Clovis Oncology Denmark ApS

Amerika Plads 37, 2100 København Ø

CVR no. 38 72 16 82

Annual report 2021

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 15 June 2022

Chair of the meeting:

DocuSigned by:

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Clovis Oncology Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

It is proposed to the annual general meeting that the financial statements for 2022 should not be audited.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 15 June 2022 Executive Board:

DocuSigned by:

Dan Muell —E61F675EC92A430.

Daniel Walter Muehl

Board of Directors:

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Van Mull —E61F675EC92A430...

Daniel Walter Muehl

Chair

be audited.

--- DocuSigned by:

Paul Gross

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Paul Edward Gross

The general meeting has decided that the financial statements for the coming financial year will not

Cont

Grant Alan Pius

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Clovis Oncology Denmark ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Clovis Oncology Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw the attention to note 2 in the financial statements in which management accounts for material going concern uncertainties. Management expects that through additional funding and cost reductions in the Group it will be possible to continue as a going concern, and therefore, the financial statements has been prepared as a going concern. We have not modified our conclusion in that regard.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 15 June 2022

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Birgit Morville Schrøder

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne21337

Allan Nørgaard

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne35501

Management's review

Company details

Name Clovis Oncology Denmark ApS

Address, Postal code, City Amerika Plads 37, 2100 København Ø

CVR no. 38 72 16 82
Established 14 June 2017
Registered office Copenhagen

Financial year 1 January - 31 December

Board of Directors Daniel Walter Muehl, Chair

Paul Edward Gross Grant Alan Pius

Executive Board Daniel Walter Muehl

Auditors EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg,

Denmark

Management commentary

Business review

Clovis Oncology Denmark ApS has been founded in 2017 and is supporting the European operations of Clovis Oncology Group which is specialised within cancer treatment.

Financial review

The income statement for 2021 shows a profit of DKK 46,336 against a profit of DKK 43,896 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 shows equity of DKK 299,062. The result before financial items is in line with management's expectations.

Management points out that the notes to the parent company's financial statements as of 31 December 2021 highlight a substantial doubt about the parent company and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern due to the need to find the appropriate financial resources to ensure the development of on-going clinical research studies during 2022 and beyond. The ability to raise additional funding from various sources is highly dependent on the results of several phase three studies of Rucaparib that will complete in 2022 and succes with early stage clinical assets. The uncertainty of current near-term liquidity to fund operations of the parent company may have negative implications on the management of the company.

In view of the uncertainty of the results, the Directors of the parent company are evaluating potential options to improve liquidity including, but not limited to, future equity offerings, debt financings, strategic collaborations and cost reductions.

Clovis Oncology Denmark ApS is operating under a cost plus agreement with the Group and thereby dependent on the Group's funding of costs incurred by the Danish entity. As the Danish entity solely operates under the cost plus agreement with the Group, a material going concern uncertainty also applies to the Danish entity, and therefore, the Danish entity may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Group management expects that the liquidity options provided above will support to continue the operations of the Group and thereby indirectly also the operations of Clovis Oncology Denmark A/S. Based on that management has presented the financial statements as a going concern

Audit opt-out

The general meeting has decided that the financial statements for the coming financial year will not be audited. The requirements for not having the financial statements audited are met.

Income statement

Note	DKK	2021	2020
3	Gross profit Staff costs	1,539,039 -1,450,887	1,657,621 -1,562,917
4 5	Profit before net financials Financial income Financial expenses	88,152 15 -32,119	94,704 41,351 -78,389
6	Profit before tax Tax for the year	56,048 -9,712	57,666 -13,770
	Profit for the year	46,336	43,896
	Recommended appropriation of profit Retained earnings	46,336	43,896
		46,336	43,896

Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2021	2020
	ASSETS Non-fixed assets Receivables		
	Other receivables	134,542	42,854
		134,542	42,854
	Cash	990,633	1,347,574
	Total non-fixed assets	1,125,175	1,390,428
	TOTAL ASSETS	1,125,175	1,390,428

Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2021	2020
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
	Share capital	50,000	50,000
	Retained earnings	249,062	202,726
	Total equity	299,062	252,726
7	Liabilities other than provisions Non-current liabilities other than provisions		
	Other payables	0	156,241
		0	156,241
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables	80,454	73,520
	Payables to group enterprises	431,344	412,729
	Corporation tax payable	6,370	7,750
	Other payables	307,945	487,462
		826,113	981,461
	Total liabilities other than provisions	826,113	1,137,702
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1,125,175	1,390,428

Accounting policies
 Material going concern uncertainty
 Collateral

⁹ Related parties

Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2021 Transfer through appropriation of profit	50,000 0	202,726 46,336	252,726 46,336
Equity at 31 December 2021	50,000	249,062	299,062

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Clovis Oncology Denmark A/S has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities with elective choice of the equity statement from accounting class C.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Income from the rendering of services is recognised as revenue as the services are rendered. Accordingly, revenue corresponds to the market value of the services rendered during the year.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

Gross profit

The items revenue and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

2 Material going concern uncertainty

Management points out that the notes to the parent company's financial statements as of 31 December 2021 highlight a substantial doubt about the parent company and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern due to the need to find the appropriate financial resources to ensure the development of on-going clinical research studies during 2022 and beyond. The ability to raise additional funding from various sources is highly dependent on the results of several phase three studies of Rucaparib that will complete in 2022 and succes with early stage clinical assets. The uncertainty of current near-term liquidity to fund operations of the parent company may have negative implications on the management of the company.

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Group management expects that the liquidity options provided above will support to continue the operations of the Group and thereby indirectly also the operations of Clovis Oncology Denmark A/S. Based on that management has presented the financial statements as a going concern

	DKK	2021	2020
3	Staff costs Wages/salaries Pensions Other staff costs	1,244,500 112,612 93,775	1,392,541 107,777 62,599
		1,450,887	1,562,917
	Average number of full-time employees	1	1
4	Financial income Other financial income	15 15	41,351 41,351

Notes to the financial statements

5	Financial expenses Other interest expenses Exchange losses Other financial expenses	259 387 31,473	6,257 41,641 30,491
		32,119	78,389
6	Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year Tax adjustments, prior years	12,370 -2,658	13,770 0
		9,712	13,770

7 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

Long-term liabilities fall due for payment after more than 5 years after the balance sheet date.

8 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2021.

9 Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile
Clovis Oncology Inc	Boulder, Colorado, USA