# **RLG Property Denmark ApS**

c/o Capital Investment A/S, Sankt Annæ Plads 13, 2. th., 1250 København K.

Company reg. no. 38 81 66 91

**Annual report** 

1 April 2022 - 31 March 2023

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 30 June 2023.

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#### Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

# Management's statement

Today, the executive board has presented the annual report of RLG Property Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 April 2022 - 31 March 2023.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies appropriate and, in our opinion, the financial statements provide a fair presentation of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 March 2023 and of the company's results of activities in the financial year 1 April 2022 – 31 March 2023.

We are of the opinion that the management commentary presents a fair account of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

København K., 30 June 2023

#### **Executive board**

Axel Denis Meyer

Pierre Raynal

#### To the shareholders of RLG Property Denmark ApS

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 March 2023, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 April 2022 - 31 March 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of RLG Property Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 April 2022 - 31 March 2023, which comprise summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements"), income statement, balance sheet and statement of changes in equity and notes.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

# Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

# Independent auditor's report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 30 June 2023

# **PricewaterhouseCoopers**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Company reg. no. 33 77 12 31

Mjaj-Britt Nørskov Nannestad State Authorised Public Accountant mne32198 Christopher Kowalczyk State Authorised Public Accountant mne47863

# **Company information**

The company RLG Property Denmark ApS

c/o Capital Investment A/S Sankt Annæ Plads 13, 2. th.

1250 København K.

Company reg. no. 38 81 66 91 Established: 25 July 2017

Financial year: 1 April - 31 March

**Executive board** Axel Denis Meyer

Pierre Raynal

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

# Management's review

# **Key activities**

The Purpose of the Company is to invest and develop in real estate, including rental and sale, as well as other related activities.

# **Development in activities and financial matters**

The income statement of the company for 2022/23 shows a loss of DKK 14,891,763, and at 31 March 2023 the balance sheet of the company shows equity at DKK 116,760,009.

# **Accounting policies**

The annual report for RLG Property Denmark ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenue is recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

# Income statement

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise operating expenses for the year.

### **Financial expenses**

Financial expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

### Tax on profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The company is jointly taxed with wholly owned Danish and foreign subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to entreprises in proportion of their taxable incomes.

# Statement of financial position

#### **Investments**

#### **Investments in subsidiaries**

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, writedown is made to this lower value.

# Cash on hand and demand deposits

Cash on hand and demand deposits comprise cash at bank.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

### **Financial debts**

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominel value.

# Income statement 1 April - 31 March

Not	e -	2022/23	2021/22
	Other external expenses	-20.412	-76.825
	Gross profit/loss	-20.412	-76.825
	Income from investments in subsidiaries	-14.875.472	-5.266.446
	Financial expenses	-474	-1.351
	Profit before tax	-14.896.358	-5.344.622
2	Tax on profit/loss for the year	4.595	17.199
	Net profit or loss for the year	-14.891.763	-5.327.423
	Proposed distribution of net profit:		
	Allocated from retained earnings	-14.891.763	-5.327.423
	Total allocations and transfers	-14.891.763	-5.327.423

# **Balance sheet at 31 March**

Assets	5
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	Assets		
Not	e -	2023	2022
	Non-current assets		
3	Investments in subsidiaries	116.666.607	131.542.079
	Total investments	116.666.607	131.542.079
	Total non-current assets	116.666.607	131.542.079
	Current assets		
	Income tax receivables	4.595	40.414
	Total receivables	4.595	40.414
	Cash at bank and in hand	106.306	86.778
	Total current assets	110.901	127.192
	Total assets	116.777.508	131.669.271

# **Balance sheet at 31 March**

Equity and liabilities		
Note	2023	2022
Equity		
Share capital	54.000	54.000
Retained earnings	116.706.009	131.597.772
Total equity	116.760.009	131.651.772
Liabilities other than provisions		
Other payables	17.499	17.499
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	17.499	17.499
Total liabilities other than provisions	17.499	17.499
Total equity and liabilities	116.777.508	131.669.271

- 1 Subsequent events
- 4 Contingencies
- 5 Related parties

# Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 April 2021	54.000	136.925.195	136.979.195
Retained earnings for the year	0	-5.327.423	-5.327.423
Equity 1 April 2022	54.000	131.597.772	131.651.772
Retained earnings for the year	0	-14.891.763	-14.891.763
Equity 31 March 2023	54.000	116.706.009	116.760.009

All amounts in DKK.

### 1. Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occured after the balance sheet date.

		2022/23	2021/22
2.	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Tax on net profit or loss for the year	-4.595	-40.414
	Deferred tax for the year	0	23.215
		-4.595	-17.199
3.	Investments in subsidiaries		
	Cost 1 April 2022	138.720.000	138.720.000
	Cost 31 March 2023	138.720.000	138.720.000
	Writedown 1 April 2022	-7.177.921	-1.911.475
	Writedown for the year	-14.875.472	-5.266.446
	Writedown 31 March 2023	-22.053.393	-7.177.921
	Carrying amount, 31 March 2023	116.666.607	131.542.079

# Financial highlights for the enterprises according to the latest approved annual reports

	Equity interest	Equity	Results for the year	Carrying amount, RLG Property Denmark ApS
RLG AT 19 ApS, København	100 %	117.350.986	-4.820.444	116.666.607
		117.350.986	-4.820.444	116.666.607

# 4. Contingencies

# **Contingent liabilities**

The Group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed income etc. of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is DKK 154,173. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

All amounts in DKK.

# 5. Related parties

# **Consolidated financial statements**

The company is included in the consolidated report for the parent company: Compagnie Financiére Richemont SA 50 Chemin de la Chénaie 1293 Bellevue Switzerland

# PENN30

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"By my signature I confirm all dates and content in this document."

# Henrik Tilsted Knudsen

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IP: 152.115.xxx.xxx

2023-07-03 07:08:33 UTC





# **Axel Meyer**

#### **Underskriver 1**

Serial number: axel.meyer@richemont.com IP: 212.249.xxx.xxx 2023-07-03 07:17:40 UTC

Am

# Pierre Raynal

#### **Underskriver 1**

Serial number: pierre.raynal@richemont.com IP: 64.191.xxx.xxx 2023-07-03 11:08:41 UTC



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