

Barona IT ApS

Frederiksborggade 15, 2., 1360 København K

Annual report for 2022

CVR no. 38 54 39 11

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 20 June 2023

chairman: Henrik Mikael Rantala

Penneo dokumentnøgle: QPYB8-PVX2X-KEGUL-E5IHB-3HA47-N4UUX

Table of contents

	Page
Statements	
Statement by management on the annual report	1
Independent auditor's report	2
 Management's review	
Company details	5
Ledelsesberetning	6
 Financial statements	
Income statement 1 January - 31 December	7
Balance sheet 31 December	8
Statement of changes in equity	10
Notes	11
Accounting policies	13

Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Barona IT ApS for the financial year 1. januar - 31. december 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31. december 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1. januar - 31. december 2022.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 20 June 2023

Executive board

Henri Eerik Pynnönen
Director

Henrik Mikael Rantala
Director

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Barona IT ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Barona IT ApS for the financial year 1. januar - 31. december 2022, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31. december 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1. januar - 31. december 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Copenhagen, 20 June 2023

Ecovis Danmark
statsautoriseret revisionsinteressentskab
CVR no. 28 93 95 23

Kurt Bülow
State Authorized Public Accountant
MNE no. mne3112

Company details

The company

Barona IT ApS
Frederiksborggade 15, 2.
1360 København K

CVR no.: 38 54 39 11

Reporting period: 1. januar - 31. december 2022

Domicile: Copenhagen

Executive board

Henri Eerik Pynnönen
Henrik Mikael Rantala

Auditors

Ecovis Danmark
statsautoriseret revisionsinteressentskab
Vendersgade 28 st. th
1363 København K

Ledelsesberetning

Selskabets væsentligste aktiviteter

The main activity of the company is to provide consultancy in Human Resources and recruitment, as well as other related activities.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Gross profit		6.478.503	5.869.393
Staff costs	1	-6.994.094	-5.768.584
Profit/loss before net financials		-515.591	100.809
Financial income		923	774
Financial costs	2	-146.015	-120.320
Profit/loss before tax		-660.683	-18.737
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	0	26.797
Profit/loss for the year		-660.683	8.060
Retained earnings		-660.683	8.060
		-660.683	8.060

Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Assets			
Trade receivables		912.960	1.411.034
Other receivables		65.736	20.016
Deferred tax asset		367.798	367.798
Prepayments		41.066	83.261
Receivables		1.387.560	1.882.109
Total current assets		1.387.560	1.882.109
Total assets		1.387.560	1.882.109

Balance sheet 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2022</u> DKK	<u>2021</u> DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		50.000	50.000
Retained earnings		<u>-3.246.693</u>	<u>-2.586.010</u>
Equity		<u>-3.196.693</u>	<u>-2.536.010</u>
Banks		3.765.665	2.680.965
Trade payables		89.115	75.958
Other payables		<u>729.473</u>	<u>1.661.196</u>
Total current liabilities		<u>4.584.253</u>	<u>4.418.119</u>
Total liabilities		<u>4.584.253</u>	<u>4.418.119</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>1.387.560</u>	<u>1.882.109</u>

Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2022	50.000	-2.586.010	-2.536.010
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-660.683	-660.683
Equity at 31 December 2022	50.000	-3.246.693	-3.196.693

Notes

	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
1 Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	6.535.277	5.529.608
Pensions	376.533	146.624
Other social security costs	82.284	92.352
	6.994.094	5.768.584
 Average number of employees	 11	 10
 2 Financial costs		
Financial expenses, group entities	131.317	112.151
Other financial costs	5.812	3.066
Exchange loss	8.886	5.103
	146.015	120.320
 3 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Deferred tax for the year	0	-26.797
	0	-26.797
 Tax on profit/loss for the year is calculated as follows:		
Calculated 22% tax on profit/loss for the year before tax	-145.350	-4.122
 Tax effect of:		
Tax on non-deductible expenses and non-taxable income	0	753
Non-capitalised deferred tax	145.350	-23.428
	0	-26.797

4 Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)

The parent company Barona IT OY has given declarations of support for the company for the coming 12 months from the balance sheet date.

Notes

5 Related parties and ownership structure

According to the company's register of shareholders, the following shareholder holds at least 5% of the votes or at least 5% of the share capital:

Barona IT OY, Töölönlahdenkatu 3 B, 00100 Helsinki, Finland

Accounting policies

The annual report of Barona IT ApS for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The annual report for 2022 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration, excluding VAT and other indirect taxes. Revenue is net of all types of discounts granted.

Income from services, comprising service contracts and extended warranties relating to products and contracts sold is recognised on a straight-line basis as the services are provided.

Accounting policies

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have been able to use tax losses to reduce their own taxable profits.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Accounting policies

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

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"By my signature I confirm all dates and content in this document."

Henri Pynnönen

Director

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2023-06-21 14:20:33 UTC



Henrik Rantala

Director

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2023-06-21 16:33:15 UTC



Henrik Rantala

Chairman of the board

Serial number: henrik.rantala@barona.fi

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2023-06-21 16:33:15 UTC



Kurt Bülow

Certified public Accountant

On behalf of: Ecovis Danmark

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2023-06-22 11:27:21 UTC

NEM ID 

Henrik Rantala

Chairman of the annual general meeting

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