position as at 31.12.19 and of the results of the company's activities for the financial year 01.01.19 - 31.12.19.

I believe that the management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The annual report is submitted for adoption by the general meeting.

Beierholm Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab has assisted with bookkeeping, and I hereby confirm having reviewed and approved the result of this assistance.

Copenhagen, June 17, 2020

Executive Board

Abbas Pirooznejad



Arise Trading Group ApS

Practitioner's compilation report

To the management of Arise Trading Group ApS

Based on the company's book-keeping and other information provided by the management,

we have compiled the financial statements of Arise Trading Group ApS for the financial year

01.01.19 - 31.12.19.

The financial statements comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of

changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant

accounting policies.

We have performed our compilation engagement in accordance with the ISRS 4410 standard

on Engagements to Compile Financial Statements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the management with the preparation

and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial State-

ments Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms (Revisorloven) and the code of ethics of FSR – Danish Auditors, in-

cluding principles concerning integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

Management retains responsibility for the financial statements and for the accuracy and

completeness of the financial information on the basis of which the financial statements are

prepared and presented.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to

verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management for the compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we will not express an audit opinion or

a review conclusion on whether the financial statements are prepared in accordance with

the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Soeborg, Copenhagen, June 17, 2020

Beierholm

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 32 89 54 68

Carsten Collin

State Authorized Public Accountant

MNE-no. mne9406

BEIERHOLM VI SKABER BALANCE

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Primary activities

The company's activities comprise to conduct trading business with import and export.

Development in activities and financial affairs

The income statement for the period 01.01.19 - 31.12.19 shows a profit/loss of DKK -6,619 against DKK -13,265 for the period 09.10.17 - 31.12.18. The balance sheet shows equity of DKK 30,116.

Subsequent events

No important events have occurred after the end of the financial year.

Audit opt-out

The financial statements have not been audited, and the management declares that the relevant conditions have been met.



Income statement

•	Total	-6,619	-13,265
Ι	Retained earnings	-6,619	-13,265
]	Proposed appropriation account		
]	Loss for the year	-6,619	-13,265
]	Financial expenses	-218	0
(Gross loss	-6,401	-13,265
· _		DKK	DKK
		2019	09.10.17 31.12.18



Balance sheet

ASSETS

Note		31.12.19 DKK	31.12.18 DKK
	Receivables from group enterprises	12,795	5,670
	Total receivables	12,795	5,670
	Cash	212,936	34,190
	Total current assets	225,731	39,860
	Total assets	225,731	39,860



EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

Total equity and liabilities	225,731	39,860
Total payables	195,615	3,125
Total short-term payables	195,615	3,125
Other payables	195,615	3,125
Total equity	30,116	36,735
Retained earnings	-19,884	-13,265
Share capital	50,000	50,000
	31.12.19 DKK	31.12.18 DKK

¹ Contingent liabilities



² Charges and security

Statement of changes in equity

Figures in DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
Statement of changes in equity for 01.01.19 - 31.12.19			
Balance pr. 01.01.19 Net profit/loss for the year	50,000 0	-13,265 -6,619	36,735 -6,619
Balance as at 31.12.19	50,000	-19,884	30,116



1. Contingent liabilities

Other contingent liabilities

The company is taxed jointly with the other Danish companies in the group and has joint, several and unlimited liability for income taxes and any obligations to withhold tax at source on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed companies.

2. Charges and security

The company has not provided any security over assets.

3. Accounting policies

GENERAL

The annual report is presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act (Årsregnskabsloven) for enterprises in reporting class B.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently with previous years.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and write-downs, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of such assets can be measured reliably. Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company, and the value of such liabilities can be measured reliably. On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

On recognition and measurement, account is taken of foreseeable losses and risks arising before the date at which the annual report is presented and proving or disproving matters arising on or before the balance sheet date.



3. Accounting policies - continued -

INCOME STATEMENT

Gross loss

Gross loss comprises other external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs relating to distribution, sales and advertising and administration, premises and bad debts to the extent that these do not exceed normal writedowns.

Other net financials

Interest income and interest expenses etc. are recognised in other net financials.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The current and deferred tax for the year is recognised in the income statement as tax on the profit/loss for the year with the portion attributable to the profit/loss for the year, and directly in equity with the portion attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity.

The company is jointly taxed with Danish consolidated enterprises.

In connection with the settlement of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes. This means that enterprises with a tax loss receive joint taxation contributions from enterprises which have been able to use this loss to reduce their own taxable profit.

BALANCE SHEET

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value, less write-downs for bad debts.

Write-downs for bad debts are determined based on an individual assessment of each receivable if there is no objective evidence of individual impairment of a receivable.



3. Accounting policies - continued -

Cash

Cash includes deposits in bank accounts as well as operating cash.

Current and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the basis of the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax paid on account.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised as income tax under receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Deferred tax liabilities and tax assets are recognised on the basis of all temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax bases of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is non-amortisable for tax purposes and other items where temporary differences, except for acquisitions, have arisen at the date of acquisition without affecting the net profit or loss for the year or the taxable income. In cases where the tax value can be determined according to different taxation rules, deferred tax is measured on the basis of management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability.

Deferred tax assets are recognised, following an assessment, at the expected realisable value through offsetting against deferred tax liabilities or elimination in tax on future earnings.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and at the tax rates which, according to the legislation in force at the balance sheet date, will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

Payables

Short-term payables are measured at amortised cost, normally corresponding to the nominal value of such payables.

