

1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019

The annual report has been presented and approved on the company's general meeting the

20/04/2020

Johan Lønberg

**Chairman of general meeting** 

## Content

Company informations	
Company informations	3
Reports	
Statement by Management	4
Auditor's Reports	
The independent auditor's report on financial statements	5
Management's Review	
Management's Review	7
Financial statement	
Accounting Policies	8
Income statement	10
Balance sheet	11
Statement of changes in equity	13
Disclosures	

# **Company information**

**Reporting company** NTG Courier A/S

Hammerholmen 47 2650 Hvidovre

CVR-nr: 38744178

Reporting period: 01/01/2019 - 31/12/2019

Auditor PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS STATSAUTORISERET

REVISIONSPARTNERSELSKAB

Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup DK Danmark

CVR-nr: 33771231 P-number: 1016959517

# **Statement by Management**

Management has today considered and approved the annual report for the financial year 01. January 2019 - 31. December 2019 for NTG Courier A/S.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Management believes that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position and of the result.

The annual report is submitted for approval by the General Assembly.

Hvidovre, the 17/04/2020

#### Management

Mikkel Dalgaard Laursen

#### **Board of directors**

Mikkel Fruergaard Chairman Jesper Ellegaard Petersen

Mikkel Dalgaard Laursen

# The independent auditor's report on financial statements

To the Shareholders of NTG Courier A/S

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of NTG Courier A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditor's responsibility**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management's review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Hellerup, 17/04/2020

Flemming Vang Eghoff, mne30221 State Authorized Public Accountant **PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS STATSAUTORISERET** REVISIONSPARTNERSELSKAB CVR: 33771231

Morten Jørgensen, mne32806 State Authorized Public Accountant **PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS STATSAUTORISERET** REVISIONSPARTNERSELSKAB CVR: 33771231

# **Management's Review**

#### **Key activities**

The company's purpose is to operate international freight forwarding and transportation.

#### **Development** in the year

The income statement of the company for 2019 shows a profit of DKK 1.894.076 and at 31 December 2019 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 2.698.062.

#### **Subsequent events**

The situation surrounding COVID-19 has caused a high degree of uncertainty in the macroeconomic environment at the beginning of 2020. Although a negative impact on the Company's results in 2020 is to be expected, it is not possible to precisely quantify the effects. This is a non-adjusting event with relation to the 2019 Financial Statements.

# **Accounting Policies**

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the regulation applying to Reporting class B. There have been options of certain rules in reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Company's Financial Statements for 2019 are presented in DKK.

#### **Translation policies**

On Initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payement are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### **Income statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue comprises sale of services and is recognised in the income statement provided that delivery and transfer of risk have been made to the purchaser by year end, and provided that the revenue can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

#### **Direct expenses**

Direct expenses comprise expenses incurred to achieve revenue for the year.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect production costs and expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

#### **Gross profit/loss**

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, expenses for raw materials and consumables and other external expenses

#### **Staff costs**

Staff expenses include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions etc. Made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

#### Financial income and costs

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with NTG Nordic Transport Group A/S. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Receivables

Recievables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

#### **Equity - dividend**

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

#### **Current tax receivables and liabilities**

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the onaccount taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

#### Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

# Income statement 1 Jan 2019 - 31 Dec 2019

	Disclosure	2019 kr.	2018 kr.
Gross Result		5,071,663	1,920,325
Employee expense	1	-2,663,900	-2,130,539
Profit (loss) from ordinary operating activities		2,407,763	-210,214
Other finance income	2	17,289	412
Other finance expenses	3	-8,044	-29,130
Profit (loss) from ordinary activities before tax		2,417,008	-238,932
Tax expense		-522,932	53,267
Profit (loss)		1,894,076	-185,665
Proposed distribution of results			
Proposed dividend recognised in equity		698,000	0
Retained earnings		1,196,076	-185,665
Proposed distribution of profit (loss)		1,894,076	-185,665

# **Balance sheet 31 December 2019**

### **Assets**

	Disclosure	2019	2018
		kr.	kr.
Trade receivables		5,004,957	4,160,476
Receivables from group enterprises		2,311,021	146,228
Current deferred tax assets		45,332	3,773
Other receivables		15,422	0
Receivables		7,376,732	4,310,477
Current assets		7,376,732	4,310,477
Total assets		7,376,732	4,310,477

# **Balance sheet 31 December 2019**

# Liabilities and equity

	Disclosure	2019	2018
		kr.	kr.
Contributed capital		1,000,000	1,000,000
Retained earnings		1,000,062	-196,014
Proposed dividend		698,000	0
Total equity		2,698,062	803,986
Trade payables		3,334,060	2,617,633
Payables to group enterprises		169,296	310,389
Tax payables		102,481	0
Other payables, including tax payables, liabilities other than provisions		1,072,833	578,469
Short-term liabilities other than provisions, gross		4,678,670	3,506,491
Liabilities other than provisions, gross		4,678,670	3,506,491
Liabilities and equity, gross		7,376,732	4,310,477

# Statement of changes in equity 1 Jan 2019 - 31 Dec 2019

	Contributed capital		Proposed dividend recognised in equity	Total
	kr.	kr.	kr.	kr.
Equity, beginning balance	1,000,000	0	-196,014	803,986
Dividend paid	0	0	0	0
Profit (Loss)	0	1,196,076	698,000	1,894,076
Equity, ending balance	1,000,000	1,196,076	501,986	2,698,062

# **Disclosures**

### 1. Employee expense

	2019	2018
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	2.482.711	2.031.105
Pensions	84.131	70.874
Other social Security costs and other staff costs	97.058	58.650
	2.663.900	2.130.539

#### 2. Other finance income

	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Interest received from Group companies	15.055	315
Other financial income	5	97
Exchange adjustments	2.229	0
	17.289	412

### 3. Other finance expenses

	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Interest paid to Group companies	582	17.940
Other financial costs	4.622	745
Exchange adjustments	2840	10.445
	8.044	10.445

# 4. Disclosure of contingent liabilities

Other contingent liabilities:

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. Moreover, the Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

## 5. Disclosure of ownership

#### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Company is included in the Group Annual report of the Parent company:

Name: NTG Nordic Transport Group A/S Place of registered office: Hvidovre, Denmark

All transactions with related parties during the period were carried out at market terms.

## 6. Information on average number of employees

	2019
Average number of employees	 5