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# ***ICG VIHA Holding ApS***

c/o Implement Consulting Group P/S  
Strandvejen 54, DK-2900 Hellerup

## **Annual Report for 2020**

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CVR No 38 71 71 38

The Annual Report was  
presented and adopted at  
the Annual General  
Meeting of the Company on  
28/6 2021

Lars Korterman  
Chairman of the General  
Meeting



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## **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of ICG VIHA Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2020.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 28 June 2021

### **Executive Board**

Vibeke Hayden  
Executive Officer

### **Board of Directors**

Vibeke Hayden  
Chairman

Lars Korterman

The Annual General Meeting has decided that the Financial Statements for next year are not to be subject to any audit.

# Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements

To the Management of ICG VIHA Holding ApS

We have compiled the Financial Statements of ICG VIHA Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 on the basis of the Enterprise's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and IESBA's Code of Ethics, including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 28 June 2021

**PricewaterhouseCoopers**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

*CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Henrik Ødegaard

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne31489

## Company Information

### **The Company**

ICG VIHA Holding ApS  
c/o Implement Consulting Group P/S  
Strandvejen 54  
DK-2900 Hellerup

CVR No: 38 71 71 38  
Financial period: 1 January - 31 December  
Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte

### **Board of Directors**

Vibeke Hayden, Chairman  
Lars Korterman

### **Executive Board**

Vibeke Hayden

### **Auditors**

PricewaterhouseCoopers  
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Strandvejen 44  
DK-2900 Hellerup

## Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> DKK	<u>2019</u> DKK
Other external expenses		9.500	-1.000
<b>Gross profit/loss</b>		<b>9.500</b>	<b>-1.000</b>
Financial expenses		-4.078	-156.133
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>5.422</b>	<b>-157.133</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	0	4.509
<b>Net profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>5.422</b>	<b>-152.624</b>

## Distribution of profit

### Proposed distribution of profit

Proposed dividend for the year	0	1.030.000
Retained earnings	5.422	-1.182.624
	<b>5.422</b>	<b>-152.624</b>

## Balance Sheet 31 December

### Assets

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> DKK	<u>2019</u> DKK
Other receivables		25.575	0
Corporation tax		<u>0</u>	<u>25.664</u>
<b>Receivables</b>		<b><u>25.575</u></b>	<b><u>25.664</u></b>
<b>Cash at bank and in hand</b>		<b><u>31.635</u></b>	<b><u>1.065.624</u></b>
<b>Currents assets</b>		<b><u>57.210</u></b>	<b><u>1.091.288</u></b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b><u>57.210</u></b>	<b><u>1.091.288</u></b>

# Balance Sheet 31 December

## Liabilities and equity

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> DKK	<u>2019</u> DKK
Share capital		50.000	50.000
Retained earnings		6.210	788
Proposed dividend for the year		0	1.030.000
<b>Equity</b>		<b><u>56.210</u></b>	<b><u>1.080.788</u></b>
Other payables		1.000	10.500
<b>Short-term debt</b>		<b><u>1.000</u></b>	<b><u>10.500</u></b>
<b>Debt</b>		<b><u>1.000</u></b>	<b><u>10.500</u></b>
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>		<b><u>57.210</u></b>	<b><u>1.091.288</u></b>
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## Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital	Retained	Proposed	Total
	DKK	earnings	dividend for the	DKK
	DKK	DKK	year	DKK
Equity at 1 January	50.000	788	1.030.000	1.080.788
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-1.030.000	-1.030.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	5.422	0	5.422
<b>Equity at 31 December</b>	<b>50.000</b>	<b>6.210</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>56.210</b>

# Notes to the Financial Statements

## 1 Key activities

The company's purpose is to own shares in other companies as well as other related activities defined by the board of directors.

## 2 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	<u>2020</u> DKK	<u>2019</u> DKK
Current tax for the year	0	0
Deferred tax for the year	<u>0</u>	<u>-4.509</u>
	<u><b>0</b></u>	<u><b>-4.509</b></u>

# Notes to the Financial Statements

## 3 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of ICG VIHA Holding ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2020 are presented in DKK.

### Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

### Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

## Income Statement

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for administration etc.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

## 3 Accounting Policies (continued)

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

## Balance Sheet

### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

### Equity

#### *Dividend*

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

## 3 Accounting Policies (continued)

### **Current tax receivables and liabilities**

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

### **Financial debts**

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.