

## **Biovac Danmark A/S**

Hesselly 12  
6000 Kolding

CVR no. 38 88 04 38

### **Annual report for 2017**

(1st Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on  
31 January 2018

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Petter Mellquist  
chairman

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## **Statement by management on the annual report**

The supervisory and executive boards have today discussed and approved the annual report of Biovac Danmark A/S for the financial year 24 August - 31 December 2017.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 24 August - 31 December 2017.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved at the annual general meeting.

Kolding, 29 January 2018

### **Executive board**

Peter Dalgaard

### **Board of Directors**

Eskil Møllegaard

Terje Wilhelmsen

Petter Mellquist

Peter Dalgaard

## **Independent auditor's report**

### **To the shareholder of Biovac Danmark A/S**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Biovac Danmark A/S for the financial year 24 August - 31 December 2017, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 december 2017 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 24 August - 31 December 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Management's responsibilities for the financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

## **Independent auditor's report**

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on management's review**

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.


Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## **Independent auditor's report**

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Hellerup, 29 January 2018

CVR no. 33 25 68 76

 Crowe Horwath.

Søren Jonassen  
Statsautoriseret revisor  
MNE no. mne18488

## Company details

### **The company**

Biovac Danmark A/S  
Hesselly 12  
6000 Kolding

CVR no.: 38 88 04 38

Reporting period: 24 August - 31 December 2017

Incorporated: 24. August 2017

Domicile: Kolding

### **Board of Directors**

Eskil Møllegaard  
Terje Wilhelmsen  
Petter Mellquist  
Peter Dalgaard

### **Executive board**

Peter Dalgaard

### **Auditors**

Crowe Horwath  
Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab  
Rygårds Allé 104  
2900 Hellerup

## **Management's review**

### **Business activities**

Biovac Danmark A/S' purpose is to be marketing, sales as well servicing of Biovac Environmental Technology Norway A/S (BET) products in Denmark, the BET product palette is mainly product within wastewater treatment plants.

### **Business review**

Biovac Danmark A/S was established the 24th august 2017 and the first months was dedicated to establishing the foundation for the company witch result in a negative result (loss) for 2017 of DKK 269.566, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2017 shows an equity of DKK 230.434, the negative result for the year was expected and in-line with the budget for 2017.

For the finance year 2018 we estimate and expect a positive result.

### **Other relevant information**

Peter Dalgaard's former employer, KD Maskinfabrik A/S, has chosen to sue him and Pe-Dal Holding ApS due to his start of Biovac Denmark A/S. This has inevitably meant that Peter Dalgaard and Biovac's board of Directors unfortunately must spend time and resources related to this.

*Biovac Danmark is not a part in above mentioned case.*

It's our management clear expectations, that after the main negotiation in the Court (Retten i Horsens) all requirement against Peter Dalgaard will be waived.

### **Significant events occurring after end of reporting period**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.



## **Accounting policies**

The annual report of Biovac Danmark A/S for 2017 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The annual report for 2017 is presented in DKK

As 2017 is the company's first reporting period, no comparatives have been presented.

### **Basis of recognition and measurement**

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any instalments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit**

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue and other operating income less raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

#### **Financial income and expenses**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, including changes arising from changes in tax rates, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

### **Balance sheet**

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise costs incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

#### **Equity**

##### **Dividend**

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability at the date of declaration by the annual general meeting.

#### **Income tax and deferred tax**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

#### **Liabilities**

Liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

**Income statement**  
**24 August 2017 - 31 December 2017**

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2017</u> DKK
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>-71.304</b>
Staff costs	1	<u>-273.157</u>
<b>Profit/loss before financial income and expenses</b>		<b>-344.461</b>
Financial costs		<u>-1.137</u>
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>-345.598</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	<u>76.032</u>
<b>Net profit/loss for the year</b>		<b><u><u>-269.566</u></u></b>
 <b>Proposed distribution of profit</b>		
Retained earnings		<u>-269.566</u>
		<b><u><u>-269.566</u></u></b>

## Balance sheet at 31 December 2017

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2017</u> DKK
<b>Assets</b>		
Other receivables		17.185
Deferred tax asset		76.032
Prepayments		<u>13.645</u>
<b>Receivables</b>		<b><u>106.862</u></b>
<b>Cash at bank and in hand</b>		<b><u>181.099</u></b>
<b>Current assets total</b>		<b><u>287.961</u></b>
<b>Assets total</b>		<b><u><u>287.961</u></u></b>

## Balance sheet at 31 December 2017

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2017</u> DKK
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>		
Share capital		500.000
Retained earnings		<u>-269.566</u>
<b>Equity</b>	3	<u><b>230.434</b></u>
Trade payables		19.199
Other payables		<u>38.328</u>
<b>Short-term debt</b>		<u><b>57.527</b></u>
<b>Debt total</b>		<u><b>57.527</b></u>
<b>Liabilities and equity total</b>		<u><u><b>287.961</b></u></u>
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	4	

## Notes

	<u>2017</u>
	DKK
<b>1 Staff costs</b>	
Wages and salaries	272.021
Other social security costs	<u>1.136</u>
	<b><u>273.157</u></b>
Average number of employees	<u>1</u>
<b>2 Tax on profit/loss for the year</b>	
Deferred tax for the year	<u>-76.032</u>
	<b><u>-76.032</u></b>

## Notes

### 3 Equity

	<u>Share capital</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Equity at 24 August 2017	500.000	0	500.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-269.566	-269.566
<b>Equity at 31 December 2017</b>	<b><u>500.000</u></b>	<b><u>-269.566</u></b>	<b><u>230.434</u></b>

### 4 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

The company has entered into a lease agreement with a total commitment of t.DKK 15.