



Founders Collective Invest I K/S

Gorkis Alle 7
2860 Søborg
CVR No. 38817361

Annual report 2019

The Annual General Meeting adopted the
annual report on 19.03.2020

Tommy Andersen

Chairman of the General Meeting

Contents

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2019	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2019	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2019	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	13

Entity details

Entity

Founders Collective Invest I K/S

Gorkis Alle 7

2860 Søborg

CVR No.: 38817361

Date of foundation: 21.07.2017

Registered office: Gladsaxe

Financial year: 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019

Executive Board

Tommy Andersen, Director

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Weidekampsgade 6

P. O. Box 1600

0900 Copenhagen C

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Founders Collective Invest I K/S for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 19.03.2020

Executive Board

Tommy Andersen
Director

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Founders Collective Invest I K/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Founders Collective Invest I K/S for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 19.03.2020

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No. 33963556

Bill Haudal Pedersen

State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne30131

Management commentary

Primary activities

The fund's main activity is to act as a feeder fund for byFounders VC Fund I K/S

Development in activities and finances

The fund's income statement for 2019 shows a profit of DKK 31,089 thousand and at December 31, 2019, the balance sheet of the fund shows equity of DKK 21,400 thousand.

The executive board considers the profit satisfactory.

Events after the balance sheet date

The outbreak and spread of COVID-19 at the beginning of 2020 has caused stock markets around the world to fall dramatically in March 2020. This and the effect from the lock down of many countries is also expected to have an impact on the valuation of the company's investment assets.

Due to the general uncertainty that currently exists associated with assessing the future impact of COVID-19, there is considerable uncertainty associated with the assessment of the fair values of the investment assets, but there is currently no need for further impairment of the investment portfolio.

Income statement for 2019

	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Gross profit/loss		(94,878)	(115,897)
Income from other financial assets		3,206,171	35,468
Other financial income		(13,415)	23,392
Other financial expenses		(11,050)	(11,000)
Profit/loss for the year		3,086,828	(68,037)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		3,086,828	(68,037)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		3,086,828	(68,037)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2019

Assets

	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Other investments		12,201,983	2,859,298
Other financial assets	3	12,201,983	2,859,298
Fixed assets		12,201,983	2,859,298
Receivables from group enterprises		133,959	0
Other receivables		1,381,250	243,750
Receivables		1,515,209	243,750
Cash		7,701,543	4,798,325
Current assets		9,216,752	5,042,075
Assets		21,418,735	7,901,373

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Contributed capital		17,976,250	8,672,500
Reserve for non-paid contributed capital		1,381,250	243,750
Retained earnings		2,042,485	(1,044,343)
Equity		21,399,985	7,871,907
Other payables		18,750	29,466
Current liabilities other than provisions		18,750	29,466
Liabilities other than provisions		18,750	29,466
Equity and liabilities		21,418,735	7,901,373
Events after the balance sheet date	1		
Contingent liabilities	4		

Statement of changes in equity for 2019

	Contributed capital DKK	Reserve for non-paid contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	8,672,500	243,750	(1,044,343)	7,871,907
Increase of capital	9,303,750	1,137,500	0	10,441,250
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	3,086,828	3,086,828
Equity end of year	17,976,250	1,381,250	2,042,485	21,399,985

Notes

1 Events after the balance sheet date

The outbreak and spread of COVID-19 at the beginning of 2020 has caused stock markets around the world to fall dramatically in March 2020. This and the effect from the lock down of many countries is also expected to have an impact on the valuation of the company's investment assets.

Due to the general uncertainty that currently exists associated with assessing the future impact of COVID-19, there is considerable uncertainty associated with the assessment of the fair values of the investment assets, but there is currently no need for further impairment of the investment portfolio.

2 Other external expenses

The fund has no employees.

The Executive Board has not received any remuneration.

3 Financial assets

	Other investments DKK
Cost beginning of year	3,062,069
Additions	6,136,514
Cost end of year	9,198,583
Revaluations beginning of year	(202,771)
Fair value adjustments	3,206,171
Revaluations end of year	3,003,400
Carrying amount end of year	12,201,983

Other investments consists of shares in byFounders VC Fund I K/S, where other investments are measured at fair value.

Other investments in byFounders VC Fund I K/S comprise the following instruments:

- 1) Equity investments in non-listed companies
- 2) SAFE-notes (simple agreements for future equity)
- 3) Convertible debt instruments

The valuation is based on the price of recent investment, including currency adjustments, consistent with the IPEV Valuation guidelines.

The shares in byFounders VC Fund I K/S are measured in accordance with the relative part of the equity value, as the best expression of fair value.

4 Contingent liabilities

The fund has no guarantees or contingent liabilities, but has an outstanding commitment of DKK 33m.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss includes other external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

Income from other fixed asset investments

Income from other fixed asset investments comprises gains in the form of fair value adjustment, interest, dividends, etc on fixed asset investments.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprise interest income and net capital or exchange gains on transactions in foreign currencies.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and net capital or exchange losses on transactions in foreign currencies.

Balance sheet**Other investments**

Other investments comprise investments in byFounders VC Fund I K/S, which is measured at fair value at the balance sheet date in accordance with the Danish Financial Statement Act § 37. Value adjustments are recognized in the income statement. The shares in byFounders VC Fund I K/S are measured in accordance with the relative part of the equity value, as the best expression of fair value.

The valuation of simple agreements for future equity (SAFE-notes), depends on the valuation of the underlying companies. The SAFE-notes will only be exercised, if the underlying companies issue stocks, engage in an initial public offering or a change of the companies control occurs.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.