ICG HAMO Holding ApS

c/o Implement Consulting Group P/S, Strandvejen 54, DK-2900 Hellerup

Annual Report for 1 July 2022 - 30 June 2023

CVR No. 38 73 67 01

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 16/11 2023

Lars Korterman Chairman of the general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of ICG HAMO Holding ApS for the financial year 1 July 2022 - 30 June 2023.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 30 June 2023 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2022/23.

We recommend that the Financial Statements be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 16 November 2023

Executive Board

Harald Ihlen Møyner CEO

Board of Directors

Harald Ihlen Møyner Chairman Lars Korterman



Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements

To the Management of ICG HAMO Holding ApS

We have compiled the Financial Statements of ICG HAMO Holding ApS for the financial year 1 July 2022 - 30 June 2023 on the basis of the Company's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 16 November 2023

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No 33 77 12 31

Henrik Ødegaard State Authorised Public Accountant mne31489



Company information

The Company ICG HAMO Holding ApS

ICG HAMO Holding ApS Implement Consulting Group P/S Strandvejen 54

DK-2900 Hellerup CVR No: 38 73 67 01

Financial period: 1 July 2022 - 30 June 2023

Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte

Board of Directors Harald Ihlen Møyner, chairman

Lars Korterman

Executive Board Harald Ihlen Møyner

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup



Income statement 1 July 2022 - 30 June 2023

	Note	2022/23	2021/22
		DKK	DKK
Gross loss		-1,250	-4,615
Financial income		667,047	339,939
Financial expenses		-23,289	-1,976
Profit/loss before tax		642,508	333,348
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-232,937	-152,938
Net profit/loss for the year		409,571	180,410
Distribution of profit			

Distribution of profit

	2022/23	2021/22
	DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit		
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	200,000
Proposed dividend for the year	101,345	0
Retained earnings	308,226	-19,590
	409,571	180,410



Balance sheet 30 June 2023

Assets

	Note	2022/23	2021/22
		DKK	DKK
Other investments		2,656,244	1,687,573
Fixed asset investments		2,656,244	1,687,573
Fixed assets		2,656,244	1,687,573
Receivables from group enterprises		101,345	0
Receivables		101,345	0
Cash at bank and in hand		327,232	102,435
Current assets		428,577	102,435
Assets		3,084,821	1,790,008



Balance sheet 30 June 2023

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2022/23	2021/22
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		1,802,119	1,493,893
Proposed dividend for the year		101,345	0
Equity		1,953,464	1,543,893
Provision for deferred tax		151,728	104,444
Provisions		151,728	104,444
Credit institutions		651,325	0
Long-term debt		651,325	0
Credit institutions		105,000	0
Corporation tax		203,967	122,760
Other payables		19,337	18,911
Short-term debt		328,304	141,671
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Debt		979,629	141,671
Liabilities and equity		3,084,821	1,790,008
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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 July	50,000	1,493,893	0	1,543,893
Net profit/loss for the year	0	308,226	101,345	409,571
Equity at 30 June	50,000	1,802,119	101,345	1,953,464



Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Key activities

The company's main activities is to own shares in other companies as well as other related activities defined by the board of directors.

	2022/23	2021/22
	DKK	DKK
2. Income tax expense		
Current tax for the year	201,564	122,760
Deferred tax for the year	47,284	30,178
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	-15,911	0
	232,937	152,938



Notes to the Financial Statements

3. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of ICG HAMO Holding ApS for 2022/23 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2022/23 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs related to administration, etc.

Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss comprises of other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.



Notes to the Financial Statements

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Fixed asset investments

Investments which are not traded in an active market are measured at the lower of cost and recoverable amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate Dividend item.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

