



Precision Global ApS

Lansen 13
9230 Svenstrup J
CVR No. 38717723

Annual report 01.04.2020 - 31.03.2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the
annual report on 21.06.2021

Jeppe Müller

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Precision Global ApS

Lansen 13

9230 Svenstrup J

CVR No.: 38717723

Registered office: Aalborg

Financial year: 01.04.2020 - 31.03.2021

Executive Board

Jeppé Müller

Thomas Henrik Dresler Petersen

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Østre Havnepromenade 26, 4th floor

9000 Aalborg

Statement by Management

The Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Precision Global ApS for the financial year 01.04.2020 - 31.03.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.03.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.04.2020 - 31.03.2021.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Svenstrup, 21.06.2021

Executive Board

Jeppe Müller

Thomas Henrik Dresler Petersen

Independent auditor's extended review report

To the shareholders of Precision Global ApS

Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Precision Global ApS for the financial year 01.04.2020 - 31.03.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.03.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.04.2020 - 31.03.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of management and, if appropriate, of other entity

personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aalborg, 21.06.2021

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No. 33963556

René Winther Pedersen

State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne34173

Management commentary

Primary activities

The purpose of the company is to own shares in other companies as well as other related business on behalf of the Executive Board.

Description of material changes in activities and finances

The result for the year before tax amounts to a profit of 1.432 t.DKK compared to a gain of 8.820 t.DKK last year. This is considered satisfactory, especially given the circumstances of the global pandemic. The overall status of the company group is in a positive direction, but like all other companies, the COVID19 pandemic have had an impact. The result is still negatively affected by impairment loss on intercompany accounts and losses in group enterprises. The result is supporting the continuous growth of the corporation, and there seems to be positive trends in all group enterprises.

Throughout the underlying companies, we have seen growth and activities picking up. Results in the Australian and German companies have been satisfactory.

The budgets for 2021/2022 seem to follow the positive trend. The British company have been highly impacted by the COVID19 pandemic and the complete Government shut down. Budget for next year, however, is much more positive.

The main driver for the positive direction has been deliveries on existing Government contracts in Denmark and Australia. Winning such contract is the main effort for the underlying companies with Precision Technic Defence Group and continues to be. On a corporate level, we have seen that the underlying companies is becoming financial self-sustainable and has the ability to initiated paying both monthly Management Fee's as well as decreasing their debt towards Precision Global. On the corporate level, main effort has been to ensure that the corporate structure is enabled to support the growth strategy. Hence, the incorporation of new companies within Precision Technic Defence Group as well as Precision Facilities ApS.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The account of the Corporate Social Responsibility covers the period from 1st of January 2020 until 31st of March 2021.

The Corporation is a global owner of companies with main activities being sales of systems, solutions and services to Government Authorities within NATO as well as Coalition Partners. Sub-suppliers and Partner are either located in the U.S.A. or within the EU.

The Corporation does not manufacture any products itself, and is constantly monitoring and analyzing the most important aspects of the value chain , not only in terms of the Corporation, but also in regards to the external environment.

Risk management is an integrated part of our business. Within Corporate Social Responsibility we have identified four areas of key importance to our eco-system:

- Climate
- Social Responsibility and workers welfare
- Human Rights
- Anti-Bribery

Strategic Policies

In 2020, the corporation has implemented both a Code of Conduct as well as a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy throughout the organization. These have been approved by the Board of Director and is an integrated part of the decision making in regards to all strategic business decisions. The strategies as well as the Anti-Bribery Policy can be accessed via www.ptdefence.com/about

In addition to the, and as part of the implementation, we have added the CSR aspects into the Supplier Review in our ISO9001 workflow.

Climate

Precision Global acknowledge the importance and relevance of protecting the Environment and fight the climate change. Internally, the corporation is focused on waste disposal and to ensure that waste will be re-circled. In 2020, the sales organization have initiated a web shop in order to ensure that used equipment can be sold, and hereby re-circled.

The overall policy is to reduce our own negative climate footprint. Throughout the financial year, we have changed lighting systems to a more energy optimized system as well as limited our usage of flights and CO2 emissions.

The corporation will continue to implement Climate friendly solutions. In addition to this, the corporation is trying to introduce climate friendly and sustainable products and solution to the Customers. It is the clear strategy, that climate preservation and sustainability must be an evaluation criteria, whenever new products, solutions or procedures are being assessed.

Social Responsibility and workers welfare

A good work environment and a strong focus on safety is high priority within the corporation. There is no actual production taking place within the corporation, but there can be heavy lift within the logistic departments as well as a tendency to a stressful workload with the office work.

Throughout the financial year, the corporation have implemented equipment as well as facilities to optimize workers safety. Equally, we have are focused on monitoring the stress level within the organization and the implementation of new processes, procedures, and personnel to actively address any identified concerns. In addition to that, the corporation have been implementing homework space to some extend due to the COVID19 pandemic. This has proved an efficient tool for optimizing both efficiency as well as reducing stress. It is the clear strategy for the Corporation to implement this into the daily business workflow.

Worker's welfare and social responsibility amongst our Supplier and Partner is also very important. Hence, this is a part of the Supplier Review and neglect in these matters can result in termination of corporation or partnership.

Human Rights

Risk assessment of the human rights and the impacts for the corporation, shows that main risk is within the Supply chain. However, all Partners and Suppliers are in democratic countries with strong commitments towards human rights. It is a clear corporate strategy not to engage in direct business with any non-NATO or Coalition country. This in order to ensure that human rights and best practice for anti-corruption is being complied with to the full extend.

Anti-bribery

The corporation does not tolerate bribery or any form of corruption and have implemented both a Strategy as well as a Policy in regards to this. All employees are being educated in this as part of their initial training, and follow up sessions are being carried out, especially before larger events and activities, where topics concerning gifts, representation dinners etc. may be of relevance.

In the financial year, there have been no reports of bribery, corruption.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report, apart from the COVID19 pandemic. The company cannot at this stage determine the impact of the global challenge, but the underlying companies have been taking whatever necessary steps to minimize costs. It is, however, our view that the situation will not impact the Defense business segment that much. Main effort for the company will be payment terms and a constant evaluation of non-Government entities and their ability to operate, both financial and technically.

Income statement for 2020/21

	Notes	2020/21 DKK	2019/20 DKK
Gross profit/loss		(1,860,393)	3,385,764
Staff costs	1	(1,557,214)	(1,192,258)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		(87,547)	(8,415)
Operating profit/loss		(3,505,154)	2,185,091
Income from investments in group enterprises		5,110,599	6,661,311
Other financial income	2	177,911	125,406
Other financial expenses	3	(351,842)	(151,525)
Profit/loss before tax		1,431,514	8,820,283
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	341,333	96,712
Profit/loss for the year		1,772,847	8,916,995
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		0	2,000,000
Retained earnings		1,772,847	6,916,995
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		1,772,847	8,916,995

Balance sheet at 31.03.2021

Assets

	Notes	2020/21 DKK	2019/20 DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		443,853	276,233
Property, plant and equipment	5	443,853	276,233
Investments in group enterprises		18,668,813	16,980,512
Financial assets	6	18,668,813	16,980,512
Fixed assets		19,112,666	17,256,745
Receivables from group enterprises		4,253,819	5,132,788
Other receivables		273,002	312,150
Joint taxation contribution receivable		1,056,079	159,271
Prepayments		302,150	310,094
Receivables		5,885,050	5,914,303
Cash		59,798	41,886
Current assets		5,944,848	5,956,189
Assets		25,057,514	23,212,934

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2020/21 DKK	2019/20 DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		15,354,616	10,244,017
Retained earnings		(3,047,341)	290,411
Proposed dividend		0	2,000,000
Equity		12,357,275	12,584,428
Deferred tax		95,039	57,293
Provisions		95,039	57,293
Trade payables		271,094	159,190
Payables to group enterprises		10,174,617	10,370,697
Payables to shareholders and management		2,041,153	0
Other payables		118,336	41,326
Current liabilities other than provisions		12,605,200	10,571,213
Liabilities other than provisions		12,605,200	10,571,213
Equity and liabilities		25,057,514	23,212,934
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	7		
Contingent liabilities	8		

Statement of changes in equity for 2020/21

	Contributed capital DKK	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Proposed dividend DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	10,244,017	290,411	2,000,000	12,584,428
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
Transfer to reserves	0	5,110,599	(5,110,599)	0	0
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	1,772,847	0	1,772,847
Equity end of year	50,000	15,354,616	(3,047,341)	0	12,357,275

Notes

1 Staff costs

	2020/21	2019/20
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	1,331,848	1,038,364
Pension costs	208,825	148,500
Other social security costs	11,897	5,394
Other staff costs	4,644	0
	1,557,214	1,192,258
Average number of full-time employees	2	1

2 Other financial income

	2020/21	2019/20
	DKK	DKK
Financial income from group enterprises	177,911	125,406
	177,911	125,406

3 Other financial expenses

	2020/21	2019/20
	DKK	DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	189,773	151,431
Other interest expenses	162,069	94
	351,842	151,525

4 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2020/21	2019/20
	DKK	DKK
Change in deferred tax	37,746	55,775
Adjustment concerning previous years	0	6,784
Refund in joint taxation arrangement	(379,079)	(159,271)
	(341,333)	(96,712)

5 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK
Cost beginning of year	284,778
Additions	255,167
Cost end of year	539,945
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(8,545)
Depreciation for the year	(87,547)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(96,092)
Carrying amount end of year	443,853

6 Financial assets

	Investments in group enterprises DKK
Cost beginning of year	3,236,495
Additions	77,702
Cost end of year	3,314,197
Revaluations beginning of year	13,744,017
Share of profit/loss for the year	5,110,599
Dividend	(3,500,000)
Revaluations end of year	15,354,616
Carrying amount end of year	18,668,813

Investments in subsidiaries	Registered in	Corporate form	Equity interest %
Precision Technic Defence A/S	Svenstrup	A/S	100,0
Precision Technic Defence GmbH	Hamborg	GmbH	100,0
Precision Technic Defence Pty Ltd	Applecross WA	Ltd	100,0
Precision Technic Defence Ltd	London	Ltd	100,0
Precision Technic Defence SAS	Paris	SAS	100,0
Precision Facilities ApS	Svenstrup	ApS	100,0

7 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	2020/21 DKK	2019/20 DKK
Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	79,222	108,608

8 Contingent liabilities

The Entity serves as the administration company in a Danish joint taxation arrangement. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for these entities.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue consists of group internal management fees. Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discount and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Income from investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet**Property, plant and equipment**

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation. For assets held under finance leases, cost is the lower of the asset's fair value and present value of future lease payments.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3 years
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Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually. Residual values are valued at 0 DKK.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value. Refer to the above section on business combinations for more details about the accounting policies used on acquisitions of investments in group enterprises.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation will involve a loss, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs necessary to settle the obligations at the balance sheet date.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method in equity.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset or the planned settlement of each liability.

Operating leases

Lease payments on operating leases are recognised on a straight-line basis in the income statement over the term of the lease.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.