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# **GG Engvej 155 Holding ApS**

Østergade 1, 1. 1100 København K Business Registration No 38692046

**Annual report 2018** 

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 24.05.2019

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Thomas Færch

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# **Entity details**

#### **Entity**

GG Engvej 155 Holding ApS Østergade 1, 1. 1100 København K

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 38692046

Registered in: København

Financial year: 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018

#### **Executive Board**

Thomas Færch, CEO

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 Postboks 1600 0900 København C

### Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of GG Engvej 155 Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 24.05.2019

#### **Executive Board**

Thomas Færch CEO

### **Independent auditor's report**

# To the shareholders of GG Engvej 155 Holding ApS Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of GG Engvej 155 Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

### Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

# **Independent auditor's report**

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 24.05.2019

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No (CVR) 33963556

Lars Andersen State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne27762

### **Management commentary**

#### **Primary activities**

The primary activities of the company are project development within real estate and related activities.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

The result from ordinary activities after tax is a loss of DKK 5.337.915 against a loss of DKK 2.799.323 last year. The management consider the result as expected.

The company has lost more than half of the contributed capital and is thereforesubject to the Company Act §119. The company expects to restore the capital through future earnings.

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2018**

	Notes	2018 DKK	2017 DKK
Gross loss		(116.347)	(20.345)
Income from investments in group enterprises		1.950.000	0
Other financial income	2	366.132	45.665
Other financial expenses	3	(7.989.927)	(3.617.908)
Profit/loss before tax		(5.790.142)	(3.592.588)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	452.227	793.265
Profit/loss for the year		(5.337.915)	(2.799.323)
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		(5.337.915)	(2.799.323)
		(5.337.915)	(2.799.323)

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2018**

		2018	2017
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investments in group enterprises		50.000	30.050.000
Deferred tax		1.245.005	792.777
Fixed asset investments	5	1.295.005	30.842.777
Fixed assets		1.295.005	30.842.777
Receivables from group enterprises		38.257.336	2.053.631
Receivables		38.257.336	2.053.631
Cash	6	49.122	64.005
Current assets		38.306.458	2.117.636
Assets		39.601.463	32.960.413

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2018**

	Notes	2018 DKK	2017 DKK
Contributed capital Retained earnings		50.000 (8.137.238)	50.000 (2.799.323)
Equity		(8.087.238)	(2.749.323)
Payables to other credit institutions		41.794.760	32.048.630
Trade payables Payables to group enterprises		203.260 5.635.055	0 3.646.106
Other payables  Current liabilities other than provisions		55.626 <b>47.688.701</b>	15.000 <b>35.709.736</b>
Liabilities other than provisions		47.688.701	35.709.736
Equity and liabilities		39.601.463	32.960.413
Staff costs	1		
Contingent liabilities	7		
Assets charged and collateral	8		
Group relations	9		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2018

	Contributed	Retained	
	capital	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity beginning of year	50.000	(2.812.485)	(2.762.485)
Changes in accounting policies	0	13.162	13.162
Adjusted equity, beginning of year	50.000	(2.799.323)	(2.749.323)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(5.337.915)	(5.337.915)
Equity end of year	50.000	(8.137.238)	(8.087.238)

### **Notes**

	2018	2017
1. Staff costs		
Average number of employees	<u> </u>	0
	2018	2017
	DKK	DKK
2. Other financial income		
Financial income arising from group enterprises	366.132	45.665
	366.132	45.665
	2018	2017
	DKK	DKK
3. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	137.497	69.278
Other interest expenses	5.717.727	2.850.000
Other financial expenses	2.134.703	698.630
	7.989.927	3.617.908
	2018	2017
	2018 DKK	2017 DKK
4. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
4. Tax on profit/loss for the year Current tax		
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	<b>DKK</b> 0	<b>DKK</b> (487)
Current tax	0 (452.227)	(487) (792.778)
Current tax	0 (452.227)	(487) (792.778)
Current tax	0 (452.227) (452.227)	(487) (792.778)
Current tax	0 (452.227) (452.227) Invest-	(487) (792.778)
Current tax	0 (452.227) (452.227) Investments in	(487) (792.778) (793.265)
Current tax Change in deferred tax	0 (452.227) (452.227) Invest- ments in group	(487) (792.778) (793.265)
Current tax	0 (452.227) (452.227)  Investments in group enterprises	(487) (792.778) (793.265) Deferred tax
Current tax Change in deferred tax	0 (452.227) (452.227)  Investments in group enterprises	(487) (792.778) (793.265) Deferred tax
Current tax Change in deferred tax  5. Fixed asset investments	0 (452.227) (452.227) Investments in group enterprises DKK	(487) (792.778) (793.265)  Deferred tax DKK
Current tax Change in deferred tax  5. Fixed asset investments Cost beginning of year	0 (452.227) (452.227)  Investments in group enterprises DKK	(487) (792.778) (793.265)  Deferred tax DKK  792.777
Current tax Change in deferred tax  5. Fixed asset investments Cost beginning of year Additions	0 (452.227) (452.227)  Investments in group enterprises DKK  30.050.000 50.000	(487) (792.778) (793.265)  Deferred tax DKK  792.777 452.228
Current tax Change in deferred tax  5. Fixed asset investments Cost beginning of year Additions Disposals	0 (452.227) (452.227)  Investments in group enterprises DKK  30.050.000 50.000 (30.050.000)	DKK  (487) (792.778) (793.265)  Deferred tax DKK  792.777 452.228 0

#### **Notes**

		Corpo- rate	
Investments in group enterprises comprise:	Registered in	form	%
GG Engvej 155 Holdco ApS	Copenhagen	ApS	100,0

#### 6. Cash

Cash includes DKK 49.122 where the use is restricted to specific purposes, such as interest payments, project development or construction or pledged as security.

#### 7. Contingent liabilities

Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Gefion Group A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial state-ments.

#### 8. Assets charged and collateral

As security for the debts DKK 41.794.760, mortgage has been granted on equity investment in group enterprise representing a book value of DKK. 50.000 at 31 December 2018.

Furthermorethe company has provided security comprising the companys available funds in Handels-banken representing a total book value of DKK 49.122.

#### 9. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group:

Gefion Group A/S, Copenhagen

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Gefion Group A/S, Copenhagen

### **Accounting policies**

#### Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

#### Changes in accounting policies

The Company has changed accounting priciple for measurement of investment in group entreprises. Previously the investments was measured using the equity method. This has been changed so investments in group entreprises are measured at cost and written down to a lower recoverable amount.

Management believes the cost price principle better reflects the activities of the Group.

The change in account principle had the following effect:

Result of subsidiaries would have been DKK 497 lower.

Result for the year would have been DKK 497 lower.

Investments in Group enterprises, total assets and equity would have been DKK 1.963.659 lower.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### **Accounting policies**

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross loss comprises other external expenses, including other external expenses comprise expenses for administration.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for stationery and office supplies, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

#### Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises dividend etc received from the individual group enterprises in the financial year.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### **Investments in group enterprises**

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### **Accounting policies**

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.