

# Risskov Brynet Parkering B K/S

c/o Taurus Ejendomsadministration ApS  
Skovvejen 11, st., 8000 Aarhus C

CVR no. 38 95 12 54

## Annual report 2022

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 21 April 2023

Chair of the meeting:



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Souade Boutharouite

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## Statement by the Executive Board

Today, the Management has discussed and approved the annual report of Risskov Brynet Parkering B K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.


The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Aarhus, 21 April 2023  
Executive Board:



Mary Jane Pascual



Timm Grün



Souade Boutharouite

## Independent auditor's report

To the limited partners of Risskov Brynet Parkering B K/S

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Risskov Brynet Parkering B K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

## Independent auditor's report

- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 21 April 2023  
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR no. 30 70 02 28



Kaare K. Lendorf  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne33819

## Management's review

### Company details

Name	Risskov Brynet Parkering B K/S
Address, Postal code, City	c/o Taurus Ejendomsadministration ApS Skovvejen 11, st., 8000 Aarhus C
CVR no.	38 95 12 54
Established	14 September 2017
Registered office	Aarhus
Financial year	1 January - 31 December
Executive Board	Mary Jane Pascual Timm Grün Souade Boutharouite
General Partner	Strandholmen GP S.a.r.l.
Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg, Denmark

## Management's review

### Business review

The purpose of the company is to acquire and operate real estate. The company may provide guarantees, raise loans, grant loans or otherwise directly or indirectly assist with the financing of the group. The Company may, at its own expense or on behalf of a third party, carry on any business useful or necessary to fulfill its purposes or purposes which are directly or indirectly related to its own or a third party's purpose.

### Financial review

The income statement for 2022 shows a loss of DKK 761,608 against a loss of DKK 161,104 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows equity of DKK 30,865,441.

As the company's purpose is investment in properties, the Company is affected by changes in the property market, including the general economic conditions.

The market situation in the real estate sector is affected by uncertainty, as a result high inflation and increasing interest rates. However, the company's activities have not been significantly affected by this.

The uncertainty related to interest rates and yields has created a gap between buyers' and sellers' expectation to sales prices of properties which is reflected in the lower transaction volume for investment properties in late 2022.

This has been reflected in the valuation of the company's properties.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Income statement

Note	DKK	2022	2021
	Gross profit/loss	-106,183	-105,613
	Fair value adjustment of investment property	-651,000	-49,000
	Profit/loss before net financials	-757,183	-154,613
	Financial income	1,479	0
	Financial expenses	-5,904	-6,491
	Profit/loss for the year	-761,608	-161,104
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss		
	Extraordinary dividend distributed in the year	0	1,500,000
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-761,608	-1,661,104
		-761,608	-161,104



## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Balance sheet

Note	DKK	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
	<b>ASSETS</b>		
	Fixed assets		
3	Property, plant and equipment	23,570,000	24,221,000
4	Investment property	<u>23,570,000</u>	<u>24,221,000</u>
	<b>Total fixed assets</b>	<u>23,570,000</u>	<u>24,221,000</u>
	Non-fixed assets		
	Receivables	6,666,235	6,666,235
	Receivables from group enterprises	13,383	23,734
	Other receivables	<u>6,679,618</u>	<u>6,689,969</u>
	Cash	866,841	867,628
	<b>Total non-fixed assets</b>	<u>7,546,459</u>	<u>7,557,597</u>
	<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<u><u>31,116,459</u></u>	<u><u>31,778,597</u></u>
	<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		
	Equity	100,000	100,000
	Share capital	30,765,441	31,527,049
	Retained earnings	<u>30,865,441</u>	<u>31,627,049</u>
	<b>Total equity</b>		
	Liabilities other than provisions		
5	Non-current liabilities other than provisions	24,395	28,150
	Deposits	<u>24,395</u>	<u>28,150</u>
	<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		
	Trade payables	40,827	123,398
	Payables to group enterprises	185,796	0
		<u>226,623</u>	<u>123,398</u>
	<b>Total liabilities other than provisions</b>	<u>251,018</u>	<u>151,548</u>
	<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>	<u><u>31,116,459</u></u>	<u><u>31,778,597</u></u>

- 1 Accounting policies
- 2 Staff costs
- 6 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
- 7 Related parties

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2021	100,000	33,188,153	33,288,153
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-161,104	-161,104
Proposed extraordinary dividend recognised under equity	0	-1,500,000	-1,500,000
Equity at 1 January 2022	100,000	31,527,049	31,627,049
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-761,608	-761,608
Equity at 31 December 2022	100,000	30,765,441	30,865,441

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Risskov Brynet Parkering B K/S for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognized in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognized in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will be deducted company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each accounting item below.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### Income statement

##### Revenue

Rental income is recognised on a straight line-basis over the term of the lease.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

##### Gross profit/loss

The items revenue, expenses, property and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit/loss in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

##### Expenses, property

Property expenses include expenses relating to renting out the Company's investment property, including expenses relating to running and maintaining such property.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

##### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

##### Balance sheet

##### Investment property

On initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost. Investment property is subsequently measured at fair value, and the value adjustment for the year is recognised in the income statement under the item "Fair value adjustment of investment property". The fair value is based on the expected future cash flows for the investment property.

##### Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables. Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

##### Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

##### Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

##### Income taxes

The Limited Partnership is not subject to taxation.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

##### Fair value

The fair value measurement is based on the principal market. If no principal market exists, the measurement is based on the most advantageous market, i.e. the market that maximises the price of the asset or liability less transaction and/or transport costs.

All assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value, or whose fair value is disclosed, are classified based on the fair value hierarchy, see below:

Level 1: Value in an active market for similar assets/liabilities

Level 2: Value based on recognised valuation methods on the basis of observable market information

Level 3: Value based on recognised valuation methods and reasonable estimates (non-observable market information).

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 2 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

#### 3 Property, plant and equipment

DKK	Investment property
Cost at 1 January 2022	20,867,574
Cost at 31 December 2022	20,867,574
Revaluations at 1 January 2022	3,353,426
Value adjustments for the year	-651,000
Revaluations at 31 December 2022	2,702,426
Carrying amount at 31 December 2022	23,570,000

#### 4 Investment property

##### Fair value estimation

Assumptions underlying the determination of fair value of investment properties

The company's investments property is measured at fair value after the fair value hierarchy level 3.

The fair value is an estimate made by management based on information available and actual expectations as to the future.

Independent appraiser are consulted for purposes of estimating the fair values.

A weighted exit yield of 3.90% and a discount rate of 5.90% has been applied in the market value assessment at 31 December 2022.

The company's investment property is 100% parking and residential.

The investment property is located in the area of Aarhus.

The property is valued at fair value based on DCF model, which is based on forecasts for future cash flows that the individual property is expected to generate, expected CAPEX investments and development in vacancy.

The fair value has been assessed together for Risskov Brynet III K/S and Risskov Brynet Parkering B K/S, which amounts to DKK 145,000,000. The fair value has been allocated to the two entities based on the original cost price. The assumptions below are based on the total value of DKK 145,000,000.

- ▶ The fair value of investment properties amounts to DKK 23,570,000
- ▶ Budget period: 10 years
- ▶ residential rent per sqm: DKK 1,479
- ▶ Parking rent per lot: DKK 316 monthly
- ▶ Operating expenses per sqm: DKK 318
- ▶ Hereof external maintenance cost per sqm: DKK 45
- ▶ Net yield: 3.90%

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

Changes in estimated required rate of return for investment properties will affect the value of investment properties recognized in the balance sheet as well as value adjustments carried in the income statement.

An increase in the discount rate by 0.5 percentage points will imply a decrease in the fair value of DKK 1,841,000. A decrease in the discount rate by 0.5 percentage points will imply an increase in the fair value of DKK 2,182,500.

An increase in the rate of exit yield by 0.5 percentage points will imply a decrease in the fair value of DKK 2,678,500. A decrease in the rate of exit yield by 0.5 percentage points will imply an increase in the fair value of DKK 3,466,000.

#### 5 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

DKK	Total debt at 31/12 2022	Repayment, next year	Long-term portion	Outstanding debt after 5 years
	24,395	0	24,395	24,395
Deposits	24,395	0	24,395	24,395

#### 6 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Contingent liabilities

The limited partnership has guaranteed Risskov Brynet III K/S by joint and several liability.

#### 7 Related parties

Risskov Brynet Parkering B K/S' related parties comprise the following:

Parties exercising control

Related party	Domicile	Basis for control
Strandholmen GP S.a.r.l.	Luxembourg	General Partner