

Everfuel

ANNUAL REPORT 2023





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THE EVERFUEL HYDROGEN PROMISE

Vision of a decarbonised world

Everfuel works towards a visionary world of fossil free industry and mobility.

Our mission

Everfuel's mission is to enable European-wide production, distribution, and supply of green hydrogen to industry and mobility at prices competitive to traditional fossil fuels.

An energy carrier for generations

Green hydrogen is produced from renewable electricity and water. Hydrogen can be used by industry to significantly reduce process emissions and when consumed in fuel cell vehicles the only tail pipe emission is water. Hydrogen production by electrolysis enables high utilisation of renewable energy (wind/solar) by producing and storing hydrogen when most optimal. Hydrogen is a key fuel and energy carrier for future generations.

Ambition

Our ambition is to develop a European-wide offering of hydrogen supply and fuelling solutions for industry stakeholders as well as heavy-duty vehicle operators by 2030. Supporting this ambition, hydrogen production and distribution facilities located in Denmark with key partnerships being developed across Europe, starting in Germany and Netherlands and expanding from there.

Complete value chain

Everfuel will facilitate the complete hydrogen value chain from renewable power to hydrogen production to point of delivery. This enables Everfuel to rapidly expand activities and provide competitive hydrogen prices to end-users.

Clean and green

Hydrogen is produced when renewable electricity is available and stored as an energy carrier in form of hydrogen and subsequently distributed and supplied to industry and mobility applications. This makes hydrogen a versatile energy carrier for hard to abate industry and mobility segments where direct electrification is not possible. Further hydrogen production is an important contributor to a balanced electricity grid and energy system with variable renewable energy production.

Everfuellers

We are all Everfuellers, part of an ambitious company. We have extensive hydrogen experience and are dedicated to commercialising hydrogen production, distribution and fuelling. Creating a sustainable zero emission fuel for Everfuel's customers, partners and for generations to come.

Everfuel

MESSAGE FROM THE CEO

Electrolyser room at HySynergy

There is an urgent need to decarbonise global energy systems. Widespread commercially available green hydrogen as a clean, safe and reliable energy carrier will be a key enabler for this. I am proud to say, that since our inception in 2019, Everfuel has been a driving force behind the creation of a green hydrogen value chain in Europe designed to enable industry and mobility to reduce carbon emissions at scale.

We have made significant progress but also experience setbacks. Immature technology, project complexities, supply chain constraints and cost inflation impact our operational, commercial and financial development. We face protracted political processes, delays in the roll-out of hydrogen vehicles and increased cost of capital, which impact the pace at which we and our markets grow. In 2023, as these factors converged, we proactively focused our strategy to prioritise investments in large-scale electrolyser facilities and mobility solutions for heavy duty transport.

These are the areas of the green hydrogen market which will mature first, and where we have unique competitive advantages and the potential to create significant returns for our stakeholders. Awareness of hydrogen as

a vital energy carrier is increasing in Europe, providing a strong foundation for a rapidly growing market for hydrogen made with clean renewable energy. We remain eager and ambitious, aiming for Everfuel to be among the first companies in Europe to exceed EUR 1 billion in annual revenue from green hydrogen sales.

Strong demand and strong partners

Despite headwinds, we achieved several milestones in 2023, emerging as a stronger company and maintaining our position as a green hydrogen market leader in Europe.

We experience increased interest from companies in hard-to-abate industries seeking to reduce emissions and diversify energy supplies. They open for long-term contracts for hydrogen offtake with stable, bankable cash flows to support the development of large-scale electrolyser facilities in Denmark with pipeline connections to major industry hubs, initially in Germany and later the rest of Northwest Europe. Continued global conflict and focus on energy security are additional factors that motivate nations and companies to promote hydrogen to diversify energy supply.

Against this backdrop, we are very pleased with the creation of our EUR 200 million joint venture with Hy24, the world's largest hydrogen investment fund, for equity financing of new electrolysers. Together, we have already proven our ability to execute by, in December, securing Danish Power-to-X funding for production and supply of green hydrogen. And more recently, we signed a collaboration agreement with ITOCHU and Osaka Gas, two Japanese energy and industry blue-chips with global presence. Hy24 invested directly in Everfuel in our capital raise last March, and ITOCHU and Osaka Gas, have acquired a substantial shareholding and indicated their support in future funding rounds. These partnerships validate Everfuel's strategy and position at the forefront of the green hydrogen wave.

Optimising operations

As part of our 2023 strategy realignment, we streamlined the organisation to optimise operations, commercial activities and reduce costs. We also decommissioned unprofitable legacy car stations, recognising that Everfuel alone cannot carry the cost of building the entire value chain before the end-user demand is there. The measures provide us with the headroom to finance the current approved investments well into 2025 before requiring additional equity.

I'd like to emphasise that Everfuel remains committed to zero-emission mobility, but we will focus our resources towards supplying hydrogen for heavy-duty mobility applications meeting clear return requirements and aligned with European legislation or with long-term offtake contracts in place.

I recognise that the challenges with our distribution trailers, the extended commissioning period for HySynergy 1, job reductions and station closures have required extraordinary efforts by the organisation. I am truly grateful for the hard work and dedication put in by entire Everfuel team and for the support of the Board of Directors during the year. I know that we go into 2024 as a stronger and more focused company. We will complete the strategy process initiated last year, providing us with a realigned roadmap for growth and value creation. And with that, we will turn our full attention to execution.

A leading European green hydrogen company

The first milestone on that roadmap is the start of production and commercial supply of green hydrogen from HySynergy 1 facility to our neighbour at the Crossbridge Energy refinery and to bus depots. This is

just around the corner and will be a pivotal moment. Not only for Everfuel, but also for our partners, the hydrogen industry and I dare to also say society. It represents a major step in making green hydrogen a viable clean fuel for industry and mobility, cementing Everfuel's position as a leading European green hydrogen company with the competence, capability and capacity to convert visions and power-points into real assets that create value and have a positive impact on the environment for decades to come. This is a position we intend to leverage.

By managing the HySynergy development in-house, we have navigated supply chain challenges, inflation, small and large project set-backs and -wins to build unique competencies. We will apply these to optimise preparations for the final investment decision on the next phase of HySynergy, comprising three 100 MW electrolyzers, to project Sif with an electrolyser capacity potential in excess of 1 GW and other future Everfuel hydrogen production sites.

Being at forefront of the emerging multi-billion Euro green hydrogen industry, we experience constant interest from companies and organisations active across

the hydrogen and adjacent value chains. As part of our strategy process, we are considering the potential to convert this interest into new ways in which we can apply our competencies to drive profitable growth.

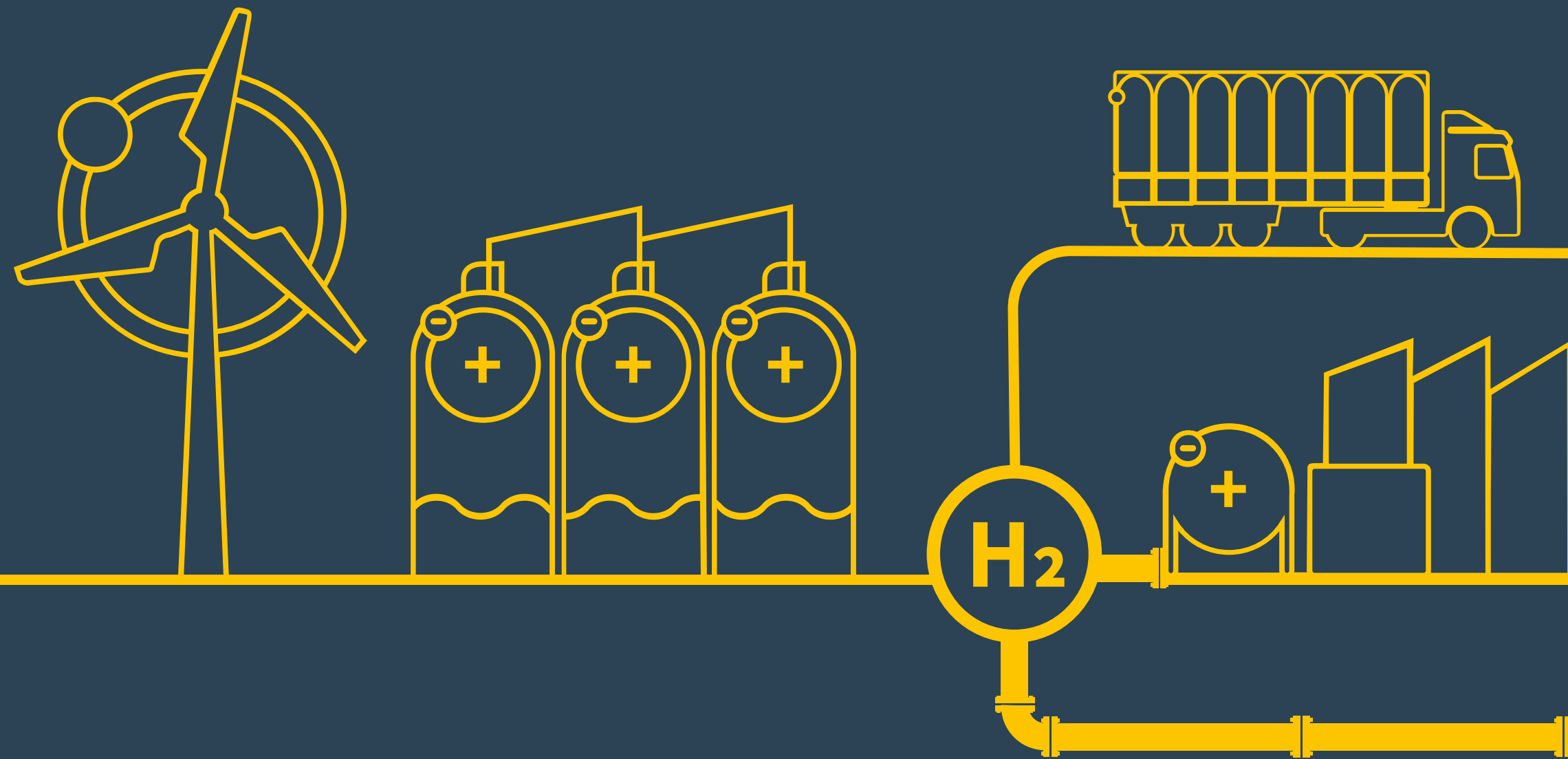
Bright future

There is no doubt that large quantities of green hydrogen made from renewable wind and solar energy will be required to decarbonise industry and mobility. Everfuel is one of the companies leading the way to enable this transition at scale.

The recognition from the global financial and industrial majors Hy24, ITOCHU and Osaka Gas, confirms that we are on the right path. This is highly motivational for me personally and for the entire Everfuel organisation as we are making hydrogen happen – now!

Jacob Krogsgaard
founder and CEO of Everfuel

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**Yesterday's wind
Today's fuel**

EVERFUEL IN BRIEF

Everfuel is making green hydrogen for zero emission industry and mobility commercially available across Europe, offering competitive hydrogen production and supply solutions. As a leading green hydrogen company, the strategy is to connect flexible green hydrogen production with increasing demand for environmentally friendly, safe and innovative hydrogen infrastructure driven by commercial and regulatory considerations.

Everfuel is a leading developer and manager of green hydrogen projects with proven capabilities within hydrogen technology and system integration, EPCM (Engineering, Procurement and Construction Management) as well as operations, production and distribution. Functional activities are organised in the Upstream and Downstream divisions depending on the activities' position in the value chain:

Upstream: Renewable energy and hydrogen project development and hydrogen production and operations, including co-owned companies with external minority investors.

Downstream: Downstream activities include distribution of hydrogen to, and or operation of, owned and partner mobility solutions as well as supply of hydrogen to non-pipeline connected industry customers.

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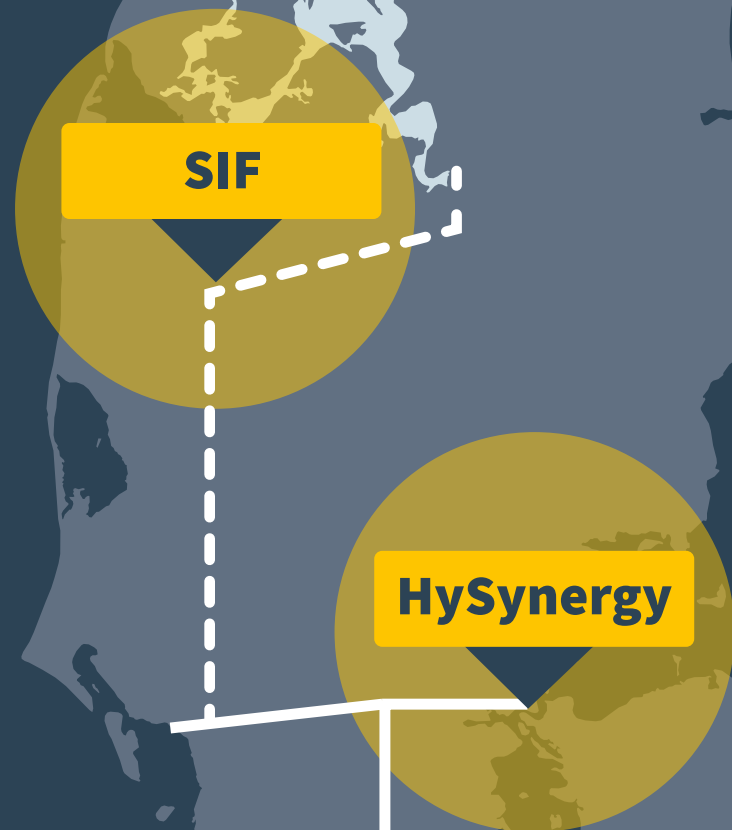
RENEWABLE ENERGY

Decarbonisation of the electricity system through renewable energy is well underway. However, to also decarbonise hard-to-abate sectors such as heavy industry and mobility, green hydrogen produced from renewable energy is needed. Hydrogen will as an energy carrier play a critical role in curbing climate change and achieving full decarbonisation of society. Green hydrogen is carbon-free which makes it a climate-friendly alternative to fossil fuels. Simultaneously, it helps balance the power grid as increasing renewable energy production can be stored and consumed when it is needed – even when the wind is not blowing, and the sun is not shining.

Everfuel produces hydrogen using clean power from renewable sources such as wind and solar. Hydrogen production through electrolyzers is an age-old established technique, that offers an efficient way to increase utilisation of the fluctuating renewable energy that will otherwise be curtailed. Europe has abundant sources of renewable energy, which is the first step needed for the large-scale deployment of green hydrogen. Using renewable energy for hydrogen production is essential to continue to harvest renewable energy and make a viable business case of the renewable energy sources available.

Everfuel is actively engaged, both standalone and in partnerships, in the utilisation of existing renewable energy assets and the development new production capacity to support green hydrogen production. To date, Everfuel has as part of the project portfolio secured access to approximately 4 square kilometres of land for future development of electrolyzers and power generation assets.

— Hydrogen Backbone 2028
- - - Hydrogen Backbone 2030



HYDROGEN PRODUCTION

Green hydrogen is produced by splitting water into oxygen and hydrogen with the use of renewable electricity through an electrochemical process known as electrolysis. Everfuel has developed unique competencies in the engineering, procurement and construction management (EPCM) work connected to the development and operation of electrolyzers.

The company installs, owns, and operates electrolyzers in places with access to abundant renewable energy and hydrogen offtake in the same area. The electrolyzers are monitored and operated the Tech control centre at the HySynergy facility in Fredericia, Denmark. The primary product offered by production facilities is hydrogen. Secondary value streams include by-products from the hydrogen production such as oxygen and heat. The excess heat can for instance be applied in a district heating system, ensuring cross-sector integration. The oxygen has multiple potential applications within areas such as waste processing and agriculture.

HYDROGEN DISTRIBUTION

Delivering hydrogen to customers at the right time and at the right price is essential for Everfuel. This can be done through dedicated pipelines and via Everfuel's fleet of custom-made hydrogen trailers which deliver green hydrogen to stations and industry customers throughout the North-Western parts of Europe. As markets mature, the company expects to offer hydrogen distribution throughout Europe to assist in the decarbonisation of European industries and transportation.

Hydrogen distribution is about safety, efficiency and reliability at all times while carrying high capacities of hydrogen. The hydrogen distribution trailers operated by Everfuel all have more than one tonne of hydrogen payload. Trailers are developed and improved in cooperation with partners and include unique Everfuel features that offer a competitive edge via intelligent station integration IP. Everfuel distributes green hydrogen to own hydrogen refuelling stations and partners' stations. For industrial customers and partners, the hydrogen trailers act as a mobile pipeline between hydrogen production and the customer.

Everfuel owns 12 hydrogen distribution trailers at year-end 2023 with 9 trailers undergoing rebuilding prior to redeployment following a leak identified in June 2023. Additionally, Everfuel also have 10 mobile storage units.






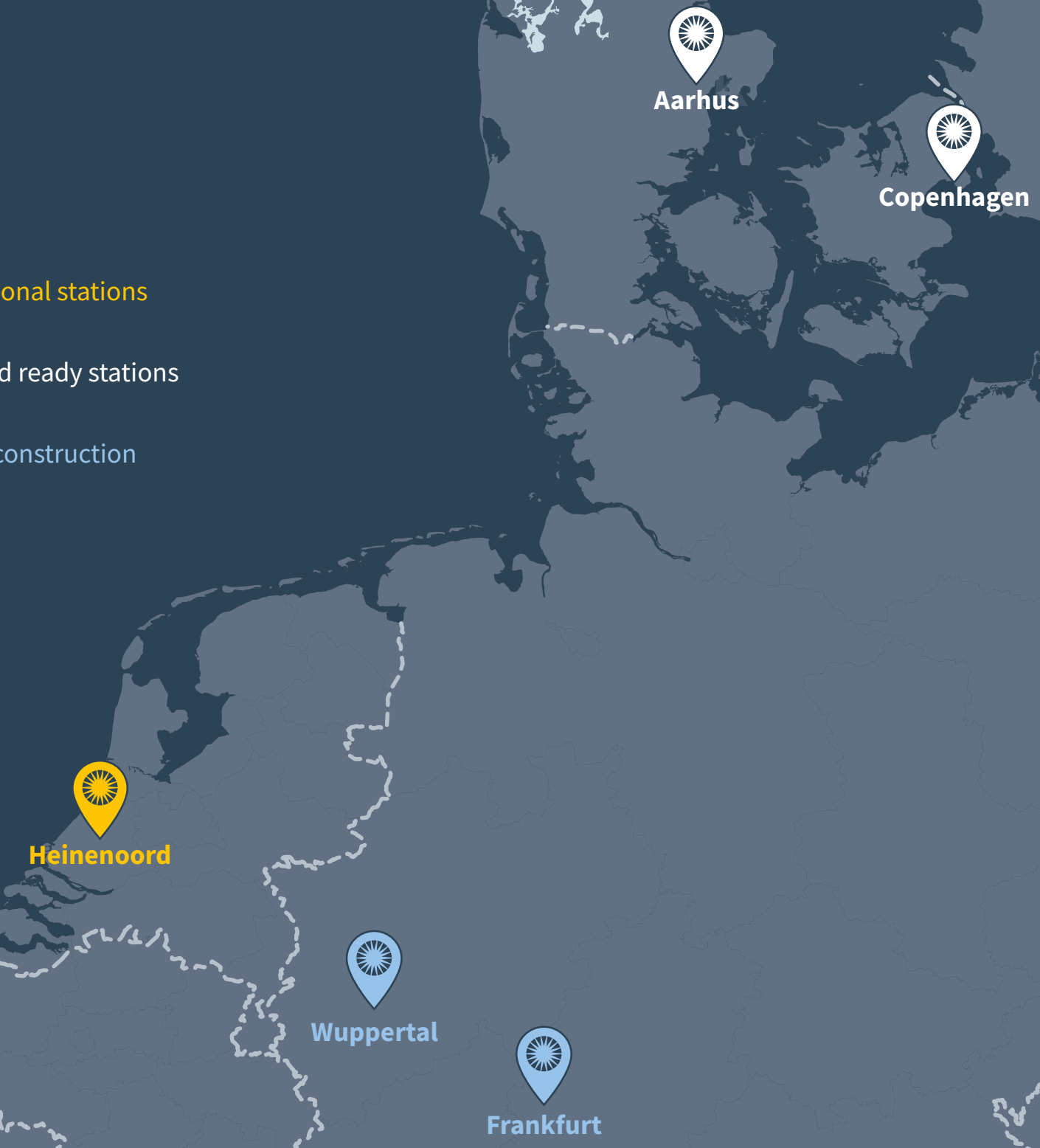
Hydrogen distribution centre and distribution trailer | HySynergy

HYDROGEN STATIONS

Everfuel operates hydrogen refuelling stations primarily to support fleets of heavy-duty fuel-cell and hydrogen combustion engine vehicles. Green hydrogen is especially useful in commercial mobility segments that are difficult to electrify, such as buses and heavy-duty trucks. For some commercial applications, battery electric vehicles often face challenges due to the charging speed, operational requirements, lack of grid capacity, weight of the batteries, range, and temperature variations. Hydrogen vehicles can be refuelled in the same time as regular combustion engine vehicles.

Everfuel will focus on establishing fuelling solutions for truck and bus depots with long-term offtake hydrogen agreements. With a honed focus on heavy-duty applications, Everfuel have divested legacy car refuelling assets. Later, as technology matures, and demand emerges Everfuel will engage or partner in developing publicly available heavy-duty hydrogen stations.

-  Operational stations
-  Demand ready stations
-  Under construction



HYDROGEN CONSUMPTION

Green hydrogen can be useful in a variety of sectors to assist in reaching zero-emission solutions or creating greener alternatives to fossil fuels.

Industry

Hydrogen is already a vital part of many production industries. However, much of the hydrogen consumed in the industry today is based on fossil fuels. With the transition to green hydrogen, hard-to-abate industries such as refineries, steel production, ammonia and chemical industries can significantly reduce CO2 emissions.

Vehicles

Hydrogen offers several advantages, including zero-emission transportation and air purification when used in a fuel cell vehicle. Refuelling is as fast as refuelling a diesel vehicle, making it a practical solution for bus and truck operators. When battery charging times and weight and grid constraints challenge operations, hydrogen vehicles offer a green alternative.

Other transportation

Besides vehicles, green fuels, based on hydrogen, are well on their way to decarbonising the maritime and aviation sectors. When mixed with green CO2, green hydrogen is a central component in the production of e-fuels that will replace fossil fuels in ferries and airplanes.

Secondary value streams

A by-product of green hydrogen production is oxygen and heat. Both can be used in other industries to ensure that nothing goes to waste in the production process.

STRATEGY

Following a realignment of strategy in 2023, Everfuel will continue to establish vertically integrated hydrogen supply chains across Europe by focusing on developing and operating large scale electrolysers for green hydrogen production and selectively developing hydrogen distribution and supply to heavy-duty applications, all supported by proprietary digital solutions spanning across the value chain.

Everfuel continues to develop its plan for growth and value creation based on a clear ambition of being one of the first independent hydrogen developers and producers to deliver EUR 1 billion of annual revenue from green hydrogen sales. The strategy realignment is detailed further in the management's review section.

Everfuel is headquartered just south of Herning, Denmark, with a Tech Centre under construction next to HySynergy, Fredericia, soon ready to host technology, engineering, procurement and construction management (EPCM) and operation functions. The company is backed by a skilled Board of Directors and a team of dedicated employees and managers.

COMMITMENT TO SUSTAINABILITY

Everfuel A/S (the “Company” or the “Group”) seeks to be a good corporate citizen and places due respect on the impact its business activities may have on employees, partners, suppliers, investors and the societies in which the Company has operations. Sustainable operations are considered a prerequisite to successfully delivering on Everfuel’s vision and business strategy.

A review of the Company’s strategy, long-term targets, business model, markets, technology and projects can be found in the Annual Report and the Management’s Report. In combination with the above-mentioned reports, this section of the Annual Report seeks to meet the Company’s requirements for reporting on corporate social responsibility. The report is focused on the business activities under the operational control of Everfuel.

MATERIAL ESG FACTORS

Since Everfuel listed on Euronext Growth Oslo in October 2020, business operations have changed from initially mainly activities tied to business development, project planning, engineering and research and development with had limited external footprint, to current operations focused on developing an asset base and activities within production, distribution and dispensing of green hydrogen. These assets and activities consume land, raw materials and energy during construction and operations, and it is Everfuel's ambition to minimise the external impact.

As part of this, the Company is inspired by the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) standards for structuring ESG activities and monitoring, until the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD) and European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS) can be implemented by the company. The SASB standards identify a subset of 26 ESG issues relevant to financial performance. Everfuel is considered part of the Renewable Resources & Alternative Energy sector, with operations connected to sub-industries covering fuel cells and the development of solar and wind energy.

Supported by the SASB framework and own stakeholder dialogues, Everfuel highlights the following three topics currently considered as the most material to the Company:



**1. ENVIRONMENTALLY
CONSCIOUS
OPERATIONS**



**2. SAFE AND
SECURE
OPERATIONS**

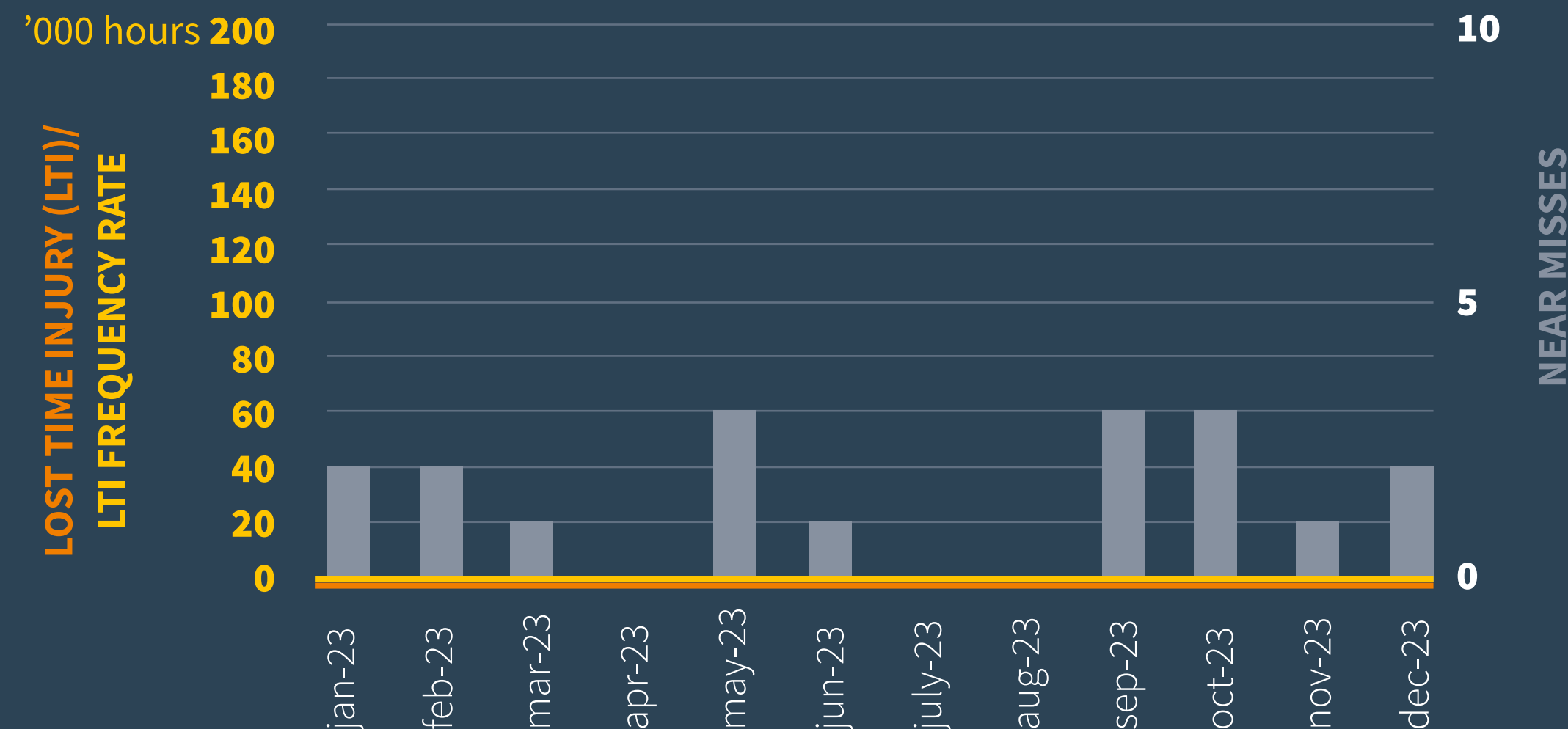


**3. A STRONG
GOVERNANCE
FRAMEWORK**

2. SAFE AND SECURE OPERATIONS

Everfuel recognises the importance of its people for successful execution of strategy and delivery on long-term financial and societal ambitions. The Company places the outmost importance on the safety and security in operations and the well-being of its employees. This is the guiding principle for the operational framework and procedures that are being established for HySynergy 1 and future electrolyser facilities and reflected in the ambition of zero health, safety and environment (HSE) related incidents.

The Company registered zero HSE incident in 2023, compared to one in 2022. Everfuel registered 18 near misses (2022: 14) primarily related to the construction and pre-startup work on HySynergy 1. In addition to a HSE hotline for immediate reporting on any potential issues the Company has established a Crisis Management Organisation to ensure procedural actions pertaining to emergency situations.



Quality, Health, Safety and Environment (QHSE)

The Company's QHSE Management System has been established to support the execution of and continuous improvement to its framework of working procedures and instructions. Currently, the QHSE Management System is being updated to align with the adjusted strategy to ensure it remains a transparent, lean and efficient tool to support the execution of daily operations for all Everfuel employees and a tool for proactively meeting stakeholder requirements and compliance with HSE laws and regulations.

The QHSE Management System is part of Everfuel's Overall Business System, supporting strategy execution and risk management. The system is summarised in the QHSE Manual, last updated on 3 June 2023. The Company continuously works to improve and establish separate manuals for various key business activities describing required personnel qualifications, safety equipment needed and general procedures to ensure safe and efficient execution of the various work processes throughout the hydrogen value chain as assets become operational.

Everfuel protects and promotes health and wellbeing and provides a safe work environment. The company and the employees avoid risky behaviour and recognise dangerous situations promptly and take appropriate action. The Company assures compliance to HSE laws and regulations and have zero tolerance for violations and negligent behaviour.

Cybersecurity

Everfuel develops infrastructure for production, distribution and dispensing of zero emission fuel. Cyber security is an integral part of the Company's operations and project planning and development processes to ensure a high level of security. This includes the proprietary Helios big data system for optimising the green hydrogen value chain, the Everfuel app used by the end users at the refuelling stations, and the newly added portfolio of "Hy-Applications" supporting both production and transportation of Hydrogen.

The Board is updated on all aspects of cyber security and the related initiatives being implemented when relevant. To the Company's knowledge, there were no breaches within Everfuel systems in 2023, and no breaches or leaks of our customer data.

Everfuel maintains its dialogue with The Danish Energy Agency to analyse requirements and needs for IT- security within its PtX facilities and the related critical infrastructure.

Everfuel is proactively working towards meeting the requirements coming from Network and Information Security (NIS2) directive, which is expected to be included as part of the The Danish Energy Agency cybersecurity requirements coming in 2024. All systems and facilities are being prepared to comply with future regulations in this area, and it is Everfuel's ambition to have a fully implemented information security management system (ISMS) with NIS2 regulations added ultimo 2024.

As Everfuel continuously expands its operations, the amount of customer data increases. Everfuel acknowledges the responsibility for handling this data in a secure manner to ensure customers' right to privacy and has adopted a system for annual control to ensure compliance with GDPR.

ESG GOING FORWARD

Everfuel maintains an open dialogue with key stakeholders to support identification of the most material issues for future reporting.

In 2024, Everfuel plans to further develop its sustainability framework in preparation for future disclosure requirements. This work will be based on the initial relevant frameworks identified in 2023 ESG strategy project, including examining EU Taxonomy eligibility and alignment and climate related impacts on Everfuel.

From the financial year 2025, the Company expects to be subject to the new reporting requirements set forth in the EU's Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD). This includes meeting the disclosure requirements of the European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS) based on a double materiality assessment examining sustainability related opportunities and risks from the perspective of both impact- and financial materiality.

Green hydrogen is set to play a major role in the energy transition towards a fossil-free planet. This will require a radical shift within the mobility sector and almost all other industries which will have to introduce more sustainable ways to operate than today. Everfuel believes that immediate action is required to accelerate the pace of transition to curb climate change and deliver on the UN Sustainable Development Goals. Hydrogen holds a strong value-proposition for industries that cannot readily be directly electrified. Everfuel therefore works to make hydrogen happen, now!



MANAGEMENT

Jacob Krogsgaard CEO

Jacob Krogsgaard serves as CEO of Everfuel and has previously worked more than four years as Senior Vice President of Nel Hydrogen Solutions. Before this, Jacob worked as CEO and co-founder of H2 Logic from 2003 until the company was acquired by NEL ASA in 2015. Additionally, Jacob has served in several board positions and holds a BSc in Business Development from Aarhus University.

Martin Skov Hansen Deputy CEO

Martin Skov Hansen serves as Deputy CEO has more than 20 years of experience as auditor and adviser for multiple medium and large companies in several industries. His areas of expertise includes multi-national companies working across borders and IFRS. He holds a MSc in Business Administration and Auditing from Syddansk University, Kolding, Denmark and is a state-authorized public accountant. Martin has worked at PwC in the period 2002 to 2019 and as a Partner since 2015.

Jesper Ejlersen CFO

Jesper Ejlersen serves as CFO of Everfuel and has previously worked as former CFO and CEO of Stibo Systems A/S and as CFO of EG A/S. Latest Jesper comes from Mash Makes, a green company focusing on biofuels, hydrogen and more. Jesper has more than 25 years of experience in Finance and Business administration and holds a Master degree in Business Administration from Aarhus School of Business. Jesper is a retired Captain of the army reserve.



MANAGEMENT

Uffe Borup **CTO**

Dr Uffe Borup serves as CTO of Everfuel and has previously worked more than three years as Vice President of Technology at Nel Hydrogen Solution. Before this, Uffe worked as Director of Business Development at Danfoss Drives, R&D director at Danfoss Solar Inverters and co-founder (CTO) at Powerlynx. Uffe holds an Industrial PhD from Aalborg University and a MSc Eng. in Power Electronics from Aalborg University.

Mikkel Abildtrup Pedersen **CDO**

Mikkel Abildtrup Pedersen serves as CDO of Ever fuel and has extensive experience in executive management, business- and project development from the renewable energy sector and the financial sector, including CDO at Obton, COO at Eurowind Energy and CEO at Eniig Renewables. Before that he had served in management positions in Difko and as a lawyer at DAHL lawfirm. Mikkel holds a Master of Business Administration from Henley Business School and a Master of Laws, LLM from Aarhus University.

Peder Pedersen **COO**

Peder Pedersen serves as COO of Everfuel and has near decade long experience with project management, sales, and product management within industrial refrigeration. Since 2010, Peder has worked in the industrial gas sector, first as project manager at Union Engineering and for the past 11 years as Production Manager at Air Liquide with responsibility of four highly automated production facilities within the large industry segment. Peder holds a degree as Marine Engineer, and a HD in Organisation.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Søren Eriksen, Chairman

Søren Eriksen is CEO and managing partner at Viegand Maagøe A/S, with previous experience as CEO at Danish Rail and CFO at TDC. Prior to that he has been Head of Finance and Financial Analyst at Tele Danmark A/S. He holds a number of board positions, primarily within the renewable and energy sector. Søren holds a MSc in economics from University of Southern Denmark.



Anne Kathrine Steenbjerge BoD member

Anne Kathrine Steenbjerge is CEO and majority owner at Anders Nielsen & Co A/S (Ancotrans). She has extensive experience navigating a political environment with current and former positions in Danish Industry Association, Danish Agro and Hede Nielsens Fond.



Christina Aabo, BoD member

Christina Aabo is an independent advisor and has spent most of her career in the energy and renewables industries. She has previous experience as Head of R&D at Ørsted and was working as Vice President for Product Management at Vestas before that. Christina holds a MSc in civil engineering from Aalborg University.



Jørn Rosenlund, BoD member

Jørn Rosenlund is an independent advisor with experience as COO at Universal Hydrogen in California and as SVP for the Nel Fueling division of Nel Hydrogen. He worked as COO for H2 Logic from April 2015 to May 2016. He has previously held management positions at EagleBurgmann Expansion Joints and at Danfoss A/S. Jørn holds inter alia a Master of Manufacturing Technology from Aalborg University, Denmark.

2023 REVIEW AND 2024 EXPECTATIONS

Everfuel A/S' (the "Company" or the "Group") ambition is to make green hydrogen for zero emission industrial activity and mobility commercially available across Europe. The Company is engaging with partners, customers and authorities across the entire value chain, from production to distribution and fuelling, when executing its long-term strategy for value creation as a leading European green hydrogen company.



STRATEGIC REALIGNMENT

Everfuel experiences increased European support of green hydrogen across multiple dimensions, including the RED-II directive, the Alternative Fuels Infrastructure Regulation (AFIR) regulation, the European Hydrogen Backbone, the Danish PtX tender for production and supply of green hydrogen and the agreement for a hydrogen pipeline connecting Denmark and Germany. Still, Everfuel recognises, that as an early mover in a new industry, the Company is breaking new ground and continuously contribute to constructive maturation of technology together with suppliers and stakeholders, exposing the Company to protracted political progress, immature technology, supply chain challenges, cost inflation and scarce resources including access to competence.

Against this backdrop, Everfuel initiated a strategy realignment in August 2023, prioritising the development of large-scale green hydrogen production capacity and focus on refuelling solutions for heavy duty trucks and buses. Everfuel has since restructured the organisation and decommissioned legacy passenger car stations and will gradually implement further initiatives in the first half of 2024. The objective is to reduce costs and investments by optimising the organisation and high-grading refuelling station and project portfolio.

Prioritising large-scale electrolyzers

The focus on developing large-scale electrolyser capacity reflects Germany's emergence as the largest hydrogen market in Europe, providing visibility for green hydrogen demand from large industrial end-users and the potential for long-term bankable contracts. The planned implementation of renewable fuels of non-biological origin (RFNBO) fuel certificates will further add to Everfuel's cash flow and value creation potential starting in Germany. The market opportunity is further underpinned by the coming hydrogen pipeline between Denmark and Germany with upcoming capacity reservations for which the Company continue to be uniquely positioned.

Everfuel targets phased developments of large-scale electrolyzers positioned to serve the German market and later other European markets as they mature and introduce RFNBO certificates. The Company will prioritise sites suitable for facilities exceeding multiples of 100 MW to meet anticipated demand and to capture economies of scale during construction and operation. The facilities will be located close to renewable power generation with multiple offtake routes, including connection to the planned hydrogen pipeline to Germany.

This is reflected in project Sif, a third site in Denmark in addition to HySynergy and PtX Holstebro, announced in 2023. Project Sif has the potential to house over 1 GW electrolyser capacity including prospective hydrogen backbone connection. The site also has the potential to be connected to local renewable power generation capacity in line with future EU requirements. Everfuel will integrate PtX Holstebro in the Sif project as both are in the same area. This will optimise Sif's scaling potential and fully leverage the planned pipeline connection. The decision also reflects changes within the PtX Holstebro consortium. The announced project portfolio in Denmark now comprises HySynergy 1 and future HySynergy phases and Sif.

The experiences from the HySynergy 1 development position Everfuel to take a leading role as a developer and operator of large-scale green hydrogen production facilities supported by long-term offtake contracts with selected industrial customers and mobility customers. Everfuel continue to review the current hydrogen-hub portfolio considering recent market developments and will only proceed with projects that meet return requirements.



High grading the hydrogen fuelling portfolio focusing on heavy duty mobility

The restructuring of refuelling operations and project portfolio is focused on heavy duty mobility applications which are the key driver for profitable mobility solutions. The decommissioning of legacy car stations reflects that the passenger car activities is set to remain sub-scale for some time. Cash consumption within Everfuel's refuelling activity is expected to decrease significantly following the close-down or divestment of the legacy car stations and ongoing portfolio review based on clear return requirements.

Everfuel prioritises the safe and efficient operations of the Heinenoord bus depot in the Netherlands and completing the existing projects in Frankfurt and Wuppertal, Germany. These will be served by the distribution trailers as these return to operations, bringing green hydrogen from HySynergy 1 from 2024. The target is to confirm a positive business case based on these three bus depots and capture further growth opportunities, prioritising additional bus depots in Germany. Everfuel will also seek to develop truck depot projects.

A leading European green hydrogen company

The strategic realignment and related organisational adjustment are expected to enable Everfuel to execute current approved growth plans into 2025 before requiring additional equity as large-scale electrolyser projects are brought to final investment decision. Planned investments until then are expected to be financed by available liquidity, supported by HySynergy 1 cashflow from operations, the Hy24 collaboration public grants and relevant project debt financing.

Industrial-scale green hydrogen production, distribution and fuelling networks are required for Europe to meet stated climate targets. Everfuel's activities support these targets and maintains the ambition of being among the first green hydrogen companies to reach EUR 1 billion in annualised revenue from hydrogen sales to industry and mobility customers.



Electrolyser room at HySynergy

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Seen over a five-year period, the development of the Group is described by the following financial highlight.

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Profit/loss | | | | | |
| Revenue | 5,572 | 2,761 | 193 | 69 | 0 |
| Total income | 6,188 | 3,981 | 825 | 1,048 | 170 |
| Gross profit/loss | -2,408 | 59 | 396 | 951 | 170 |
| Profit/loss before financial income and expenses, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) | -18,467 | -11,643 | -6,791 | -1,110 | -251 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | -9,730 | -3,097 | -980 | -51 | -1 |
| Earnings before interests and tax (EBIT) | -28,197 | -14,740 | -7,771 | -1,161 | -252 |
| Financial items, net | 565 | -2,060 | 1,132 | 574 | -2 |
| Profit/loss before tax (EBT) | -27,632 | -16,800 | -6,639 | -587 | -254 |
| Net profit/loss | -27,632 | -16,542 | -6,514 | -511 | -198 |
| Balance sheet | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 69,539 | 51,294 | 19,054 | 2,693 | 19 |
| Balance sheet total | 111,191 | 102,716 | 83,792 | 27,068 | 1,159 |
| Equity | 70,289 | 59,308 | 77,242 | 25,760 | 880 |
| Ratios | | | | | |
| Gross margin | -43.2% | 2.1% | 205.2% | 1,378.3% | |
| Profit margin | -506.0% | -533.9% | -4,026.4% | -1,682.6% | |
| Solvency ratio | 63.2% | 57.7% | 92.2% | 95.2% | 75.9% |
| Return on equity | -42.6% | -24.6% | -8.6% | -1.0% | -22.5% |



FINANCIAL REVIEW

The financial results for 2023 reflect that the Group is in the initial stages of commercialising the green hydrogen value chain, preparing to start commercial shipments and revenue recognition from hydrogen production. Focus has been on raising capital to support continued significant investments in upstream activities led by the HySynergy 1 facility and on the wind-up of legacy businesses within downstream.

Profit and loss

Total Group income for 2023 was EUR 6.2 million (EUR 4.0 million). Revenue from the Heinenoord bus filling station increased to EUR 0.6 million (EUR 0.5 million), while total sale of hydrogen decreased to EUR 1.0 million (EUR 1.1 million) due to closure of legacy stations and the grounded distribution trailers.

Revenue from construction contracts increased to EUR 4.6 million (EUR 1.7 million) as the refilling station projects in Germany progressed. Other operating revenue such as public project funding decreased.

Increased cost of raw materials and consumables driven by the projects in Germany, resulted in a gross loss of EUR 2.4 million (profit EUR 0.1 million), whereof the German projects represented a loss of EUR 2.4 million. Operating cost including staff expenses were EUR 16.1 million (EUR 11.7 million), reflecting an

RISK MANAGEMENT

Everfuel's potential to realise its strategic and operational objectives is subject to several commercial and financial risks. Everfuel is continuously seeking to identify risks that can negatively impact the Group's future growth, activities, financial position and results and emphasises continuous risk monitoring and management as part of business activities.

The overall goal of risk management is to ensure that the Group operates with a sustainable level of risk which matches activity levels, the nature of the business, and long-term financial expectations. To the extent possible, Everfuel seeks to manage and limit risk factors which the Group can affect through its own actions. Below, some of the risk factors management considers as being of special importance to Everfuel, are described in no specific order.

Everfuel seeks to mitigate significant risks with commercially available insurance products. While the insurance coverage is deemed as satisfactory in light of current operations, no guarantee can be given that insurance may cover any potential claim or that it will be sufficient in light of any expansion of activities.

Geopolitical risks

Ongoing conflicts led by the war in Ukraine and the Israel's invasion of Gaza following the Hamas attacks on 7

October 2023, continue to create uncertainty regarding global political and economic stability and energy supply. The situation has cemented political support for the energy transition in Europe and support for the green hydrogen market as part of a wider strategy of decarbonising and diversifying energy supply reflected in EUs Fit for 55 and reinforced by REpowerEU. Further, the resulting uncertainty of energy supply has driven European Members states to update and extend scope of national hydrogen strategies exemplified by Germany in 2023. This is substantiated by the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) in the US, having a positive global environmental perspective, but drawing attention, capital and competence from Europe to the US.

The conflicts continue to cause concerns about supplies of key input factors to industrial and economic activity and disruptions for some businesses. They also impact volatility in debt, equity and commodity markets and have been a driver for global inflationary pressures and higher interest rates, which in turn has impacted general access to growth capital. Early signs indicate a stabilisation of global markets with inflation and interest rates trending downwards from peak levels.

Everfuel does not have any activities in Ukraine, Russia, Israel or in neighbouring regions.

Financial risks

Everfuel is in the early stages of its development and will likely require raising of additional capital to finance its operation through potential equity issues, debt financing, collaborative arrangements, strategic alliances or from other sources in order to successfully execute strategies with respect to expansion and commercialisation of its hydrogen business.

Everfuel has activities in countries with other currencies than EUR, the Group's presentation currency and is exposed to changes in foreign currency rates. Management is aware of the exposure and is taking the necessary precautions to minimise the risks. In 2023 activities in other currencies than EUR have mainly been in DKK, NOK and SEK. The Group is also exposed to interest rate changes, primarily in relation to pensions, leases, and bank deposits, which may affect results from operations, cash flow and capital returns.

Everfuel may be subject to financial impact from any failure of a counterparty to fulfil its contractual obligations. The Group's customer credit risk is managed subject to an established policy, procedures and control for customer credit risk management and outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.



Operational and technology risks

Everfuel operates competitive markets with existing and potential new market participants providing substitutional products and services for hydrogen production, distribution, and fuelling. Technology development is rapid within the industry and may affect future competitive positioning.

The Group is exposed to fluctuations in renewable power prices. Higher power prices may reduce the competitiveness of hydrogen and negatively affect demand and results of operations and cash flow. The Group is also subject to risks related to investments in and development of production facilities, hydrogen stations and distribution systems which may have a material adverse effect on operational and financial performance. This is exemplified by the hydrogen trailer situation and low operation uptime on the legacy stations before they were discontinued in 2023.

The markets for hydrogen fuelling products and services are in an early stage of development and may not fully materialise or may develop more slowly than the group anticipates due to several factors, many of which are outside Everfuel’s control. The products and services

offered must meet established requirements with regards to maintenance, safe operations, and hydrogen quality.

Everfuel’s growth strategy requires a build-up of the group organisation to ensure access to competent managerial, technical, financial, and other resources, and retaining such resources over time. The Group participates in significant commercial projects, such as constructing large-scale electrolysers and trailer filling facilities. Such projects are subject to risks of delay and cost overruns inherent in any large projects. Everfuel also relies on a limited number of third-party suppliers for key components, and external subcontractors and suppliers of components, services, and goods.

Intellectual property

Everfuel seeks to protect important proprietary information and have taken steps to protect proprietary information to prevent misappropriation of its products and services. Inability to adequately protect proprietary rights may negatively impact the group’s competitive position and growth potential.

Legal and regulatory risk

Everfuel operates internationally and is subject to various inherent risks, including regulatory limitations that may

affect the provision of the Group’s products and/or services, unexpected changes in regulatory requirements, tariffs, customs and other trade barriers, difficulties in staffing and managing foreign operations and technology export and/or import restrictions or prohibitions.

Execution of the long-term strategy is depended on the ability to access European and government subsidies. Political developments may affect the level and timing of subsidies for hydrogen production and operations and for the fuelling sector, potentially having a material adverse effect on the Group’s business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Operations are subject to environmental requirements and other laws and regulations, including the use, composition, handling, distribution and transportation of hazardous materials. The Group’s production, distribution, operation and services depend on obtaining various governmental permits, such as licenses, certifications, other kinds of approvals, including certifications to maintain and service equipment. The dependency on such permits represents an inherent risk to business operations.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

As a company admitted to trading on Euronext Growth in Oslo, Everfuel is not formally subject to the Danish Committee on Corporate Governance recommendations for good company governance. However, the Company has established and is developing practices aligned with relevant recommendations for good corporate governance to ensure the Company is able to effectively manage its obligations to shareholders, customers, employees, authorities and other stakeholders.

Dialogue between the Company and its shareholders

The communication between Everfuel and shareholders primarily takes place at the Company's Annual General Meeting (AGM) and via company announcements.

Shareholders are encouraged to subscribe to the email service to receive company announcements, interim and annual management statements, and reports, as well as other news via e-mail.

The General Meeting

The General Meeting (GM) has the highest authority over the Company. The Board of Directors ensures that shareholders are given detailed information and an adequate basis for decisions where votes are to be taken by the GM. The GM elects the Board of Directors, which currently consists of four members.

Amendment of Articles of Association

Unless otherwise required by the Danish Companies Act, resolutions to amend the Articles of Association must be approved by at least 2/3 of the votes cast as well as at least 2/3 of the voting share capital represented at the GM.

Board responsibilities

The Board of Directors' main tasks include participating in, developing, and adopting the Company's strategy, performing the relevant control functions and serving as an advisory body for the executive management. The Board of Directors reviews and adopts the Company's plans and budgets and considers items of major strategic or financial importance. The Board of Directors is responsible for hiring the CEO and defining his or her work instructions as well as determining of his or her compensation. The Board of Directors periodically reviews Company policies and procedures to ensure that the Company is managed in accordance with applicable law, observing good corporate governance principles and upholding high ethics.

Financial reporting

The Board of Directors receives regular financial reports on the Company's business and financial status.

Notification of meetings and discussion of items

The Board of Directors schedules regular meetings each year. Ordinarily, the Board meets six times a year as a standard. The meetings are typically conducted at either the Everfuel's headquarter in Herning, Denmark, or via video conference. Additional meetings may be convened on an ad hoc basis. In 2023 the Board of Directors met six times.

All Board members receive regular information about the Company's operational and financial progress in advance of the scheduled Board meetings. The Board members also regularly receive operations reports and participate in strategy reviews. The Company's business plan, strategy and risk management are regularly reviewed and evaluated by the Board of Directors. The Board members are free to consult the Company's senior executives as needed. The Board of Directors approves decisions of particular importance to the Company including the strategies and strategic plans, the approval of significant investments, and the approval of business acquisitions and disposals.

Conflicts of interest

In a situation involving a member of the Board of Directors personally, this member will exclude him or herself from the discussions and voting on the issue.





Hydrogen and oxygen storage and pipes in the electrolyser room at HySynergy

OUTLOOK

Everfuel maintains a high level of activity related to several business development projects supported by an efficient and competent organisation. For 2024, the completion of the HySynergy 1 commissioning and start of hydrogen deliveries will be the first the first major milestone. Everfuel continues to progress HySynergy 2 towards FID and are maturing the other large-scale electrolyser projects to be executed as SPVs under the strategic collaboration with Hy24. and the collaboration with ITOCHU and Osaka Gas.

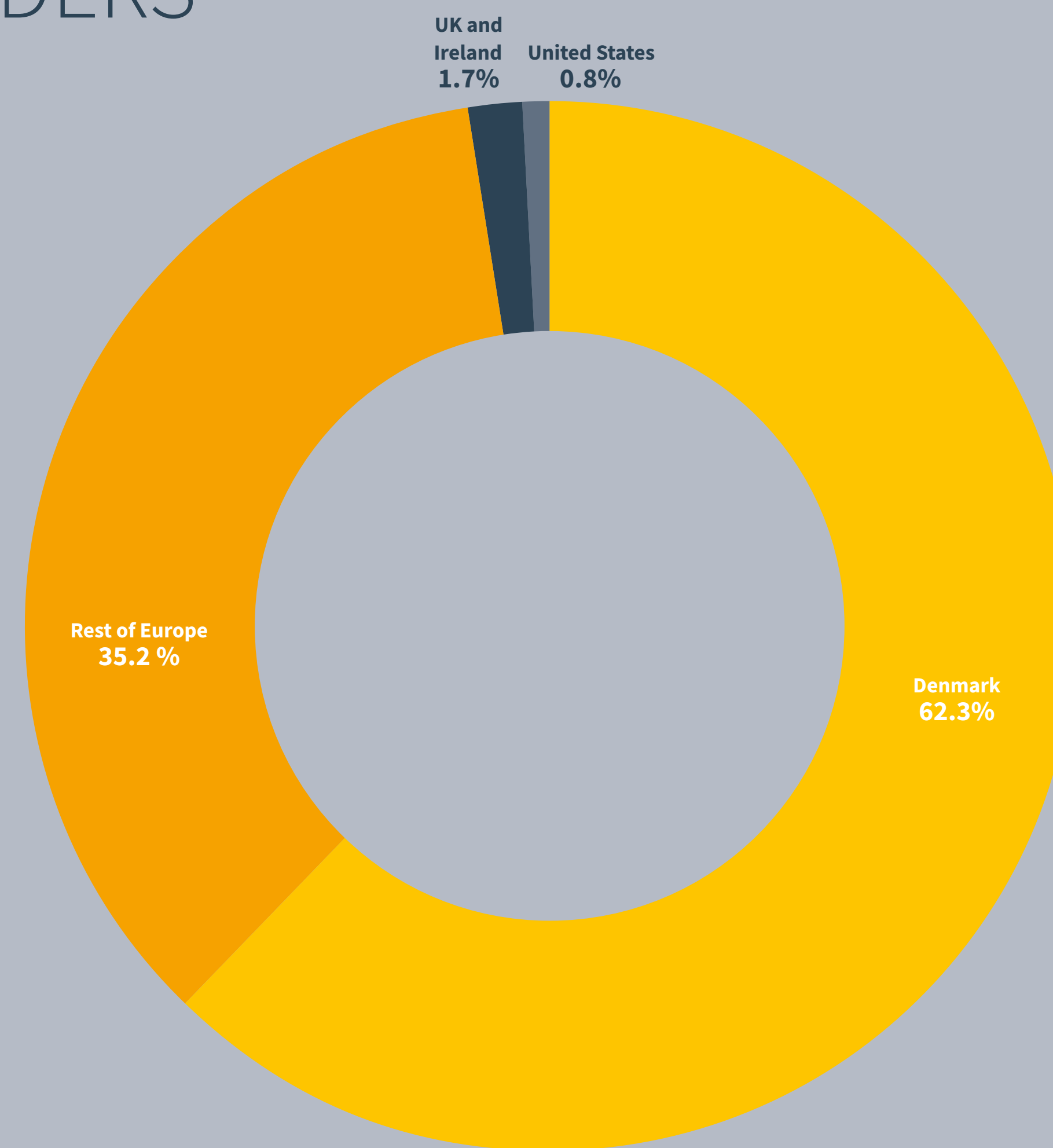
Political momentum in Europe in support of green hydrogen is advancing across the value chain. RED-II directive and RFNBO certificates, the AFIR regulation, the European Hydrogen Backbone initiative, the Danish PtX tender for production and supply of green hydrogen, and the recent agreement for a hydrogen pipeline connecting Denmark and Germany, together form the foundation for unlocking a large European hydrogen market.

The financial results for 2023 reflect that the company is still in the initial stages of commercialising the green hydrogen value chain in its target markets. HySynergy 1 is expected to have material positive impact on revenue generation when it is in operation. Longer-term, the combination of increased green hydrogen production, distribution and end-user deliveries are expected to drive revenue growth and cash generation. For 2024, Everfuel expects to report negative financial results, in the range of EUR -15 to 11 million, however with a significant improvement in cash flow year-over-year



EVERFUEL'S 20 LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023:

| Name | Citizenship | Holding | Stake |
|---|----------------|-------------------|---------------|
| E.F. Holding | Denmark | 49,746,452 | 57,66% |
| Nel Fuel AS | Norway | 11,698,918 | 13,56% |
| Clearstream Banking S.A. | Luxembourg | 9,122,830 | 10,57% |
| CACEIS Bank | France | 3,308,434 | 3,83% |
| Nordnet Bank AB | Sweden | 1,302,613 | 1,51% |
| J.P. Morgan SE | Luxembourg | 1,253,480 | 1,45% |
| Nordea Bank Abp | Denmark | 1,187,917 | 1,38% |
| The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV | United Kingdom | 808,585 | 0,94% |
| J.P. Morgan SE | Luxembourg | 671,859 | 0,78% |
| FJARDE AP-FONDEN | Luxembourg | 600,000 | 0,70% |
| Citibank Europe plc | Ireland | 590,000 | 0,68% |
| Danske Bank A/S | Denmark | 580,115 | 0,67% |
| Saxo Bank A/S | Denmark | 498,569 | 0,58% |
| Brown Brothers Harriman & Co. | United States | 379,370 | 0,44% |
| UBS Switzerland AG | Switzerland | 338,962 | 0,39% |
| State Street Bank and Trust Comp | United States | 322,097 | 0,37% |
| The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV | Belgium | 321,270 | 0,37% |
| The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV | Belgium | 273,329 | 0,32% |
| Avanza Bank AB | Sweden | 253,982 | 0,29% |
| Nordea Bank Abp | Finland | 237,981 | 0,28% |
| Total number owned by top 20 | | 83,496,763 | 96,8 % |
| Total number of shares outstanding | | 86,279,960 | 100 % |



An overview of the 20 largest shareholders is available on Everfuel's website, updated bi-weekly.

Top 20 capital breakdown by geography

Dividends and dividend policy

Everfuel is in a growth phase and does not expect to pay any dividends soon. Any future decision to pay a dividend will depend on the company's financial position, operating profit, and capital requirements.

Analyst coverage

Two investment banks had active coverage of Everfuel at year-end 2023, unchanged from a year earlier. See www.everfuel.com for more details.

General Meetings and Board authorisations

As of 31 December 2023, the Board of Directors held the following authorisations:

1. Authorisation to issue warrants entitling the holder to subscribe for up to nominally DKK 39,000 in the Company. In addition, the Board is authorised to make the resulting cash capital increase. The authority expires on 20 October 2025. A total of 964,101 warrants were granted during 2023. Each warrant gives the right to subscribe for one share.
2. Authorisation to increase the share capital with a total nominal value of DKK 172,559.40 without pre-emptive rights for the shareholders at a subscription price, which is not lower than market value. The authority expires on 16 May 2028.
3. The Board of Directors is authorised to increase the Company's share capital by up to a nominal value of DKK 172,559.40, through one or more issues of new shares to be subscribed for by cash contribution, with right of pre-emption for the existing shareholders. The capital increase can be subscribed at a price lower than the market value. The authority expires on 16 May 2028.

Everfuel will hold its AGM on 18 April 2024. Further information can be found in the AGM documents and the Articles of Association which are available from the company's website www.everfuel.com and www.newsweb.no.

FINANCIAL CALENDAR 2024

**Q1 2024
RESULTS**
15.05.2024

**Q2 2024
RESULTS**
28.08.2024

**Q3 2024
RESULTS**
20.11.2024

**Q4 AND
ANNUAL
REPORT
2024**
05.03.2025

**ANNUAL
GENERAL
MEETING**
**18 APRIL
2024**

Storage container #1

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CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| | |
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| Statement of profit or loss | 50 |
| Statement of comprehensive income | 50 |
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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

| | Notes | 2023 | 2022 |
|---------------------------------|-------|----------------|----------------|
| | | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Assets | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 11 | 69,539 | 51,294 |
| Intangible assets | 11 | 3,328 | 4,190 |
| Other assets | | 59 | 51 |
| Total non-current assets | | 72,926 | 55,535 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Inventories | 12 | 34 | 130 |
| Trade receivables | 13 | 590 | 614 |
| Contract assets | 13 | 1,776 | 1,663 |
| Other receivables | 14 | 982 | 2,292 |
| Accrued grants | 15 | 6,212 | 10,377 |
| Prepayments | | 41 | 190 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 16 | 28,630 | 31,915 |
| Total current assets | | 38,265 | 47,181 |
| Total assets | | 111,191 | 102,716 |

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Equity and liabilities | | |
| Equity | | |
| Share capital | 17 | 116 |
| Translation reserve | | -249 |
| Retained earnings | | 57,341 |
| Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent | 57,208 | 59,308 |
| Non-controlling interests | | 13,081 |
| Total equity | 70,289 | 59,308 |
| Non-current liabilities | | |
| Borrowings | 18 | 2,330 |
| Deferred income | 6 | 869 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 3,199 | 13,440 |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Put option over non-controlling interests | 22 | 0 |
| Trade and other payables | 19 | 20,033 |
| Borrowings | 18 | 17,455 |
| Deferred income | 6 | 215 |
| Total current liabilities | 37,703 | 29,968 |
| Total liabilities | 40,902 | 43,408 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 111,191 | 102,716 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Net loss | -27,632 | -16,542 |
| Adjustments of non-cash items: | | |
| Income taxes in the income statement | 0 | -258 |
| Financial items, net | -565 | 2,060 |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses | 9,730 | 3,097 |
| Other non-cash items | 2,430 | 1,232 |
| Change in working capital | -3,181 | 9,402 |
| Interest paid | 565 | -2,124 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | -18,653 | -3,133 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Payment for acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired | -3,033 | 0 |
| Payments for property, plant and equipment | -22,439 | -32,941 |
| Payments for financial assets at amortised cost | -8 | 0 |
| Payment of intangible assets | -5,604 | -3,621 |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | 18 | 37 |
| Received grants relating to property, plant and equipment | 2,487 | 3,325 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | -28,579 | -33,200 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Proceeds from issues of shares and other equity securities | 24,356 | 0 |
| Proceeds from borrowings | 16,800 | 9,793 |
| Repayment of borrowings | -10,414 | -262 |
| Sales of shares to non-controlling interests | 13,220 | 0 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | 43,962 | 9,531 |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | -3,270 | -26,802 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | 31,915 | 59,296 |
| Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | -15 | -579 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | 28,630 | 31,915 |

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The cash flow statement is presented under the indirect method based on net profit/loss for the year. The cash flow statement shows cash flows for the year, changes for the year in cash and cash equivalents as well as cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year.

Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the net profit/loss for the year adjusted for non-cash operating items, and corporate taxes as well as changes in working capital. Working capital comprises current assets less short-term debt excluding items included in cash and cash equivalents.

Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise acquisitions and disposals of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment as well as fixed asset investments. Government grants that relate to acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are also classified and presented as cash flows from investing activities.

Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise of expenses received and paid and financial income, the raising and repayment of long-term debt, dividend paid and proceeds from share capital increases.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash holdings and withdrawals from the overdraft facility. Cash flows in foreign currencies are translated at the average monthly exchange rates which do not deviate materially from the exchange rates at the date of payment.

IP compresso
trailerfilling
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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Trailer filling compressor | HySynergy

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Everfuel A/S ('the Company'), and its subsidiaries (together, 'Everfuel Group', 'the Group' or 'Everfuel') produces, distributes and supply 100% green hydrogen to industry and mobility. The Company owns and operates green hydrogen infrastructure and partner with industry actors and vehicle OEMs to connect the hydrogen value chain and provide green hydrogen to industry and mobility customers under long-term contracts. Green hydrogen is a 100% clean fuel made from renewable energy and key to decarbonise industry and mobility sectors in Europe for a sustainable future. Everfuel is headquartered in Herring, Denmark, and has production, distribution and fuelling activities in Denmark with key partnerships being developed across Europe, starting in Germany and Netherlands and expanding from there. Everfuel (Org. no. DK38456695) is a Danish public limited company. The Company's shares are traded on Euronext Growth in Oslo under the symbol "EFUEL". The group's head office is placed at Øst Høgildvej 4A, 7400 Herring, Denmark.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to use estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could

differ from those estimates. Areas where significant judgment has been applied are: intangible assets and property, plant and equipment and trade receivables and contract balances as per note 11 and 13.

4. DISAGGREGATION OF REVENUE

The group derives revenue from the sale of hydrogen in Denmark, Netherlands and Norway. The revenue is recognised at a point in time. The group also derives revenue from construction contracts which is recognised over time.

| | Business activities | | | Total |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| | Upstream | Downstream | Group | |
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| 2023 Revenue | 0 | 5,572 | 0 | 5,572 |
| Recognition: At a point in time | 0 | 5,572 | 0 | 5,572 |
| 2022 Revenue | 0 | 2,761 | 0 | 2,761 |
| Recognition: At a point in time | 0 | 2,761 | 0 | 2,761 |

| | Hydrogen | | | Total |
|---------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| | Netherlands | Norway | Denmark | |
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| 2023 Revenue | 628 | 106 | 246 | 980 |
| Recognition: At a point in time | 628 | 106 | 246 | 980 |
| 2022 Revenue | 477 | 95 | 526 | 1,098 |
| Recognition: At a point in time | 477 | 95 | 526 | 1,098 |

| | Construction Contracts | | Total |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------|--------------|
| | Germany | Denmark | |
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| 2023 Revenue | 4,097 | 495 | 4,592 |
| Recognition: Over time | 4,097 | 495 | 4,592 |
| 2022 Revenue | 1,663 | 0 | 1,663 |
| Recognition: Over time | 1,663 | 0 | 1,663 |

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4. DISAGGREGATION OF REVENUE AND CONSTRUCTING CONTRACTS

Sale of hydrogen

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods and services are transferred to the customer and is recognised by the amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

This normally corresponds to the amount as specified in the contract.

Construction contracts

Construction contracts are recognised at degree of completion. Losses on construction contracts are written off in full when identified.

5. MATERIAL LOSS ITEMS

The Group has identified a number of items which are material due to the significance of their nature and/or amount. These are listed separately here to provide a better understanding of the financial performance of the Group.

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|----------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Impairment of assets | | |
| Completed development projects | 3,202 | 0 |
| Plant and machinery | 2,960 | 0 |
| Assets under construction | 57 | 0 |
| | 6,219 | 0 |

The results of the impairment test was that all affected assets were valued at EUR 0 million.

6. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Government grants | 248 | 624 |
| Consortium income | 0 | -57 |
| Other non-recurring operating income | 10 | 481 |
| Other items | 358 | 172 |
| | 616 | 1,220 |

Deferral and presentation of government grants

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate. There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attached to the government grants recognised as income during the year.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in current and non-current liabilities as deferred income and they are credited to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Deferred grants at 1 January | 1,306 | 485 |
| Received during the year | 23 | 1,000 |
| Released to the statement of profit or loss | -245 | -179 |
| Deferred grants at 31 December | 1,084 | 1,306 |
| Current liabilities | 215 | 180 |
| Non-current liabilities | 869 | 1,126 |

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

6. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

Other operating income

Other operating income are secondary to the principal activities of the Group and include income relating to government grants, consulting services and consortium income.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in the current and non-current liabilities as deferred income and they are credited to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets. The cash flows from government grants relating to purchase of property, plant and equipment are presented and classified as cash flows from investing activities.

Government grants

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Deferred income

Deferred income comprises payments received in respect of income in subsequent years.

9. FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSES

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|------------|---------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Financial income | | |
| Net exchange gains on foreign currency | 0 | 0 |
| Other financial income | 732 | 64 |
| | 732 | 64 |
| Financial expenses | | |
| Net exchange losses on foreign currency | 384 | 490 |
| Interest and finance charges paid/payable for lease liabilities and financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss | -217 | 1,634 |
| | 167 | 2,124 |
| Financial items, net | 565 | -2,060 |

Lease liabilities are presented in note 18. Right of use assets are presented in note 11

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

9. FINANCE INCOME AND EXPENSES

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest, amortisation addition and deduction, fair value adjustments and realised and unrealised exchange adjustments.

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|----------|-------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Current tax | | |
| Current tax on profits for the year | 0 | 0 |
| Adjustments for current tax of prior periods | 0 | -258 |
| Total current tax expense | 0 | -258 |
| Deferred income tax | | |
| Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax assets | 0 | 0 |
| (Decrease)/increase in deferred tax liabilities | 0 | 0 |
| Total deferred tax expense/(benefit) | 0 | 0 |
| Income tax expense | 0 | -258 |
| Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI during in the year: | | |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations | 0 | 0 |
| Exchange differences on translation from functional currency to presentation currency | 0 | 0 |
| Deferred tax charged to OCI | 0 | 0 |
| Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable | | |
| Tax rate of 22% (2022 – 22%) | -6,079 | -3,696 |
| Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income: | | |
| Transactions cost for increase in share capital etc. | 0 | 22 |
| Adjustments for current tax of prior periods | 0 | -258 |
| Adjustments for deferred tax of prior periods | 564 | 0 |
| Unrecognised deferred tax asset | 5,466 | 3,674 |
| Previously unrecognised tax losses used to reduce deferred tax expense | 0 | 0 |
| Other permanent adjustments | 49 | 22 |
| | 0 | -258 |

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. It also includes adjustments to previous years and changes in provisions for uncertain tax positions. Tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in equity or other comprehensive income.

Provisions for ongoing tax disputes are included as part of deferred tax assets, tax receivables and tax payables.

Deferred income taxes arise from temporary differences between the accounting and tax values of the individual consolidated companies and from realisable tax loss carry-forwards. The tax value of tax loss carryforwards is included in deferred tax assets to the extent that these are expected to be utilised in future taxable income. The deferred income taxes are measured according to current tax rules and at the tax rates assumed in the year in which the assets are expected to be utilised.

11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | Patents, trademarks, and other rights | Development projects | Development projects in progress | Total intangible assets | Land and buildings | Plant and machinery | Other fixt. and fit., tools and equipment | Assets under construction | Total Property, plant and equipment |
|--|--|-------------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| Cost at 1 January | 102 | 714 | 3,559 | 4,375 | 3,085 | 14,010 | 812 | 37,544 | 55,451 |
| Additions | 51 | 0 | 5,552 | 5,603 | 1,213 | 2,979 | 127 | 18,701 | 23,020 |
| Disposals | -41 | 0 | 0 | -41 | -1,041 | -757 | -77 | -400 | -2,275 |
| Transfers for the year | 0 | 4,548 | -7,242 | -2,694 | 0 | 2,709 | 0 | -15 | 2,694 |
| Foreign exchange adjustments etc. | 0 | -2 | -8 | -10 | -58 | -91 | -2 | -84 | -235 |
| Cost at 31 December | 112 | 5,260 | 1,861 | 7,233 | 3,199 | 18,850 | 860 | 55,746 | 78,655 |
| Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses at 1 January | 6 | 179 | 0 | 185 | 370 | 3,448 | 340 | 0 | 4,158 |
| Amortisation and depreciation | 5 | 514 | 0 | 519 | 189 | 2,423 | 203 | 0 | 2,815 |
| Impairment losses | 0 | 3,202 | 0 | 3,202 | 0 | 2,960 | 0 | 247 | 3,207 |
| Reversal of impairm. and deprec. of sold assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -226 | -730 | -50 | 0 | -1,006 |
| Foreign exchange adjustments etc. | 0 | -1 | 0 | -1 | -4 | -53 | -1 | 0 | -58 |
| Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses at 31 December | 11 | 3,894 | 0 | 3,905 | 329 | 8,048 | 492 | 247 | 9,116 |
| Carrying amount at 31 December | 101 | 1,366 | 1,861 | 3,328 | 2,870 | 10,802 | 368 | 55,499 | 69,539 |
| Assets in Denmark | 101 | 1,366 | 1,861 | 3,328 | 2,199 | 6,147 | 367 | 55,499 | 64,212 |
| Assets in the Netherlands | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 671 | 4,655 | 1 | 0 | 5,327 |
| Right-of-use assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Amortisation and depreciation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -54 | 0 | 70 | 0 | 16 |
| Carrying amount at 31 December | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,581 | 0 | 156 | 0 | 2,737 |

Development costs not capitalised and therefore recognised in the consolidated income statement amounts to EUR 0.9 million (EUR 0.6 million).

Interest DKK 0.7 million EUR recognised in Assets under construction arising from 2 separate loans with annual interest of 4% and 8% respectively (EUR 0.4 million).

The interest and finance charger paid for lease liabilities are presented in note 9.

11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | Patents, trademarks, and other rights | Development projects | Development projects in progress | Total intangible assets | Land and buildings | Plant and machinery | Other fixt. and fit., tools and equipment | Assets under construction | Total Property, plant and equipment |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| 2022 | | | | | | | | | |
| Cost at 1 January | 57 | 714 | 0 | 771 | 656 | 5,599 | 669 | 13,378 | 20,302 |
| Additions | 62 | 0 | 3,559 | 3,621 | 2,382 | 1,102 | 151 | 31,606 | 35,241 |
| Disposals | -17 | 0 | 0 | -17 | 0 | -33 | -7 | 0 | -40 |
| Transfers for the year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 48 | 7,388 | 0 | -7,436 | 0 |
| Foreign exchange adjustments etc. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1 | -46 | 0 | -4 | -51 |
| Cost at 31 December | 102 | 714 | 3,559 | 4,375 | 3,085 | 14,010 | 812 | 37,544 | 55,451 |
| Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses at 1 January | 2 | 36 | 0 | 38 | 111 | 994 | 143 | 0 | 1,248 |
| Amortisation and depreciation | 4 | 143 | 0 | 147 | 259 | 2,518 | 198 | 0 | 2,975 |
| Reversal of impairm. and deprec. of sold assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1 | -1 | 0 | -2 |
| Foreign exchange adjustments etc. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -63 | 0 | 0 | -63 |
| Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses at 31 December | 6 | 179 | 0 | 185 | 370 | 3,448 | 340 | 0 | 4,158 |
| Carrying amount at 31 December | 96 | 535 | 3,559 | 4,190 | 2,715 | 10,562 | 472 | 37,544 | 51,293 |
| Assets in Denmark | 96 | 535 | 3,559 | 4,190 | 1,096 | 5,140 | 465 | 35,507 | 42,208 |
| Assets in the Netherlands | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,668 | 0 | 0 | 5,668 |
| Right-of-use assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Amortisation and depreciation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 254 | 0 | 62 | 0 | 316 |
| Carrying amount at 31 December | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,572 | 0 | 152 | 0 | 2,724 |

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Intangible assets and property plant and equipment

Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation or depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the purchase price and costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers, wages and salaries, and capitalised borrowing costs on specific or general borrowings attributable to the construction of the asset.

Research and development costs are recognised in the income statement as incurred. Development costs are recognised under other intangible assets if the costs are expected to generate future economic benefits. Where individual components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items. Subsequent costs, for example in connection with replacement of components of property, plant and equipment, are recognised in the carrying amount of the asset if it is probable that the costs will result in future economic benefits for the Group.

The replaced components are derecognised from the statement of financial position and recognised

as an expense in the income statement. Costs incurred for ordinary repairs and maintenance are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Useful life, amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Useful life and residual value are determined at the acquisition date and reassessed annually. If the residual value exceeds the carrying amount, depreciation is discontinued.

Amortisation and depreciation are recognised over the expected useful life of the assets, taking into account any residual value. The expected useful life and residual value are determined based on past experience and expectations of the future use of assets. Goodwill and other intangible assets with an indefinite lifetime are not amortised but instead impairment tests are carried out on a yearly basis.

For other intangible assets and property, plant and equipment impairment tests are performed when indications of recoverable amounts lower than the carrying amount. Depreciation is calculated on the basis of the cost less the residual value and impairment losses.

The following expected useful lives are applied:

- **Development projects (under construction):** Amortised from the time of completion. Projects under construction are tested annually for impairment.
- **Development projects (completed):** 2-6 years, or the remaining term of intellectual

property right if shorter.

- **Patents, trademarks and other rights:** 2-6 years, or the remaining term of intellectual property right if shorter.
- **Land and buildings:**
Land: None
Buildings: 30-40 years
Installations: 10 years
- **Plant and machinery:**
Single purpose: 3-10 years
Other plant and machinery: 3-10 years
- **Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment:**
3-10 years
- **Leasehold improvements:**
Over term of lease on a straight-line basis.
- **Right-of-use assets:**
Over term of lease on a straight-line basis, or the asset's useful life if shorter.

Leases

The Group has lease contracts for land/sites and various items of plant and other equipment used in its operations. Leases of land/sites generally have lease terms between 1 and 10 years and leases of plant and equipment generally have lease terms between 1 and 5 years. At the commencement date, the Group recognises a lease liability and a corresponding right-of-use asset at the same amount, except for short-term leases of 12 months

or less with no extension options and leases of low-value assets. A right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which consists of the initial lease liability and initial direct costs less any lease incentives received.

Subsequently, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for remeasurement of the lease liability.

The impairment testing of right-of-use assets follows the same principles as those applied for property, plant and equipment.

Right-of-use assets are recognised as property, plant and equipment.

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with a term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments related to such leases are recognised in the income statement as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Accounting estimates and judgements

Useful life and residual value are initially assessed both in acquisitions and in business combinations. The Group assesses property, plant and equipment for changes in useful life. If an indication of a reduction in the value or useful life exists, such as changes in business focus, restructuring and closure of operations, the assets are tested for impairment. If necessary, the assets are written down or the amortisation/depreciation period is reassessed and, if necessary, adjusted in line with the asset's changed useful life.

14. OTHER RECEIVABLES

These amounts generally arise from transactions outside the usual operating activities of the group. Interest may be charged at commercial rates where the terms of repayment exceed six months. Collateral is not normally obtained. The non-current other receivables are due and payable within three years from the end of the reporting period.

Fair values of other receivables

Due to the short-term nature of the other current receivables, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value. For the majority of the non-current receivables, the fair values are also not significantly different from their carrying amounts.

15. ACCRUED GRANTS

Accrued grants comprise accrued receivables of Government grants awarded relating to purchase of property, plant and equipment.

Grants for the government are recognised where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

16. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 28,630 | 31,915 |
| | 28,630 | 31,915 |
| Reconciliation to cash flow statement | | |
| The above figures reconcile to the amount of cash shown in the statement of cash flows at the end of the financial year as follows: | | |
| Balances as above | 28,630 | 31,915 |
| Balances per statement of cash flows | 28,630 | 31,915 |

17. SHARE CAPITAL

| | Number of shares | | Nominal value | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Balance at 1 January | 78,000 | 78,000 | 104 | 104 |
| Increase in share capital | 8,280 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| Other comprehensive income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Balance at 31 December | 86,280 | 78,000 | 116 | 104 |

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares have a par value of DKK 0.01. They entitle the holder to participate in dividends.

Dividend

No dividend has been paid out in 2023 or 2022.

Everfuel A/S' Board of Directors currently assess whether the Company's capital structure is adequate and which activities are necessary to ensure this. Usually no dividend is paid out unless it may be included in net profit/loss for the year.

Capital management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and adjust in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

There are no changes in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

17. SHARE CAPITAL

Dividend

Dividend is disclosed as a separate equity item.

21. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

This note explains the Group's exposure to financial risks and how these risks could affect the Group's future financial performance. Current year profit and loss information has been included where relevant to add further context.

The Company's principal financial liabilities are limited to trade and other payables and lease liabilities classified under borrowings. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance Company's operations as part of its working capital. The Company's principal financial assets are limited to cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, and other receivables that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk (more particularly, currency risk), credit risk and

liquidity risk. The Group's management oversees the management of these risks.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate based because of changes in market prices. Financial instruments affected by market risk include all the Company's financial assets and liabilities described above.

Interest rate risk

During the year and as at the year end, the Group has two main interest rate risk exposures arising from the Group's loans from credit institution and deposits at bank. The table below demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on these two exposures.

| | Increase/decrease in basis points | Effect on profit before tax |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2023 | | |
| Cash at banks | +/-1% | 0,3 |
| 2022 | | |
| Cash at banks | +/-1% | 0,3 |

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency)

and the Company's net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

The Group manages its foreign currency risk as part of its normal budget and forecast planning. For the year-ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group does not hedge this foreign currency risks by entering into forward contracts.

The information below describes the net exposure of the Company from the relevant foreign currencies. Monetary items* in foreign currencies in the balance sheet at the end of the year:

| | Assets | Liabilities | Net |
|----------------------------|---------|-------------|---------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| At 31 December 2023 | | | |
| Currency payment | | | |
| DKK | 12,750 | 15,194 | -2,444 |
| NOK | 3,222 | 3,115 | 107 |
| SEK | 5,870 | 12,401 | -6,531 |
| Other | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| At 31 December 2022 | | | |
| Currency payment | | | |
| DKK | 25,324 | 36,356 | -11,032 |
| NOK | 6,939 | 268 | 6,671 |
| SEK | 3,275 | 5,398 | -2,123 |
| Other | 0 | 0 | 0 |

* Monetary items are cash at bank and in hand and similar, receivables as well as payables which are settled in cash.

The following table demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change of +/-10% in DKK/EUR and NOK/EUR exchange rates, with all other variables held constant.

| | Change in currency exchange rates | 2023 Effect on profit before tax | 2023 Effect on pre-tax equity | 2022 Effect on profit before tax | 2022 Effect on pre-tax equity |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Currency exposure | | | | | |
| NOK | +/-10% | 11 | 11 | 667 | 667 |
| SEK | +/-10% | 653 | 653 | 212 | 212 |

We consider that the currency exposure arising from DKK/EUR is immaterial since Denmark's firm rates policy towards EUR only allows very marginal fluctuations.

22. MINORITY INTEREST

Minority interest

In February 2023, Everfuel and Hy24 (Clean H2 Infra Fund S.L.P) finalised a strategic collaboration agreement and created the joint business entity ‘Everfuel Hy24 A/S’ with Everfuel as the majority owner with a controlling stake of 51%.

The new entity is a business arrangement in which the parties have agreed to pool their resources for the purpose of supporting the green transition. For accounting purposes, the entity is a collaboration agreement where Everfuel has controlling interest.

Management judgement

Management has assessed that Everfuel A/S has control over Everfuel Hy24 group due to the special relationship arising from the following:

1. Key Management of Everfuel Hy24 group is also part of Key Management in Everfuel A/S
2. Everfuel Hy24 group is dependent on technology in the form of software etc. controlled by Everfuel A/S
- 3 All operating activities performed in Everfuel Hy24 group are performed under a service level agreement with Everfuel A/S

In September, the transaction was completed when Everfuel Denmark A/S sold Everfuel Production A/S to Everfuel Hy24 A/S. At the group level, this transaction contributed with EUR 13.2 million in cashflow, but the transaction had no impact on the balance sheet as all related entities are fully consolidated. In the accounts of Everfuel Denmark A/S, an intercompany debt of EUR 21.5 million (DKK 160 million) was cancelled and the shares in the subsidiary was sold at book value resulting in an operational loss.

Set out below is summarised financial information for each subsidiary that has non-controlling interests. The amounts disclosed for each subsidiary are before inter-company eliminations.

| | Everfuel Hy24 group | Everfuel Greenstat Production 1 AS | |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2023 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Summarised balance sheet | | | |
| Non-current assets | 45,667 | - | - |
| Currents assets | 5,958 | 102 | 3 |
| Assets | 51,625 | 102 | 3 |
| Debt | 24,698 | 347 | 16 |
| Net Assets | 26,927 | -245 | -13 |
| Accumulated NCI | 13,194 | -120 | -6 |
| Summarised statement of comprehensive income | | | |
| Revenue | 6 | - | - |
| Profit /loss for the period | -445 | -230 | -17 |
| Profit allocated to NCI | -218 | -113 | -8 |
| Dividens paid to NCI | - | - | - |
| Summarised cash flow | | | |
| Cash flow from operating activities | -26,354 | -4 | 0 |
| Cash flow from investing activities | -37,749 | 59 | - |
| Cash flow from financing activities | 65,249 | - | 3 |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | 1,146 | 55 | 3 |

26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The following tables list the inputs to the models used for the two plans for the years ended 31 December 2023, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively:

| 2023 | MEWP |
|--|-----------------------|
| Weighted average fair values at the measurement date | EUR 0.63 NOK 7,35 |
| Dividend yield (%) | 0% |
| Expected volatility (%) | 70% |
| Risk-free interest rate (%) | 3.73 % |
| Weighted average share price | EUR 1.28 NOK 15.00 |
| Weighted average exercise price | EUR 1.58 NOK 18.57 |
| Model used | Black-Scholes |
| 2022 | MEWP |
| Weighted average fair values at the measurement date | EUR 3.16 NOK 32.37 |
| Dividend yield (%) | 0% |
| Expected volatility (%) | 70% |
| Risk-free interest rate (%) | 2.64% |
| Weighted average share price | EUR 5.75 NOK 59.50 |
| Weighted average exercise price | EUR 5.61 NOK 58.02 |
| Model used | Black-Scholes |
| 2021 | MEWP |
| Weighted average fair values at the measurement date | EUR 4.32 NOK 43.53 |
| Dividend yield (%) | 0% |
| Expected volatility (%) | 70% |
| Risk-free interest rate (%) | 0.98% |
| Weighted average share price | EUR 8.23 NOK 83 |
| Weighted average exercise price | EUR 7.88 NOK 79.46 |
| Model used | Black-Scholes |

| 2020 | CWP | MEWP |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Weighted average fair values at the measurement date | EUR 0.43 NOK 4.77 | EUR 0.61 NOK 6.82 |
| Dividend yield (%) | 0% | 0% |
| Expected volatility (%) | 65% | 65% |
| Risk-free interest rate (%) | 0.70% | 0.40% |
| Weighted average share price | EUR 1.43 NOK 15.9 | EUR 1.43 NOK 15.9 |
| Weighted average exercise price | EUR 1.97 NOK 22 | EUR 1.97 NOK 22 |
| Model used | Black-Scholes/Monte Carlo | Black-Scholes |

The expected life of the share warrants is based on historical data and current expectations. It is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over the period similar to the life of these warrants is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Warrant Program (equity-settled programs)

The fair value of the Warrant Program is estimated using a stochastic (quasi-Monte Carlo) valuation model of market conditions and a Black-Scholes call option-pricing model of other conditions, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the performance shares were granted.

On initial recognition of warrants, an estimate is made of the number of awards expected to vest and subsequently revised for any changes. Accordingly, recognition is based on the number of awards that ultimately vest.

Electrolyser building

PARENT COMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION, PARENT COMPANY

| | Notes | 2023 | 2022 |
|------------------------------------|-------|---------------|---------------|
| | | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Assets | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 11 | 13,833 | 3,151 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 13 | 15,584 | 3,920 |
| Intangible assets | 13 | 3,302 | 4,165 |
| Other assets | | 54 | 52 |
| Total non-current assets | | 32,773 | 11,288 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Inventories | 14 | 34 | 35 |
| Trade receivables | 15 | 18 | 76 |
| Contract assets | | 74 | 0 |
| Receivables from group enterprises | | 23,338 | 32,964 |
| Other receivables | 16 | 453 | 683 |
| Accrued grants | | 3,046 | 4,120 |
| Prepayments | | 33 | 170 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 17 | 4,524 | 20,899 |
| Total current assets | | 31,520 | 58,947 |
| Total assets | | 64,293 | 70,235 |

| | | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|----|---------------|---------------|
| | | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Equity and liabilities | | | |
| Equity | | | |
| Share capital | 18 | 116 | 104 |
| Retained earnings | | 57,094 | 59,295 |
| Total equity | | 57,210 | 59,399 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 11 | 1,049 | 4,189 |
| Borrowings | 19 | 678 | 380 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 19 | 0 | 0 |
| Deferred income | 6 | 77 | 251 |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 1,804 | 4,820 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 20 | 4,972 | 5,812 |
| Borrowings | 19 | 175 | 107 |
| Deferred income | 6 | 132 | 97 |
| Total current liabilities | | 5,279 | 6,016 |
| Total liabilities | | 7,083 | 10,836 |
| Total equity and liabilities | | 64,293 | 70,235 |

NOTES TO THE PARENT COMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Everfuel

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Refer to Note 1 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The 2023 financial statements for Everfuel A/S have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as approved by the EU (IFRS).

The financial statements are presented in Euro (EUR). The accounting policies for the Parent Company are identical to the accounting policies for the Group, with the exception of the items listed below:

Accounting policies different from the Group Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to use estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements

and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Areas where significant judgment has been applied are: Material assets and debtors.

4. DISAGGREGATION OF REVENUE

The Company derives revenue from the sale of hydrogen in Denmark and Netherlands. The revenue is recognised at a point in time.

| | Business activities | | | Total |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|------------|----------|------------|
| | Upstream | Downstream | Group | |
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| 2023 Revenue | 0 | 904 | 0 | 904 |
| Recognition: At a point in time | 0 | 904 | 0 | 904 |
| 2022 Revenue | 0 | 841 | 0 | 841 |
| Recognition: At a point in time | 0 | 841 | 0 | 841 |

| | Hydrogen | | Total |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| | Denmark | Netherlands | |
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| 2023 Revenue | 115 | 294 | 409 |
| Recognition: At a point in time | 115 | 294 | 409 |
| 2022 Revenue | 501 | 340 | 841 |
| Recognition: At a point in time | 501 | 340 | 841 |

| | Construction Contracts Denmark |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | EUR'000 |
| 2023 Revenue | 495 |
| Recognition: Over time | 495 |
| 2022 Revenue | 0 |
| Recognition: Over time | 0 |

5. MATERIAL LOSS ITEMS

The company has identified a number of items which are material due to the significance of their nature and/or amount. These are listed separately here to provide a better understanding of the financial performance of the company.

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|----------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Impairment of assets | | |
| Completed development projects | 3,202 | 0 |
| Plant and machinery | 1,409 | 0 |
| Assets under construction | 0 | 0 |
| | 4,611 | 0 |

The results of the impairment test was that all affected assets were valued at EUR 0 million.

6. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Government grants | 165 | 583 |
| Consortium income | 0 | -57 |
| Other non-recurring operating income | 227 | 1,035 |
| Other items | 2,107 | 96 |
| | 2,499 | 1,657 |

Deferral and presentation of government grants

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate. There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attached to the government grants recognised as income during the year.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in current and non-current liabilities as deferred income and they are credited to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|------------|------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Deferred grants at 1 January | 348 | 485 |
| Received during the year | 23 | 0 |
| Released to the statement of profit or loss | -162 | -137 |
| Deferred grants at 31 December | 209 | 348 |
| Current liabilities | 132 | 97 |
| Non-current liabilities | 77 | 251 |

7. OPERATING COSTS

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Distribution and marketing costs | 167 | 164 |
| Premises costs | 206 | 50 |
| IT-related costs | 804 | 448 |
| Consultancy and professional services | 1,825 | 1,447 |
| Operating costs refuelling stations and trailers | 112 | 175 |
| Other operating costs | 2,441 | 1,004 |
| Total operating costs | 5,555 | 3,288 |

8. STAFF EXPENSES

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|--------------|---------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Fee to Executive Board | | |
| Salaries | 483 | |
| Share-based remuneration | 421 | |
| Pension | 61 | |
| Fee to Board of Directors | | |
| Salaries | 101 | |
| Share-based remuneration | 0 | |
| Pension | 0 | |
| Fee to Key Management | | |
| Salaries | 969 | |
| Share-based remuneration | 690 | |
| Pension | 127 | |
| Total fee to Executive Board, Board of Directors and Key Management | 2,852 | 1,980* |
| Salaries | 5,838 | 3,774 |
| Share-based remuneration | 272 | 206 |
| Pensions | 714 | 468 |
| Other social security expenses | 75 | 70 |
| Total Staff expenses | 9,751 | 6,498 |
| Average number of full-time employees | 74 | 58 |

* Salaries 1.197, Share-based remuneration 631, Pension 152

9. FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSES

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Income from investments in subsidiaries | -10,481 | -7,045 |
| Financial income | | |
| Interest income from subsidiaries | 2,127 | 701 |
| Other financial income | 354 | 29 |
| | 2,480 | 730 |
| Financial expenses | | |
| Net exchange losses on foreign currency | -353 | 509 |
| Interest and finance charges paid/payable for lease liabilities and financial liabilities at amortised cost | -30 | 229 |
| | -383 | 738 |
| Financial items, net | -8,371 | -7,048 |

13. INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | Patents, trademarks, and other rights | Development projects | Development projects in progress | Total intangible assets | Land and buildings | Plant and machinery | Other fixt. and fit., tools and equipment | Assets under construction | Total Property, plant and equipment |
|--|--|-------------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| Cost at 1 January | 76 | 714 | 3,559 | 4,349 | 658 | 4,261 | 757 | 135 | 5,811 |
| Additions | 51 | 0 | 5,552 | 5,603 | 701 | 2,371 | 83 | 8,633 | 11,788 |
| Disposals | -41 | 0 | 0 | -41 | -83 | -12 | -71 | -139 | -305 |
| Transfers | 0 | 4,548 | -7,242 | -2,694 | 0 | 2,694 | 0 | 0 | 2,694 |
| Foreign exchange adjustments etc | 0 | -2 | -8 | -10 | -1 | -9 | -4 | 0 | -14 |
| Cost at 31 December | 86 | 5,260 | 1,861 | 7,207 | 1,275 | 9,305 | 765 | 8,629 | 19,974 |
| Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses at 1 January | 6 | 179 | 0 | 185 | 241 | 1,313 | 338 | 0 | 1,892 |
| Amortisation and depreciation | 5 | 514 | 0 | 519 | 108 | 938 | 192 | 0 | 1,238 |
| Impairment losses | 0 | 3,202 | 0 | 3,202 | 0 | 1,409 | 0 | 0 | 1,409 |
| Reversal of impairment and depreciation of sold assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -83 | -12 | -48 | 0 | -143 |
| Foreign exchange adjustments etc. | 0 | -1 | 0 | -1 | -1 | -3 | -2 | 0 | -6 |
| Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses at 31 December | 11 | 3,894 | 0 | 3,905 | 265 | 3,645 | 480 | 0 | 4,390 |
| Carrying amount at 31 December | 75 | 1,366 | 1,861 | 3,302 | 1,010 | 5,660 | 285 | 8,629 | 15,584 |
| Right-of-use assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Amortisation and depreciation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 70 | 0 | 78 |
| Carrying amount at 31 December | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 815 | 0 | 156 | 0 | 971 |

Development costs not capitalised and therefore recognised in the consolidated income statement amounts to EUR 0.9 million (EUR 0.6 million).

18. SHARE CAPITAL

| | Number of shares | | Nominal value | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Balance at 1 January | 78,000 | 78,000 | 104 | 104 |
| Increase in share capital | 8,280 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| Other comprehensive income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Balance at 31 December | 86,280 | 78,000 | 116 | 104 |

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares have a par value of DKK 0.01. They entitle the holder to participate in dividends.

Dividend

No dividend has been paid out in 2023 or 2022. The Company's Board of Directors currently assess whether the Company's capital structure is adequate and which activities are necessary to ensure this.

Usually no dividend is paid out unless it may be included in net profit/loss for the year.

Capital management

Capital management in the Everfuel Group is made for the entire Group. We refer to note 19 of the Consolidated Financial Statements, to which reference is made.



19. BORROWINGS

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Non-current liabilities | | |
| Lease liabilities | 678 | 380 |
| | 678 | 380 |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Lease liabilities | 175 | 107 |
| | 175 | 107 |
| Total borrowings | 853 | 487 |

Lease liability

The lease liability is measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments at the reporting date, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate for similar assets, taking into account the terms of the leases. A remeasurement of the lease liability, for example a change in the assessment of an option to purchase, results in a corresponding adjustment of the related right-of-use assets.

Extension or termination options are included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended or not terminated. Consequently, all cash outflows that are reasonably certain to impact the future cash balances are recognised as

lease liabilities at initial recognition of lease contracts.

The Group reassesses the circumstances leading to it not recognising extension or termination options on an ongoing basis.

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 21.

The Company had total cash outflows for leases of EUR 0.2 million in 2023 (EUR 0.2 million). The Company has no lease contracts that contains variable payments.

Reconciliation between the opening and closing balances for liabilities arising from financing activities:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Balance at 1 January | 487 | 662 |
| Lease payments | -185 | -175 |
| New leases | 551 | 0 |
| Balance at 31 December | 853 | 487 |

20. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Trade payables | 796 | 1,577 |
| Payroll tax and other statutory liabilities | 875 | 475 |
| Prepayments grants | 2,790 | 2,745 |
| Other payables | 517 | 1,015 |
| | 4,972 | 5,812 |

Trade payables are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Fair values of trade and other payables

The carrying amounts of trade and other payables are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

23. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc. of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Purple Pioneers ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the Group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

Whitin the Group, Everfuel A/S is willing to provide immediate financial support to it's subsidiaries in the case of financial difficulties, provided that the management board has submitted a reasonable application for that purpose and, if necessary, invest additional funds to ensure that the company will continue as going concern.

Guarantee obligations

The Parent Company has provided a surety for the bank balances regarding Everfuel GmbH, Everfuel Netherlands B.V. and Everfuel Sweden AB.

24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the disclosures in note 24 of the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Parent Company's related parties comprises of

subsidiaries. See note 15 of the Parent Company's financial statements.

Trade with subsidiaries has comprised the following:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | EUR'000 | EUR'000 |
| - Sale of hydrogen, subsidiaries | 410 | 801 |
| - Sale of services, subsidiaries | 1,953 | 461 |
| - Rental of equipment, subsidiaries | 178 | 216 |
| - Interest income, subsidiaries | 2,127 | 701 |

25. GROUP MATTERS

The Company's controlling shareholder is Purple Pioneers ApS. Purple Pioneers ApS is ultimately owned by Jacob Bech Krogsgaard.

26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

We refer to note 26 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

27. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

We refer to note 27 of the Consolidated Financial Statements. Apart from this, no events have occurred after the reporting date.

MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

The Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Everfuel A/S for the financial year 1 January to 31 December, 2023. The annual report is prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional Danish disclosure requirements for listed companies.

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2023 of the Group and the Parent

company and of the results of the Group and Parent company operations and cash flows for 2023.

In our opinion, Management's Report includes a true and fair account of the development in the operations and financial circumstances of the Group and the Parent company as well as a description of the most significant risks and elements of uncertainty facing the Group and the Parent company.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Herning, Denmark, 4 March 2024

Executive Management Board

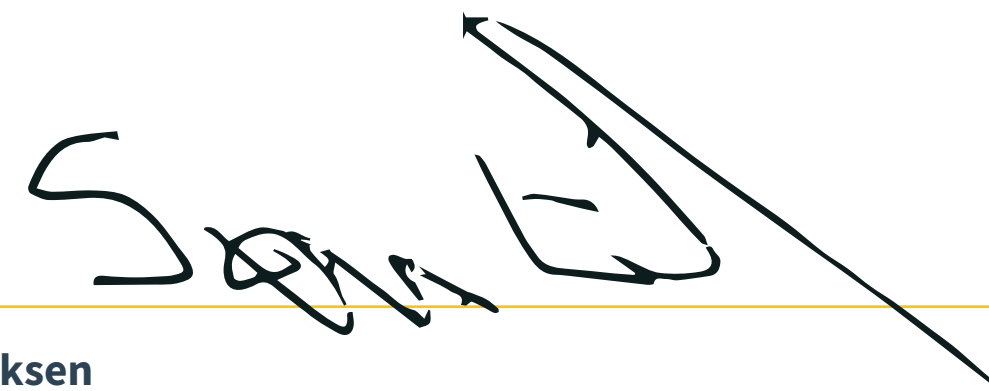


Jacob Krogsgaard
CEO



Martin Skov Hansen
Deputy CEO

Board of Directors



Søren Eriksen
Chairman



Christina Aabo
BoD member



Jørn Rosenlund
BoD member



Anne Kathrine Steenbjerger
BoD member

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Parent Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going

concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Parent Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Herning, Denmark, 4 March 2024

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No 33 77 12 31

Poul Spencer Poulsen

State Authorised Public Accountant
mne23324

Kim Vorret

State Authorised Public Accountant
mne33256

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Financial performance measures

EBITDA: is defined as earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation and impairment. EBITDA corresponds to operating profit/(loss) plus depreciation, amortisation and impairment.

Everfuel's APMs

Everfuel discloses alternative performance measures (APMs) in addition to those normally required by IFRS. This is based on the company's experience that APMs are frequently used by analysts, investors and other parties as supplemental information. The purpose of APMs is to provide an enhanced insight into the operations, financing and future prospect of the group. Management also uses these measures internally to drive performance in terms of monitoring operating performance and long-term target setting. APMs are adjusted IFRS measures that are defined, calculated and used in a consistent and transparent manner over the years and across the group where relevant. Financial APMs should not be considered as a substitute for measures of performance in accordance with the IFRS.

Order backlog: is defined as firm purchase orders with agreed price, volume, timing, terms and/or conditions and where revenue is yet to be recognised.

Firm contract: Customer commits to a fixed long-term minimum quantity offtake with penalty if off-take is lower than committed.

Strong commitment: Customer uncertain about their offtake volume, but want exclusive supply from Everfuel.

Glossary

Megawatt (MW): A unit of power equal to one million watts.

Gigawatt (GW): A unit of power equal to one billion watts.

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Martin Skov Hansen

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Kim Ruby Vorret

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Anne Kathrine Steenbjerge

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Jesper Rasmussen

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