Deloitte.

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CI III GP II ApS

Nørregade 21 1165 Copenhagen Business Registration No 38472526

Annual report 2019

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on

29/6-2020

Chairman of the Seneral Meeting

Name: Morten Jensen

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Entity details

Entity

CI III GP II ApS Nørregade 21 1165 Copenhagen

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 38472526

Founded: 08.03.2017

Registered in: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019

Executive Board

Christian Troels Skakkebæk Jakob Baruël Poulsen

Bank

Nordea Bank Danmark A/S

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 P.O. Box 1600 0900 Copenhagen

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of CI III GP II ApS for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 08.06.2020

Executive Board

hristian Troels Skakkebæk

akob Baruël Poulsen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of CI III GP II ApS Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of CI III GP II ApS for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exits. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 08.06.2020

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No (CVR)

33963556

Bill Haudal Pedersen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne30131

Michael Thorø Larsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne35823

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Company's main activity is to act as an alternative investment vehicle and to conduct business within the fields of trade and investments, along with other fields which are related hereto.

Development in activities and finances

The development in the financial year's activities is as expected.

Events after the balance sheet date

The emergency of the coronavirus (COVID-19) and the resulting financial market declines from the end of February until the adoption of the Annual Report may have an adverse influence on the Company's earnings expectations for 2020. At the time of publication of the Annual Report, it is not possible to determine the scale of any adverse influence.

No other events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2019

	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Other external expenses	1 _	(100,154)	(18,270)
Operating profit/loss		(100,154)	(18,270)
Income from other fixed asset investments		368,033	0
Other financial income		1,019	2,446
Other financial expenses	-	(2,016)	(923)
Profit/loss for the year	-	266,882	(16,747)
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings	_	266,882	(16,747)
	-	266,882	(16,747)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2019

	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Other investments	_	6,906,927	1,964,816
Fixed asset investments	-	6,906,927	1,964,816
Fixed assets	-	6,906,927	1,964,816
Other receivables	_	87,935	0
Receivables	-	87,935	0
Cash	-	48,041	991
Current assets	-	135,976	991
Assets		7,042,903	1,965,807

Balance sheet at 31.12.2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		50,006	50,005
Share premium		3,838,177	1,411,649
Retained earnings	-	241,661	(25,221)
Equity	-	4,129,844	1,436,433
Bank loans		0	91,061
Payables to group enterprises		2,787,529	411,908
Other payables	-	125,530	26,405
Current liabilities other than provisions		2,913,059	529,374
Liabilities other than provisions	-	2,913,059	529,374
Equity and liabilities	-	7,042,903	1,965,807
	_		

Contingent liabilities

Statement of changes in equity for 2019

	Contributed		Retained	
	capital	Share premium	earnings	Total
	<u>DKK</u>	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity				
beginning of	50,005	1,411,649	(25,221)	1,436,433
year				
Increase of	1	2,426,528	0	2,426,529
capital	•	2,420,320	O .	2,420,329
Profit/loss	0	0	266,882	266,882
for the year				
Equity end of year	50,006	3,838,177	241,661	4,129,844
•				

The share capital is not divided into classes of shares.

Notes

1. Other external expenses

The Company has no employees.

The Management has not received any remuneration.

2. Contingent liabilities

The Company has no contingent liabilities, but has a remaining investment commitment of DKK 18,406,509.

CI III GP II ApS

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Reporting currency is Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

Income from other fixed asset investments

Income from other fixed asset investments comprises gains in the form of dividends on fixed asset investments which are not investments in group enterprises or associates.

Accounting policies

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income and net exchange rate adjustments on transactions in foreign currencies.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and net exchange rate adjustments on transactions in foreign currencies.

Balance sheet

Other investments

Other investments comprise financial assets, which are measured at cost.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.