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The Bird Købyen ApS

Gammel Strand 42, 1., 1202 København K

Company reg. no. 38 78 98 13

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2020

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 30 June 2021.

Eddy Karen Egizarian
Chairman of the meeting

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Notes to users of the English version of this document:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points remain unchanged from Danish version of the document. This means that DKK 146.940 corresponds to the English amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % corresponds to 23.5 %.

Management's report

Today, the executive board has presented the annual report of The Bird Kødbyen ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies appropriate and, in our opinion, the financial statements provide a fair presentation of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the company's results of activities in the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020.

We are of the opinion that the management commentary presents a fair account of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved by the general meeting.

Copenhagen, 30 June 2021

Executive board

Daniel Vesti Knúttel

Lasse Jørgen Wiwe

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of The Bird Kødbyen ApS

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Bird Kødbyen ApS, for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, except for the potential effects of the matters described in the "Basis for qualified opinion" section on the comparative figures, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for qualified opinion

We were elected as auditors of the Company on the general meeting on the 2 December 2019. We were not able to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the opening balance as at 1 January 2019. As opening balances affect the income statement for 2019, we were not able to determine whether adjustments to the Company's income statement for 2019 might have been necessary. Consequently, our opinion on the financial statement for 2019 was modified. Our opinion on the financial statements for the current period has also been modified due to the potential effect of the matter on the comparability between the current period's figures and the comparative figures.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

Independent auditor's report

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

Independent auditor's report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 30 June 2021

EY, Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

State Authorised Public Accountants
Company reg. no. 30 70 02 28

Lissen Fagerlin Hammer
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne27747

Karsten Faurholt
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne41309

Company information

The company

The Bird Kødbyen ApS
Gammel Strand 42, 1.
1202 København K

Company reg. no. 38 78 98 13
Established: 12 July 2017
Financial year: 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020

Executive board

Daniel Vesti Knúttel
Lasse Jørgen Wiwe

Auditors

EY, Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
Dirch Passers Allé 36
2000 Frederiksberg

Parent company

The Bird Mother ApS

Management commentary

The principal activities of the company

Like previous years, the company's purpose is to operate restaurants, bars, night clubs, etc.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross profit for the year totals DKK 927.689 against DKK 1.220.402 last year. Loss after tax totals DKK -574.844 against DKK -343.500 last year. Management does not consider the result profit for the year to be satisfactory.

The company has lost all of its equity. For the financial year 2021, management expects a result which will result in the company being able to respond to its obligations. The company expects to restore its equity within a shorter number of years.

Since year end 2019, the COVID-19 restrictions have had a substantial impact on our business as well as the entire experience economy. It has been impossible to reach our budgets for 2020, while budgets for 2021 have been adjusted based on restriction information and knowledge from 2020. We have conducted all the necessary precautions by minimizing our administration and operational cost base. We have adjusted our concepts to be aligned with the situation in hand.

The situation has been communicated to all staff groups to create transparency and understanding and to engage full focus on bringing the units back, into even better shape than before. The effect of our actions and clear communication is showing a steady upward trend and creates believe for both management and staff. The conclusion is that the company will get through the situation with own means and support from governmental packages while also having a comfort letter from the mother company. With the current shape and positive trend, we believe to be in an even better market position when all COVID -19 restrictions are lifted.

The Company has received a letter of comfort from NoHo Partners Oyj, to ensure that the Company can continue its operations and meet their liabilities as they fall due, to the extent that money is not otherwise available.

Reference is made to Note 1.

Events occurring after the end of the financial year

The operation is forced closed by the government and will open during sommer.

Reference is made to Note 2.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Gross profit	927.689	1.220.402
4 Staff costs	-816.411	-879.484
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	-729.300	-652.649
Operating profit	-618.022	-311.731
5 Financial income	29.249	3.817
6 Financial costs	-148.206	-132.471
Pre-tax profit or loss	-736.979	-440.385
Tax for the year	162.135	96.885
Net profit or loss for the year	-574.844	-343.500
 Proposed appropriation of net profit:		
Allocated from retained earnings	-574.844	-343.500
Total allocations and transfers	-574.844	-343.500

Statement of financial position at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Assets		2020	2019
Note			
Non-current assets			
7	Goodwill	593.137	754.902
	Total intangible assets	<u>593.137</u>	<u>754.902</u>
8	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	1.041.462	858.615
9	Leasehold improvements	<u>1.461.443</u>	1.661.228
	Total property, plant, and equipment	<u>2.502.905</u>	<u>2.519.843</u>
10	Deposits	97.901	97.901
	Total investments	<u>97.901</u>	<u>97.901</u>
	Total non-current assets	<u>3.193.943</u>	<u>3.372.646</u>
Current assets			
	Raw materials and consumables	0	220.495
	Total inventories	<u>0</u>	<u>220.495</u>
	Trade receivables	145.217	510.563
	Receivables from group enterprises	81.321	1.567.533
	Deferred tax assets	607.296	530.885
	Receivable corporate tax	85.724	0
	Other receivables	215.627	20.004
	Prepayments	<u>1.010.503</u>	<u>294.282</u>
	Total receivables	<u>2.145.688</u>	<u>2.923.267</u>
	Cash and cash equivalents	0	21.523
	Total current assets	<u>2.145.688</u>	<u>3.165.285</u>
	Total assets	<u>5.339.631</u>	<u>6.537.931</u>

Statement of financial position at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities

Note	2020	2019
Equity		
Contributed capital	50.000	50.000
Results brought forward	-2.215.022	-1.640.177
Total equity	-2.165.022	-1.590.177
 Liabilities other than provisions		
Leasing liabilities	62.816	102.024
Other payables	37.840	13.594
Total long term liabilities other than provisions	100.656	115.618
Short-term part of long-term liabilities	63.260	87.537
Bank debts	0	955.196
Trade payables	44.222	325.969
Payables to group enterprises	7.121.889	6.544.120
Other payables	174.626	99.668
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	7.403.997	8.012.490
Total liabilities other than provisions	7.504.653	8.128.108
Total equity and liabilities	5.339.631	6.537.931

- 1 Capital loss**
- 2 Subsequent events**
- 3 Special items**
- 11 Contingencies**
- 12 Related parties**

Statement of changes in equity

All amounts in DKK.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2019	50.000	-1.296.677	-1.246.677
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	-343.500	-343.500
Equity 1 January 2020	50.000	-1.640.177	-1.590.177
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	-574.844	-574.844
	50.000	-2.215.021	-2.165.021

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

1. Capital loss

The company has lost all of its equity. For the financial year 2021, management expects a result which will result in the company being able to respond to its obligations. The company expects to restore its equity within a shorter number of years.

Since year end 2019, the COVID-19 restrictions have had a substantial impact on our business as well as the entire experience economy. It has been impossible to reach our budgets for 2020, while budgets for 2021 have been adjusted based on restriction information and knowledge from 2020. We have conducted all the necessary precautions by minimizing our administration and operational cost base. We have adjusted our concepts to be aligned with the situation in hand.

The situation has been communicated to all staff groups to create transparency and understanding and to engage full focus on bringing the units back, into even better shape than before. The effect of our actions and clear communication is showing a steady upward trend and creates believe for both management and staff. The conclusion is that the company will get through the situation with own means and support from governmental packages while also having a comfort letter from the mother company. With the current shape and positive trend, we believe to be in an even better market position when all COVID -19 restrictions are lifted.

The Company has received a letter of comfort from NoHo Partners Oyj, to ensure that the Company can continue its operations and meet their liabilities as they fall due.

2. Subsequent events

The operation is forced closed by the government and will open during sommer.

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

3. Special items

Special items include significant income and expenses of a special nature relative to the enterprise's ordinary operating activities, such as the cost of extensive structuring of processes and fundamental structural adjustments and any related gains on disposal and losses which, over time, have a significant impact. Special items also include other significant amounts of a nonrecurring nature.

As mentioned in the management commentary, the net profit or loss for the year is affected by the COVID-19 pandemic in a negative way on the operating activities. The loss relating to the restrictions has partly been covered by compensation packages from the government. Income from these packages is considered as special items.

Special items for the year are specified below, indicating where they are recognised in the income statement.

Income:

COVID-19 Compensation received	2.236.935
<hr/>	

Special items are recognised in the following items in the financial statements:

Gross profit	2.236.935
<hr/>	

Profit of special items, net **2.236.935**

4. Staff costs

	2020	2019
Salaries and wages	787.984	856.420
Pension costs	17.071	12.145
Other costs for social security	11.356	4.885
Other staff costs	0	6.034
	816.411	879.484

Average number of employees 2 2

5. Financial income

Interest, trade debtors	15	0
Interest income, group enterprises	29.234	3.817
	29.249	3.817

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	2020	2019
6. Financial costs		
Financial costs, group enterprises	120.191	103.376
Other financial costs	28.015	29.095
	148.206	132.471
7. Goodwill		
Cost 1 January 2020	1.250.000	1.250.000
Cost 31 December 2020	1.250.000	1.250.000
Amortisation and writedown 1 January 2020	-495.098	-333.333
Amortisation for the year	-161.765	-161.765
Amortisation and writedown 31 December 2020	-656.863	-495.098
Carrying amount, 31 December 2020	593.137	754.902
8. Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		
Cost 1 January 2020	1.214.676	1.097.668
Additions during the year	429.320	117.008
Disposals during the year	-34.454	0
Cost 31 December 2020	1.609.542	1.214.676
Depreciation 1 January 2020	-356.061	-200.836
Depreciation for the year	-218.582	-155.225
Reversal of depreciation assets disposed of	6.563	0
Depreciation 31 December 2020	-568.080	-356.061
Carrying amount, 31 December 2020	1.041.462	858.615

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	<u>31/12 2020</u>	<u>31/12 2019</u>
9. Leasehold improvements		
Cost 1 January 2020	2.249.574	2.192.521
Additions during the year	155.730	57.052
Cost 31 December 2020	<u>2.405.304</u>	<u>2.249.573</u>
Depreciation 1 January 2020	-588.345	-252.686
Depreciation for the year	-355.516	-335.659
Depreciation 31 December 2020	<u>-943.861</u>	<u>-588.345</u>
Carrying amount, 31 December 2020	<u>1.461.443</u>	<u>1.661.228</u>
10. Deposits		
Cost 1 January 2020	97.901	97.901
Cost 31 December 2020	<u>97.901</u>	<u>97.901</u>
Carrying amount, 31 December 2020	<u>97.901</u>	<u>97.901</u>

11. Contingencies

Contingent liabilities

Rent commitments

The company has entered rent agreement. The company has a rental obligation on DKK 325.441.

Joint taxation

With Nordic Hospitality Partners Denmark A/S, company reg. no 39427958 as administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for any obligations to withhold tax on interest, royalties, and dividends.

The jointly taxed enterprises' total known net liability to the Danish tax authorities emerges from the financial statements of the administration company.

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

11. Contingencies (continued)

Joint taxation (continued)

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withholding tax, etc., may result in changes in the company's liabilities.

12. Related parties

Consolidated financial statements

The company is included in the consolidated financial statements of NoHo Partners Oyj, Hatanpään Valtatie 1B FI 33100

Accounting policies

The annual report for The Bird Kødbyen ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

Effective from the financial year 2020, the Company has implemented amending act. no. 1716 of 27 December 2018 to the Danish Financial Statements Act. The implementation of the amending act has not affected the Company's accounting policies on recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities but has solely entailed a requirement for further disclosures. The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report is presented in DKK.

Income statement

Gross profit

The company has adopted § 32 from the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit comprises the revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, and work in progress, work performed for own account and capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

The enterprise is applying IAS 18 as its basis of interpretation for the recognition of revenue.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Recognition of revenue is exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

Cost of sales comprises costs concerning purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

Other operating income comprises items of a secondary nature as regards the principal activities of the enterprise, including profit from the disposal of intangible and tangible assets and received government grants.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss on receivables, and operational leasing costs.

Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members. Staff costs are less government reimbursements.

Depreciation, amortisation, and writedown for impairment

Depreciation, amortisation, and writedown for impairment comprise amortisation of, depreciation on and writedown for impairment of intangible and tangible assets, respectively.

Accounting policies

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, financial expenses from financial leasing, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

Tax for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

The company is subject to Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportional to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

Statement of financial position

Intangible assets

Goodwill

Acquired goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Given that it is impossible to make a reliable estimate of the useful life, the amortisation period is set at 10 years.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accrued depreciation and writedown for impairment.

The depreciable amount is cost less any expected residual value after the end of the useful life of the asset. The depreciation period and the residual value are determined at the acquisition date and reassessed annually. If the residual value exceeds the carrying amount, the depreciation is discontinued.

If the depreciation period or the residual value is changed, the effect on depreciation will, in future, be recognised as a change in the accounting estimates.

The cost comprises acquisition cost and costs directly associated with the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use.

The cost of a total asset is divided into separate components. These components are depreciated separately, the useful lives of each individual components differing, and the individual component representing a material part of the total cost.

Accounting policies

Leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accrued depreciations.

Depreciation is done on a straight-line basis according to an assessment of the expected useful life:

	Useful life
Leasehold improvement	5-10 years
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5-10 years

Minor assets with an expected useful life of less than 1 year are recognised as costs in the income statement in the year of acquisition.

Profit or loss derived from the disposal of property, land, and equipment is measured as the difference between the sales price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Profit or loss is recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Leases

The enterprise is applying IAS 17 as its base of interpretation for recognition of classification and recognition of leases.

At their initial recognition in the statement of financial position, leases concerning property, plant, and equipment where the company holds all essential risks and advantages associated with the proprietary right (finance lease) are measured either at fair value or at the present value of the future lease payments, whichever value is lower. When calculating the present value, the discount rate used is the internal rate of return of the lease or, alternatively, the borrowing rate of the enterprise. Hereafter, assets held under a finance lease are treated in the same way as other similar property, plant, and equipment.

The capitalised residual lease commitment is recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability other than provisions, and the interest part of the lease is recognised in the income statement for the term of the contract.

All other leases are regarded as operating leases. Payments in connection with operating leases and other lease agreements are recognised in the income statement for the term of the contract. The company's total liabilities concerning operating leases and lease agreements are recognised under contingencies, etc.

Impairment loss relating to non-current assets

The carrying amount of both intangible and tangible fixed assets and finance leased assets are subject to annual impairment tests in order to disclose any indications of impairment beyond those expressed by amortisation and depreciation respectively.

If indications of impairment are disclosed, impairment tests are carried out for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively. Writedown for impairment is done to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

Accounting policies

The recoverable amount is the higher value of value in use and selling price less expected selling cost. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the asset group and expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or the asset group after the end of their useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when conditions for impairment no longer exist. Impairment relating to goodwill is not reversed.

Investments

Deposits

Deposits are measured at amortised cost and represent lease deposits, etc.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost according to the FIFO method. In cases when the net realisable value of the inventories is lower than the cost, the latter is written down for impairment to this lower value.

Costs of goods for raw materials and consumables comprise acquisition costs plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value for inventories is recognised as the market price less costs of completion and selling costs. The net realisable value is determined with due consideration of negotiability, obsolescence, and the development of expected market prices.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value. In order to meet expected losses, they are written down for impairment to the net realisable value.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under assets comprise incurred costs concerning the following financial year.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

The company is jointly taxed with consolidated Danish companies. The current corporate income tax is distributed between the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income and with full distribution with reimbursement as to tax losses. The jointly taxed companies are comprised by the Danish tax prepayment scheme.

Accounting policies

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as "Income tax receivable" or "Income tax payable".

According to the rules of joint taxation, The Bird Kødbyen ApS is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable to pay the Danish tax authorities the total income tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties, and dividends, arising from the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at net realisable value which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

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Lasse Jørgen Wiwe

Direktør

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