# Trophy Games Publishing ApS

c/o Matrikel 1, Højbro Plads 10, DK-1200 København K

## Annual Report for 2020

CVR-nr. 38 87 77 20

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 27/1 2021

Daniel Luun Chairman of the general meeting



## **Contents**

|  | Page |
|--|------|
| Management's Statement and Auditor's Report        |      |
| Management's statement                             | 1    |
| Independent Auditor's report                       | 2    |
| Management's Review                                |      |
| Company information                                | 4    |
| Management's review                                | 5    |
| Financial Statements                               |      |
| Income statement 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020 | 6    |
| Balance sheet 31 December 2020                     | 7    |
| Statement of changes in equity                     | 9    |
| Notes to the Financial Statements                  | 10   |



## Management's statement

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of Trophy Games Publishing ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2020.

In my opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

I recommend that the Financial Statements be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

København K, 27 January 2021

**Executive Board** 

Daniel Luun CEO



## **Independent Auditor's report**

To the shareholder of Trophy Games Publishing ApS

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Trophy Games Publishing ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

## Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



## **Independent Auditor's report**

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Aarhus C, 27 January 2021

**PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No 33 77 12 31

Mads Meldgaard State Authorised Public Accountant mne24826 Martin Stenstrup Toft State Authorised Public Accountant mne42786



## **Company information**

The Company

Trophy Games Publishing ApS c/o Matrikel 1 Højbro Plads 10 DK-1200 København K

CVR No: 38 87 77 20

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: København

**Executive board** Daniel Luun

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Jens Chr. Skous Vej 1 8000 Aarhus C



## Management's review

## **Key activities**

The company's purpose is to conduct business with the development, manufacture, sale, operation and publication of computer games, tablet and mobilephone games and related products, including especially online games, as well as directly or indirectly to run other business that in the opinion of the Executive Board is related to.

## Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2020 shows a profit of DKK 567.543, which is considered satisfactory.

### **Subsequent events**

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



## **Income statement 1 January - 31 December**

|  | Note | 2020       | 2019       |
|--|------|------------|------------|
|  |      | DKK        | DKK        |
| Gross profit/loss                                |      | 3,367,501  | 3,021,438  |
| Staff expenses                                   | 1    | -2,649,098 | -2,220,589 |
| Profit/loss before financial income and expenses | -    | 718,403    | 800,849    |
| Financial income                                 |      | 15,627     | 0          |
| Financial expenses                               |      | -5,821     | -7,700     |
| Profit/loss before tax                           | -    | 728,209    | 793,149    |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year                  | 2    | -160,681   | -174,482   |
| Net profit/loss for the year                     | -    | 567,528    | 618,667    |
|  |      |            |            |
| Distribution of profit                           |      |            |            |
|  |      | 2020       | 2019       |
|  | -    | DKK        | DKK        |
| Proposed distribution of profit                  |      |            |            |
| Retained earnings                                |      | 567,528    | 618,667    |
|  | -    | 567,528    | 618,667    |



## **Balance sheet 31 December**

## Assets

|                          | Note | 2020      | 2019      |
|--------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|
|                          |      | DKK       | DKK       |
| Trade receivables        |      | 3,146,573 | 2,547,291 |
| Other receivables        |      | 455,852   | 205,694   |
| Receivables              |      | 3,602,425 | 2,752,985 |
|                          |      |           |           |
| Cash at bank and in hand |      | 1,232,755 | 1,719,832 |
| Current assets           | -    | 4,835,180 | 4,472,817 |
| Assets                   |      | 4,835,180 | 4,472,817 |



## **Balance sheet 31 December**

## Liabilities and equity

|  | Note | 2020      | 2019      |
|--|------|-----------|-----------|
|  |      | DKK       | DKK       |
| Share capital  |      | 50,000    | 50,000    |
| Retained earnings  |      | 1,026,896 | 459,369   |
| Equity   |      | 1,076,896 | 509,369   |
| Trade payables   |      | 586,776   | 74,440    |
| Payables to group enterprises                                  |      | 2,387,141 | 3,449,749 |
| Payables to group enterprises relating to corporation tax      |      | 160,681   | 174,482   |
| Other payables   |      | 623,686   | 264,777   |
| Short-term debt  |      | 3,758,284 | 3,963,448 |
| Debt   |      | 3,758,284 | 3,963,448 |
| Liabilities and equity   |      | 4,835,180 | 4,472,817 |
|  |      |           |           |
| Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations | 3    |           |           |
| Accounting Policies  | 4    |           |           |



# **Statement of changes in equity**

|                              | Share capital | Retained earnings | Total     |
|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|
|                              | DKK           | DKK               | DKK       |
| Equity at 1 January          | 50,000        | 459,368           | 509,368   |
| Net profit/loss for the year | 0             | 567,528           | 567,528   |
| Equity at 31 December        | 50,000        | 1,026,896         | 1,076,896 |



## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

|                                | 2020      | 2019      |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                | DKK       | DKK       |
| 1. Staff Expenses              |           |           |
| Wages and salaries             | 2,548,129 | 2,109,429 |
| Other social security expenses | 19,029    | 10,982    |
| Other staff expenses           | 81,940    | 100,178   |
|                                | 2,649,098 | 2,220,589 |
| Average number of employees    | 6         | 5         |
|                                | 2020      | 2019      |
|                                | DKK       | DKK       |
| 2. Income tax expense          |           |           |
| Current tax for the year       | 160,681   | 174,482   |
|                                | 160,681   | 174,482   |

## 3. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

### **Contingent liabilities**

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Trophy Games Development ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.



## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## 4. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Trophy Games Publishing ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2020 are presented in DKK.

### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

## **Income statement**

#### Net sales

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the goods sold have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

### Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Expenses for raw materials and consumables comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.

## Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and as well as office expenses, etc.

#### Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, expenses for raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

#### Staff expenses

Staff costs include wages and salaries including compensated absence and pensions as well as other social security contributions etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.



## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Trophy Games Development ApS. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

## **Balance** sheet

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

#### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

### Financial debts

Loans are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. Subsequently, the loans are measured at amortised cost; the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised as an interest expense in the income statement over the loan period.

Mortgage loans are measured at amortised cost, which for cash loans corresponds to the remaining loan. Amortised cost of debenture loans corresponds to the remaining loan calculated as the underlying cash value of the loan at the date of raising the loan adjusted for depreciation of the price adjustment of the loan made over the term of the loan at the date of raising the loan.

Other debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

