PKF Munkebo Vindelev Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab



Annual report 21 August 2017 - 31 December 2018

Company reg. no. 38 87 31 80

Quick Parking Real Estate Denmark ApS

Hovedvejen 56

2600 Glostrup

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 9 July 2019.

Albert Weerman Chairman of the meeting

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Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Management's report

The managing director has today presented the annual report of Quick Parking Real Estate Denmark ApS for the financial year 21 August 2017 to 31 December 2018.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in my opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 21 August 2017 to 31 December 2018.

I am of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

Glostrup, 9 July 2019

Managing Director

Albert Weerman

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Quick Parking Real Estate Denmark ApS

Opinion

We have audited the annual accounts of Quick Parking Real Estate Denmark ApS for the financial year 21 August 2017 to 31 December 2018, which comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes. The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 21 August 2017 to 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The management's responsibilities for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the annual accounts.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the annual accounts, including the
 disclosures in the notes, and whether the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Glostrup, 9 July 2019

PKF Munkebo Vindelev State Authorised Public Accountants Company reg. no. 14 11 92 99

Kasper Vindelev State Authorised Public Accountant mne29389

Company data

The company Quick Parking Real Estate Denmark ApS

Hovedvejen 56 2600 Glostrup

Company reg. no. 38 87 31 80
Established: 21 August 2017
Domicile: City of Glostrup

Financial year: 21 August 2017 - 31 December 2018

1st financial year

Managing Director Albert Weerman

Auditors PKF Munkebo Vindelev, Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab

Hovedvejen 56 2600 Glostrup

Bankers Danske Bank, Holmens Kanal 2, 1092 København K

Parent company Quick Parking Real Estate Holding B.V.

Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The Company's object is to operate within buying, leasing, renting, operating and selling land and buildings for the operating of car parking as well as any other activity that is related to or can support the activities above mentioned.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross loss for the year is DKK -48.000. The results from ordinary activities after tax are DKK -48.000. The management consider the results satisfactory.

The company has lost more than 50 % of the equity and is thereby included in the regulation of the Danish Company Act. art. 119.

Events subsequent to the financial year

No events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, which would have material impact on the financial position of the company.

Accounting policies used

The annual report for Quick Parking Real Estate Denmark ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has chosen to comply with some of the rules applying for class C enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concern matters existing on the balance sheet date.

THE PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Gross loss

The gross loss comprises other external costs.

Other external costs comprise costs for administration.

Net financials

Net financials comprise interest. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concern the financial year.

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

Accounting policies used

THE BALANCE SHEET

Debtors

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

Available funds

Available funds comprise cash at bank.

Equity

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses eligible for carry-over, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Profit and loss account

All amounts in DKK.

Note	21/8 2017 - 31/12 2018
Gross loss	-47.829
Other financial income	257
Other financial costs	-334
Results before tax	-47.906
Tax on ordinary results	0
Results for the year	-47.906
Proposed distribution of the results:	
Allocated from results brought forward	-47.906
Distribution in total	-47.906

Balance sheet

All amounts in DKK.

Assets

Note	31/12 2018
Current assets	
Amounts owed by group enterprises	27.769
Debtors in total	27.769
Available funds	7.382
Current assets in total	35.151
Assets in total	35.151

Balance sheet

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities

Note	31/12 2018	
Equity		
1 Contributed capital	50.000	
2 Results brought forward	-47.906	
Equity in total	2.094	
Liabilities		
Trade creditors	33.056	
Other debts	1	
Short-term liabilities in total	33.057	
Liabilities in total	33.057	
Equity and liabilities in total	35.151	

3 Contingencies

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

		31/12 2018
1.	Contributed capital	
	Contributed capital 21 August 2017	50.000
		50.000
2.	Results brought forward	
	Results brought forward 21 August 2017	0
	Profit or loss for the year brought forward	-47.906
		-47.906

3. Contingencies

Contingent assets

The deferred tax asset of t.DKK 11 has not been recognsed due to uncertainty regarding the timeline for future usage.