

Nordic Alpha Partners ApS

Strandvejen 114 A, DK-2900 Hellerup CVR no. 38 46 57 83

Annual report for 2021

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 11 March 2022

Rasmus Lund chairman



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Laurits Mathias Bach Sørensen

Director



Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Nordic Alpha Partners ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 11 March 2022

Executive board

Ulrik Jørring

Director

Rasmus Lund

Director

Troels Øberg

Director

Jakob Fuhr Hansen

Director

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Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Nordic Alpha Partners ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the financial statements of Nordic Alpha Partners ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.



Independent auditor's report

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



Independent auditor's report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Copenhagen, 11 March 2022

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 33 77 12 31

Niels Henrik B. Mikkelsen State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne16675

Martin Birch State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne42825



Company details

The company

Nordic Alpha Partners ApS

Strandvejen 114 A DK-2900 Hellerup

CVR no.:

38 46 57 83

Reporting period:

1 January - 31 December 2021

Domicile:

Copenhagen

Executive board

Ulrik Jørring

Troels Øberg

Laurits Mathias Bach Sørensen

Rasmus Lund Jakob Fuhr Hansen

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup

Management's review

Business review

The purpose of the company is to act as management of Nordic Alpha Partners Fund I K/S.

Recognition and measurement uncertainties

The recognition and measurement of items in the annual report is not associated with any uncertainty.

Unusual matters

The company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and the results of its operations for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 are not affected by any unusual matters.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021 shows a profit of TDKK 2.578, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 shows equity of TDKK 820.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2021 	2020 TDKK
Gross profit		13.526	14.570
Staff expenses Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets	1	-10.117	-10.926
and property, plant and equipment		-22	-89
Profit/loss before net financials		3.387	3.555
Financial expenses		-26	
Profit/loss before tax			-23
Tay on profit/less family		3.361	3.532
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-783	-791
Profit/loss for the year		2.578	2.741
Distribution of profit			
Proposed dividend for the year		505	
Extraordinary dividend for the year		625	1.500
Retained earnings		2.100	1.000
			241
		2.578	2.741



Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2021 TDKK	2020 TDKK
Assets			
Leasehold improvements		0	21
Tangible assets		0	21
Deposits		149	149
Fixed asset investments		149	149
Total non-current assets		149	170
Trade receivables		4.379	881
Other receivables		233	8
Prepayments		271	375
Receivables		4.883	1.264
Cash at bank and in hand		949	2.543
Total current assets		5.832	3.807
Total assets		5.981	3.977



Balance sheet 31 December

Contingent liabilities

	Note	2021 TDKK	2020 TDKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		50	50
Retained earnings		145	292
Proposed dividend for the year		625	1.500
Equity	3	820	1.842
Provision for deferred tax		37	31
Total provisions		37	31
Trade payables		59	297
Corporation tax		89	70
Other payables		883	1.737
Deferred income		4.093	0
Total current liabilities		5.124	2.104
Total liabilities		5.124	2.104
Total equity and liabilities		5.981	3.977

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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Proposed extraordinary dividend	Total
Equity at 1 January 2021	50	292	1.500	0	1.842
Dividend paid	0	0	-1.500	-2.100	-3.600
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-147	625	2.100	2.578
Equity at 31 December 2021	50	145	625	0	820



Notes

Other social security costs Other staff costs 2.067 2.23 10.117 10.93 Average number of employees 8			2021	2020
Wages and salaries 7.988 8.58 Other social security costs 62 Other staff costs 2.067 2.28 Average number of employees 8			TDKK	TDKK
Other social security costs Other staff costs 2.067 2.23 10.117 10.93 Average number of employees	1	Staff expenses		
Other staff costs 2.067 2.26 10.117 10.96 Average number of employees 8		Wages and salaries	7.988	8.588
Average number of employees 8		Other social security costs	62	49
Average number of employees 8		Other staff costs	2.067	2.289
			10.117	10.926
2. Tay on profit/lace for the year		Average number of employees	8	8
	2	Tax on profit/loss for the year	777	752
		STATEMENT OF STATEMENT AND ASSESSMENT OF STATEMENT OF STA	8 88	752
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years 0		Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	0	7
Adjustment of deferred tax 6		Adjustment of deferred tax	6	32
7837			783	791

3 Equity

The share capital consists of 50.000 shares of a nominal value of TDKK 1. No shares carry any special rights.

4 Contingent liabilities

Other contingent liabilities not recognised in balance sheet

The company has assumed rent commitments which at the balance sheet date amount to a total of TDKK 199.



Accounting policies

The annual report of Nordic Alpha Partners ApS for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2021 is presented in TDKK.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue from the quarterly management fee is recognized in the income statement in the financial period.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to advertising, administration, premises etc.



Accounting policies

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue and other external expenses.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of Leasehold improvements.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost added revaluations and less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Leasehold improvements

3-5 years



Accounting policies

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and deposits at banks.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income recognised under 'Current liabilities' comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial years.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

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Niels Henrik B. Mikkelsen

Statsautoriseret revisor

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2022-03-11 09:16:21 UTC

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