

MEP Industrial Centre K/S

Holbergsgade 14, 2. tv.
1057 København K

CVR no. 38 65 67 40

Annual report for 2021

(5th Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting
on 10 May 2022

Maud Maninchedda
chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The Executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of MEP Industrial Centre K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt within the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 10 May 2022

Executive board

Julie Mossong
Management

Grant Broadway
Management

Maud Maninchedda
Management

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of MEP Industrial Centre K/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of MEP Industrial Centre K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Frederiksberg, 10 May 2022
CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Henrik Reedtz
State Authorised Public Accountant
MNE no. mne24830

Company details

The company

MEP Industrial Centre K/S
Holbergsgade 14, 2. tv.
1057 København K

CVR no.: 38 65 67 40

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2021

Incorporated: 22 May 2017

Domicile: Copenhagen

Executive board

Julie Mossong
Grant Broadway
Maud Maninchedda

Auditors

EY
Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
Dirch Passers Allé 36
2000 Frederiksberg

Management's review

Business review

The Company's main activity is to own and manage real estate and related services.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021 shows a profit of DKK 101.680.856, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 shows equity of DKK 669.490.004.

Denmark have had very limited Covid-19 lockdowns resulting in less effect on the economy as whole compared to other European countries. Covid-19 hasn't had any major impact on the Danish real estate market. The company operates in the logistic property market which have had very limited impact from Covid-19. The pandemic has, inevitably, hit some businesses but there has been no impact on this company.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

Accounting policies

The annual report of MEP Industrial Centre K/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2021 is presented in DKK.

The accounts cover the period from 1 January to 31 December 2021. As the period for financial reporting had changed in 2020, the comparative figures are not comparable as they cover a period of 5 months from 1 August to 31 December 2020.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated as the historic cost less any Instalments and plus/less the accumulated amortization of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, other operating income, property costs and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue comprise rental income and is recognized in the income statement. Rental income is accrued to cover the period up to the end of the financial year.

Accounting policies

Other external costs

Other external costs include expenses related to administration and property costs. Property costs include costs incurred to operate the Company's properties in the financial year, including repair and maintenance costs, property tax and electricity, water and heating, which are not charged directly from the lessee.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognized in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to amortization of mortgage etc.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Investment properties

Investment properties comprises investments in land and buildings for purposes of gaining a return on the invested capital in the form of regular operating income and/or capital gains on resale.

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost consisting of the acquisition price of the properties plus any directly related acquisition costs.

After initial recognition, the properties are measured at fair value which represents the amount at which the individual property may be sold to an independent buyer. The investment property has been valued based on an external estate agent's valuation using the Direct Capitalisation approach. Fair value adjustments for the financial year are recognized in the income statement.

On subsequent recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value. Value adjustments of investment properties are recognised in the income statement.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost.

An impairment loss is recognized if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognized.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term securities whose remaining life is less than three months and which are readily convertible into cash and which are subject only to insignificant risks of changes in value.

Accounting policies

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognized as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

The limited partnership company is not separately liable to tax, but is recognized in the tax base of the partner. Therefore, no separate tax has been recognized or provided for in the financial statements.

Liabilities

At the time of borrowing, mortgage debt to mortgage credit institutions is measured at cost which corresponds to the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred. Mortgage debt is subsequently measured at amortized cost. This means that the difference between the proceeds at the time of borrowing and the nominal repayable amount of the loan is recognized in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the loan applying the effective interest method.

Other liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortized cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income comprises prepaid rent for recognition in subsequent financial years. Deferred income is measured at cost.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognized in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

Income statement
1 January 2021 - 31 December 2021

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u> DKK	<u>2020</u> DKK
Gross profit		29.400.183	11.991.690
Fair value adjustments of investment properties		<u>72.500.000</u>	<u>33.500.000</u>
Profit/loss before net financials		101.900.183	45.491.690
Financial costs		<u>-219.327</u>	<u>-239.280</u>
Profit/loss for the year		<u>101.680.856</u>	<u>45.252.410</u>
 Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Proposed dividend for the year		25.618.000	14.617.084
Retained earnings		<u>76.062.856</u>	<u>30.635.326</u>
		<u>101.680.856</u>	<u>45.252.410</u>

Balance sheet at 31 December 2021

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u> DKK	<u>2020</u> DKK
Assets			
Investment properties	1	<u>636.500.000</u>	<u>564.000.000</u>
Tangible assets		<u>636.500.000</u>	<u>564.000.000</u>
Total non-current assets		<u>636.500.000</u>	<u>564.000.000</u>
Trade receivables		300.484	3.836.566
Receivables from subsidiaries		4.078.407	408.206
Other receivables		<u>0</u>	<u>136.918</u>
Receivables		<u>4.378.891</u>	<u>4.381.690</u>
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>31.177.386</u>	<u>48.474.830</u>
Total current assets		<u>35.556.277</u>	<u>52.856.520</u>
Total assets		<u><u>672.056.277</u></u>	<u><u>616.856.520</u></u>

Balance sheet at 31 December 2021

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u> DKK	<u>2020</u> DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Contributed capital		452.614.751	452.614.751
Retained earnings		191.257.253	115.194.397
Proposed dividend for the year		25.618.000	14.617.084
Equity		<u>669.490.004</u>	<u>582.426.232</u>
Trade payables		112.750	420.215
Payables to group enterprises		0	25.886.730
Other payables		2.452.740	5.497.694
Deferred income		783	2.625.649
Total current liabilities		<u>2.566.273</u>	<u>34.430.288</u>
Total liabilities		<u>2.566.273</u>	<u>34.430.288</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>672.056.277</u>	<u>616.856.520</u>
Staff costs	2		
Contingent liabilities	3		
Mortgages and collateral	4		
Related parties and ownership structure	5		

Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total
Equity at 1 January 2021	452.614.751	115.194.397	14.617.084	582.426.232
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-14.617.084	-14.617.084
Net profit/loss for the year	0	76.062.856	25.618.000	101.680.856
Equity at 31 December 2021	452.614.751	191.257.253	25.618.000	669.490.004

Notes

1 Assets measured at fair value

	<u>Investment pro- perties</u>
Cost at 1 January 2021	451.377.930
Cost at 31 December 2021	451.377.930
Revaluations at 1 January 2021	112.622.070
Revaluations for the year	72.500.000
Revaluations at 31 December 2021	185.122.070
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	<u><u>636.500.000</u></u>

Disclosure of the assumptions underlying fair value calculations of assets and liabilities

The fair value is based on a level 3 assessment. The investment properties has been valued based on an external estate agent's valuation using the Direct capitalization approach. The estate agent has set the average required rate of return at 5.47%. The budgeted rental income has been determined based on leases entered into. The operating expenses of the property - including maintenance costs that often have an aperiodic structure - have been determined using an on-average basis. The return set for the year has been capitalised by the required rate of return defined. Based on this, the investment property has been recognised at DKK 636.500.000.

The assumptions below are based on the total value of the 3 properties DKK 636.500.000, Gross income per sqm is in the range of: DKK 389 - 442, Net income per sqm is in the range of: DKK 387 - 435, Gross rental value per sqm is in the range of: DKK 387- 435.

The sensitivity related to the calculation can be reflected as follows:

Value at a rate of return of 5.22% (5.47% less 0.25%) DKK 666.983.716.

Value at a rate of return of 5.72% (5.47% plus 0.25%) DKK 608.680.944.

The valuation of the property is based on estimates and relies on a number of uncertain factors, including expected developments in the property market and the attractiveness of the property. The Company believes that the external estate agent's valuation is the best measure of the value of the property at 31 December 2021.

Notes

2 Staff costs

The company has no employees.

3 Contingent liabilities

The limited partnership company is not separately liable to tax, but is recognized in the tax base of the partner.

4 Mortgages and collateral

The company has no mortgages and collateral

5 Related parties and ownership structure

Controlling interest

The company's general partner is M&G European Property GP 3 S.à r.l.

- The company is 100 % owned by MEP Industrial Centre Denmark S.à r.l.

- MEP Industrial Centre K/S is included in the consolidated financial statements for MEP Industrial Centre Denmark S.à r.l. at the lowest level and M&G European Property Fund SICAV-FIS at the highest level in the structure.