NPP Brazil II K/S

Gyngemose Parkvej 50 2860 Søborg

CVR no. 38 45 61 05

Annual report for 2018

(2nd Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 20 June 2019

Knud Erik Andersen chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The supervisory and executive boards have today discussed and approved the annual report of NPP Brazil II K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Søborg, 20 June 2019

Executive Board

Jens-Peter Zink

Board of Directors

Knud Erik Andersen
chairman

Morten Christiansen

Jens-Peter Zink

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of NPP Brazil II K/S Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of NPP Brazil II K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

Independent auditor's report

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

København Ø, 20 June 2019

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Martin Eiler State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne32271

Company details

The company	NPP Brazil II K/S Gyngemose Parkvej 50 2860 Søborg		
	CVR no.: 38 45 61 05		
	Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2018 Incorporated: 1. March 2017		
	Domicile: Gladsaxe		
Board of Directors	Knud Erik Andersen, chairman Morten Christiansen Jens-Peter Zink		
Executive Board	Jens-Peter Zink		
Auditors	KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Dampfærgevej 28 2100 København Ø		

Management's review

Business activities

The Company's objective is to develop, construct and finance solar PV projects in the northern states of Brazil.

Business review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December shows a profit of EUR 523.943, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2018 shows equity of EUR 793.953.

The company has during 2018 bought Coremas 1-3. The activities of Coremas 1-3 are performedduring Fundo de investimento em participacoes conjunto Coremas.

Significant events occurring after end of reporting period

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

Accounting policies

The annual report of NPP Brazil II K/S for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected provisions as regards larger entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2018 is presented in EUR

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any instalments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Accounting policies

Revenue

Income from the sale of shares is recognized in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Other external costs

Other external cost include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of mortgage loans.

Profit/loss from investments in associates

The proportionate share of the profit/loss for the year of associates is recognised in the company's income statement after full elimination of intra-group profits/losses.

Tax

The Company is not an independent taxable entity and therefore no provisions are made for tax on profit/loss for the year and current and dererred tax liabilities are not recognized.

Balance sheet

Investments in associates

Investments in associates are measured at the proportionate share of the net asset value of the entities, calculated on the basis of the group's accounting policies, plus or less unrealised intragroup gains or losses and plus or less any remaining value of positive or negative goodwill stated according to the purchase method.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Accounting policies

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term securities whose remaining life is less than three months and which are readily convertible into cash and which are subject only to insignificant risks of changes in value.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are recognized as a liability at the date when they are adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). The expected dividend payment for the year is disclosed as a seperate item under equity.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency transactions are considered cash flow hedges, the value adjustments are taken directly to equity.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Non-monetary items are translated at the exchange rates at the date of acquisition or at the date of subsequent revaluations of the asset. Income statement items are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date, whereas items derived from non-monetary items are translated at historical exchange rates for the non-monetary item.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2018 EUR	2017 EUR
Gross profit		-1.478	-1.714
Income from investments in associates		533.164	0
Financial income	1	626.175	0
Financial expenses	2	-633.918	-172
Profit/loss before tax		523.943	-1.886
Tax on profit/loss for the year		0	0
Profit/loss for the year		523.943	-1.886
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		533.164	0
Retained earnings		-9.221	-1.886
		523.943	-1.886

Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2018 EUR	2017 EUR
Assets			
Investments in associates	3	12.972.413	0
Receivables from associates	4	3.250.440	0
Fixed asset investments		16.222.853	0
Total non-current assets		16.222.853	0
Other receivables		143.743	0
Prepayments		6.389	0
Receivables		150.132	0
Cash at bank and in hand		142.717	3.557
Total current assets		292.849	3.557
Total assets		16.515.702	3.557

Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2018 EUR	2017 EUR
Equity and liabilities		EUK	EUK
Share capital		4.033	4.033
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		801.027	0
Retained earnings		-11.107	-1.886
Equity	5	793.953	2.147
Payables to associates		15.719.246	0
Total non-current liabilities	6	15.719.246	0
Trade payables		1.093	1.410
Other payables		1.410	0
Total current liabilities		2.503	1.410
Total liabilities		15.721.749	1.410
Total equity and liabilities		16.515.702	3.557
Related parties	7		

Statement of changes in equity

	Reserve for net revalua-			
	tion under the Retained			
	Share capital	equity method	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2018	4.033	0	-1.886	2.147
Exchange adjustment, foreign	0	267.863	0	267.863
Net profit/loss for the year	0	533.164	-9.221	523.943
Equity at 31 December 2018	4.033	801.027	-11.107	793.953

Notes

		2018	2017
1	Financial income	EUR	EUR
1		()(17)	0
	Interest received from subsidiaries	626.173	0
	Exchange gains	2	0
		626.175	0
2	Financial expenses		
4	Financial expenses, group entities	626.173	0
	Other financial costs	5.074	172
	Exchange adjustments costs	2.671	0
		633.918	172
3	Investments in associates		
	Cost at 1 January 2018	0	0
	Additions for the year	23.758.160	0
	Disposals for the year	-11.586.774	0
	Cost at 31 December 2018	12.171.386	0
	Revaluations at 1 January 2018	0	0
	Exchange adjustment	267.863	0
	Net profit/loss for the year	533.164	0
	Revaluations at 31 December 2018	801.027	0
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	12.972.413	0

Notes

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Investments in associates are specified as follows:

Name	Registered office	Ownership interest
Fundo de investimento em participacoes conjuncto Coremas	Brazil	39%
Fixed asset investments		
		Receivables
		from
		associates
Additions for the year		3.250.440
Cost at 31 December 2018		3.250.440
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018		3.250.440

NPP Brazil I K/S will receive full repayment of the above at the earlier of the sale of Brazilian solar powerprojects Coremas 1-3 or at dates falling between 1-5 years from 31December 2018.

5 Equity

The share capital consists of 30.000 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1. No shares carry any special rights.

There have been no changes in the share capital during the last 5 years.

Notes

6 Long term debt

		Debt		
	Debt	at 31		Debt
	at 1 January 2018	December 2018	Instalment next year	outstanding after 5 years
Payables to associates	0	15.719.246	0	0
	0	15.719.246	0	0

7 Related parties

Transactions

NPP Brazil II K/S has in 2018 bought Coremas 1-3 from its sister company Nordic Power Partners P/S.

NPP Brazil II K/S has interest cost to other related parties of TEUR 626.