# Clovis Oncology Denmark ApS

Amerika Plads 37, 2100 København Ø CVR no. 38 72 16 82

Annual report 2020

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 31 May 2021

Chair of the meeting 5 e

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Clovis Oncology Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 31 May 2021 **Executive Board:** 

**Daniel Walter Muehl** 

**Board of Directors:** 

**Daniel Walter Muehl** Chair

Paul Edward Gross

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Grant Alan Plus

# Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Clovis Oncology Denmark ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Clovis Oncology Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

# Independent auditor's report

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

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Birgit Morville Schrøder State Authorised Public Accountant mne21337

Allan Nørgaard State Authorised Public Accountant mne35501

# Management's review

Company details	
Name Address, Postal code, City	Clovis Oncology Denmark ApS Amerika Plads 37, 2100 København Ø
CVR no. Established Registered office Financial year	38 72 16 82 14 June 2017 Copenhagen 1 January - 31 December
Board of Directors	Daniel Walter Muehl, Chair Paul Edward Gross Grant Alan Pius
Executive Board	Daniel Walter Muehl
Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg, Denmark

## Management commentary

#### **Business review**

Clovis Oncology Denmark ApS has been founded in 2017 and is a sales entity regarding the cancer treatments of the Clovis Oncology Group covering the Scandinavian market.

#### Financial review

The income statement for 2020 shows a profit of DKK 43,896 against a profit of DKK 65,187 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows equity of DKK 252,726. The result before financial items is in line with management's expectations.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

The Covid-19 crisis did not give any material impact on the result in 2020. It is management's assessment that it will also not affect the result for 2021.

43,896

65,187

# Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

# Income statement

Note	DKK	2020	2019
2	Gross profit Staff costs	1,657,621 -1,562,917	1,924,969 -1,816,096
3 4	Profit before net financials Financial income Financial expenses	94,704 41,351 -78,389	108,873 121,440 -145,026
5	Profit before tax Tax for the year	57,666 -13,770	85,287 -20,100
	Profit for the year	43,896	65,187
	Recommended appropriation of profit Retained earnings	43,896	65,187

## Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2020	2019
	ASSETS		
	Non-fixed assets Receivables		
	Other receivables	42,854	5,477
		42,854	5,477
	Cash	1,347,574	821,385
	Total non-fixed assets	1,390,428	826,862
	TOTAL ASSETS	1,390,428	826,862

## Balance sheet

Note	ДКК	2020	2019
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
	Share capital Retained earnings	50,000 202,726	50,000 158,830
	Total equity	252,726	208,830
6	Liabilities other than provisions Non-current liabilities other than provisions		
	Other payables	156,241	40,733
		156,241	40,733
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables	73,520	143,040
	Payables to group enterprises	412,729	113,760
	Corporation tax payable	7,750	12,866
	Other payables	487,462	307,633
		981,461	577,299
		1,137,702	618,032
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1,390,428	826,862

Accounting policies
Collateral
Related parties

Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2020 Transfer through appropriation of profit	50,000 0	158,830 43,896	208,830 43,896
Equity at 31 December 2020	50,000	202,726	252,726

## Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Clovis Oncology Denmark A/S has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

Effective from the financial year 2020, the Company has implemented amending act no. 1716 of 27 December 2018 to the Danish Financial Statements Act. The implementation of the amending act has not affected the Company's accounting policies on recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities but has solely entailed a requirement for further disclosures. The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### Income statement

#### Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Income from the rendering of services is recognised as revenue as the services are rendered. Accordingly, revenue corresponds to the market value of the services rendered during the year.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

#### Gross profit

The items revenue and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.

## Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

#### Тах

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

#### Balance sheet

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

#### Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

#### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

# Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

	ОКК	2020	2019
2	Staff costs Wages/salaries Pensions Other staff costs	1,392,541 107,777 62,599	1,424,701 104,034 287,361
		1,562,917	1,816,096
	Average number of full-time employees	1	1
3	Financial income Other financial income	41,351	121,440
		41,351	121,440
4	Financial expenses Other interest expenses Exchange losses Other financial expenses	6,257 41,641 <u>30,491</u>	0 100,181 44,845
		78,389	145,026
5	Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year Tax adjustments, prior years	13,770 0 13,770	18,866 1,234 20,100

#### 6 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

Long-term liabilities fall due for payment after more than 5 years after the balance sheet date.

#### 7 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2020.

Notes to the financial statements

8 Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent

Clovis Oncology Inc

Domicile

Boulder, Colorado, USA