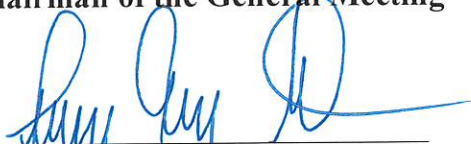


**Heartcore Capital Progression Fund Alpha K/S
Højbro Plads 10, 2
1200 Copenhagen K
Central Business Registration No 38437461
Annual report 2019**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 21.02.2020

Chairman of the General Meeting



Name: Jimmy Fussing Nielsen

Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Fund details	1
Statement by the General Partner on the annual report	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management commentary	6
Statement of comprehensive income	8
Statement of financial position	9
Statement of financial position	10
Statement of changes in equity for 2019	11
Statement of cash flows	12
Notes to the financial statements	13

Fund details

Fund

Heartcore Capital Progression Fund Alpha K/S
Højbro Plads 10, 2
DK-1200 Copenhagen K

Central Business Registration No: 38437461

Registered in: Copenhagen
Financial year: 01.01.2019 – 31.12.2019

General Partner

Heartcore Capital General Partner Alpha ApS

Executive Board in Heartcore Capital General Partner Alpha ApS

Signe Marie Sveinbjørnsson
Christian Lindegaard Jepsen
Jimmy Fussing Nielsen

Auditor

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Statement by the General Partner on the annual report

The Executive Board in Heartcore Capital General Partner Alpha ApS has today considered and approved the annual report of Heartcore Capital Progression Fund Alpha K/S (“the Fund”) for the financial year 01.01.2019 – 31.12.2019.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and Danish disclosure requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Fund’s financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2019 – 31.12.2019.

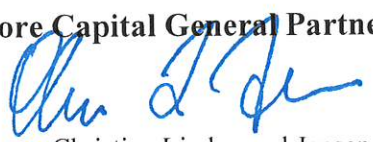
In our opinion, the management commentary contains a fair review of the development of the Fund’s business and financial matters, the results for the year and of the Fund’s financial position as a whole, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that the Fund faces.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 27.01.2020

Executive Board in Heartcore Capital General Partner Alpha ApS


Signe Marie Sveinbjørnsson


Christian Lindegaard Jepsen


Jimmy Fussing Nielsen

Independent auditor's report

To the General Partner and Limited Partners of Heartcore Capital Progression Fund Alpha K/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Heartcore Capital Progression Fund Alpha K/S ("the Fund") for the financial year, 01.01.2019 – 31.12.2019 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of financial position, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows, and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2019 – 31.12.2019 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

General Partner's responsibilities for the financial statements

The General Partner is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and additional requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the General Partner.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report

Statement on the Management commentary

The General Partner is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 27.01.2020

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Central Business Registration No 33 96 35 56



Kim Takata Mücke
State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification number (MNE) mne10944

Management commentary

Primary activities

Heartcore Capital Progression Fund Alpha K/S invests in technology companies mainly located in Europe.

A team of investment professionals is responsible for the investment management.

Development in activities and finances

The Fund was established on 17 July 2017. At the end of 2019, the Fund holds 6 active portfolio enterprises which are located in Europe.

The result for the year showed a profit of DKK 73.6 million, primarily related to fair value gains from the investments in portfolio companies.

Future results of Heartcore Capital Progression Fund Alpha K/S are dependent on the development in the value of the Fund's investment in portfolio enterprises.

Development in selected portfolio companies:

Exporo AG: German company located in Hamburg developing and operating a real-estate investment platform that enables retail investors to co-invest in real-estate development projects and direct real-estate assets. The company had a good year and acquired its largest German competitor. In October 2019, the company closed a EUR 40 million growth round led by Partech Growth with participation of existing investors.

GetYourGuide AG: Incorporated in Zurich, Switzerland but have its main operation in Berlin, Germany. GetYourGuide is an online marketplace for in-destination tours and activities. The company had another a strong year in 2019 and closed a USD 500 million growth round led by Softbank Vision Fund with participation from other new investors and existing investors.

Lillydoo GmbH: Located in Frankfurt am Main, Germany, is a digital FMCG company, currently selling diaper subscriptions in European markets. The company had yet again a solid year in 2019 with revenue growth. The company closed a EUR 24 million growth round led by Sofina Capital with participation from all existing institutional investors.

Peakon ApS: Located in Copenhagen, the company provides a SaaS solution allowing enterprises to measure, understand and act on employee engagement. The company closed a EUR 30 million growth round lead by Atomico with participation from existing investors.

Tink AB: Located in Stockholm, the company offers Europe's leading open banking platform that provides banks, fintechs and startups with the necessary infrastructure and smart data products that are needed to build financial services and products of the future. The company performed well in 2019 and closed a EUR 45 million growth round co-led by two new investors with participation from existing investors.

TravelPerk Inc: US company with main offices in Barcelona, Spain, is a business travel booking platform. The company had a strong year with 3x revenue growth. The company raised USD 60 million growth round led by Gemini Investments with participation of existing investors.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

When preparing the Fund's annual report, the General Partner, in accordance with legislative provisions, makes accounting judgements and estimates which form the basis of the annual report. The accounting judgement and estimates made by the General Partner are described in the paragraph "Material uncertainty related to recognition and measurement" under accounting policies to which we refer. Such estimates are primarily relating to the measurement of investments in portfolio enterprises made on the basis of assumptions which the General Partner considers reasonable and realistic, but which are uncertain by nature.

Unusual circumstances affecting recognition and measurement

Except for the fair value changes on investments, the financial statement are not influenced by unusual circumstances.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Outlook

Forthcoming results of Heartcore Capital Progression Fund Alpha K/S depend on the development in the value of the Fund's investment in portfolio enterprises.

Statement of comprehensive income

	Notes	31 Dec 2019 DKK'000	31 Dec 2018 DKK'000
Income from investments in portfolio enterprises	3	<u>74,626</u>	<u>1,673</u>
Operating income/loss		74,623	1,673
Administrative expenses	4	(806)	(378)
Other operating expenses		<u>(92)</u>	<u>(56)</u>
Profit/loss before financial items (EBIT)		73,728	1,239
Financial expenses		<u>(138)</u>	<u>(78)</u>
Profit/loss for the year		<u>73,590</u>	<u>1,161</u>
Other comprehensive income		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		<u><u>73,590</u></u>	<u><u>1,161</u></u>

Statement of financial position

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>31 Dec 2019 DKK'000</u>	<u>31 Dec 2018 DKK'000</u>
Assets			
Investments in portfolio enterprises	5	<u>294,375</u>	<u>48,234</u>
Fixed asset investments		<u>294,375</u>	<u>48,234</u>
Non-current assets		<u>294,375</u>	<u>48,234</u>
Cash		<u>0</u>	<u>31,416</u>
Current assets		<u>0</u>	<u>31,416</u>
Assets		<u>294,375</u>	<u>79,650</u>

Statement of financial position

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>31 Dec 2019 DKK'000</u>	<u>31 Dec 2018 DKK'000</u>
Equity and liabilities			
Limited Partners' contribution	6	219,563	80,572
Retained earnings		<u>72,061</u>	<u>(1,529)</u>
Equity		<u>291,624</u>	<u>79,043</u>
Other payables	7	1,603	607
Bank debt		<u>1,149</u>	<u>0</u>
Current liabilities		<u>2,752</u>	<u>607</u>
Liabilities		<u>2,752</u>	<u>607</u>
Equity and liabilities		<u><u>294,375</u></u>	<u><u>79,650</u></u>

Statement of changes in equity for 2019

	Limited partners' contribution DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Balance at 1 Januar 2018	47,774	(2,690)	45,084
Contributions from Limited Partners	32,798	0	32,798
Comprehensive loss for the year	<u>0</u>	<u>1,161</u>	<u>1,161</u>
Balance at 31 December 2018	<u>80,572</u>	<u>(1,529)</u>	<u>79,043</u>
Contributions from Limited Partners	138,991	0	138,991
Comprehensive income for the year	<u>0</u>	<u>73,590</u>	<u>73,590</u>
Balance at 31 December 2019	<u>219,563</u>	<u>72,061</u>	<u>291,624</u>

Statement of cash flows

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
Profit/loss before financial items (EBIT)		73,728	1,239
Reversal of income from investments in portfolio enterprises	3	(74,626)	(1,673)
Working capital changes	8	<u>997</u>	<u>(1,005)</u>
Cash flows from ordinary primary activities		<u>99</u>	<u>(1,439)</u>
Financial expenses paid		<u>(138)</u>	<u>(78)</u>
Cash flows from operating activities		<u>(39)</u>	<u>(1,517)</u>
Investments in portfolio enterprises		<u>(171,516)</u>	<u>0</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		<u>(171,516)</u>	<u>0</u>
Changes in bank debt		1,149	0
Contributions from Limited Partners		<u>138,991</u>	<u>32,798</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		<u>140,140</u>	<u>32,798</u>
Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(32,564)	31,281
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		<u>31,146</u>	<u>135</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		<u><u>0</u></u>	<u><u>31,416</u></u>

Notes to the financial statements

	<u>Page</u>
1. Accounting policies	14
2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates, assumptions and uncertainties	17
3. Income from investments in portfolio enterprises	18
4. Expenses	18
5. Investments in portfolio enterprises	18
6. Limited Partners' contributions	21
7. Other payables	22
8. Working capital changes	22
9. Financial risks and financial instruments	22
10. Related party transactions	24
11. Assets charged and contingent liabilities etc.	24
12. Events after the reporting date	24
13. Approval of the financial statements for publication	24

Notes

1. Accounting policies

The financial statements of Heartcore Capital Progression Fund Alpha K/S for 2019 are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as approved by the EU and disclosure requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises as further outlined in the Danish Executive Order on Adoption of IFRS issued in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK), which is the functional currency of the Fund.

The financial statements are presented based on historical costs apart from investments in portfolio enterprises, which are measured at fair value.

Statement regarding the omission of consolidated financial statements

With reference to IFRS 10, the General Partner of Heartcore Capital Progression Fund Alpha K/S has assessed that the Fund meets the definition of an investment company as the following conditions exist:

- 1) The Fund has more than one portfolio investment.
- 2) The Fund has more than one investor, and the investors are not related to each other.
- 3) The Fund's investments in portfolio enterprises primarily occur as equity instruments or similar investments,
- 4) The investments are measured and evaluated on a fair value basis.

As a result the General Partner has decided to apply - when it may become applicable - the exemption rule in IFRS 10 not to prepare consolidated financial statements where the controlled subsidiaries are consolidated, and instead any controlled subsidiaries are accounted for at fair value through profit or loss.

Similarly, Heartcore Capital Progression Fund Alpha K/S may hold investments in portfolio enterprises, which meet the definition of an associate over which the Fund has significant influence. Such investments are also accounted for at fair value through profit or loss whereby all investments are treated as investments in portfolio companies at fair value through profit or loss no matter the ownership share.

Standards and interpretations not yet effective

None of the new and changed standards and interpretations issued by the international Accounting Standards Board and IFRS Interpretation Committee effective for the financial period beginning at 1 January 2019 have been assessed to have any impact on the financial reporting for Heartcore Capital Progression Fund Alpha K/S for 2019 or future years.

Notes

1. Accounting policies (continued)

At the time of publication of the financial statements, a number of new or changed standards and interpretations have not yet become effective. It is the General Partner's assessment that these standards and interpretations will not materially impact the financial statements for the forthcoming years.

Significant accounting policies and estimates

When preparing the financial statements, the General Partner makes several accounting estimates forming the basis for the presentation, recognition and measurement of the Fund's assets and liabilities. The most significant accounting estimates and assessments are presented in note 2.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Fund, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably. Assets are eliminated from the balance sheet when it is no longer probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Fund.

Acquisition and sale of financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the commitment date.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Fund has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Fund, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably. Liabilities are eliminated from the balance sheet when it is no longer probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Fund.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost; however, on initial recognition, investment assets are measured at fair value, ordinarily corresponding to cost less direct expenses incurred. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item. Consideration is made for events occurring during the period from the balance sheet date until the presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

Income is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions made in a different currency than the Fund's functional currency are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences

Notes

1. Accounting policies (continued)

that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as financial income or financial expenses.

Exchange rate adjustments relating to investments in portfolio enterprises are presented in the statement of comprehensive income together with other fair value adjustments concerning the investments.

Income taxes

The annual report does not include current or deferred tax due to the corporate form of the Fund.

Statement of comprehensive income

Income from investments in portfolio enterprises

Income from investments in portfolio enterprises comprises gains/losses from divestments, fair value changes and received dividends and other similar types of returns from the investments.

Gains/losses from divestment of investments in portfolio enterprises are stated as the difference between the selling price or disposal consideration and the carrying amount of the portfolio enterprises at the time of sale or disposal, respectively.

Dividends from investments in portfolio enterprises are recognised as income when final entitlement to the dividends is obtained, which is usually at the time of the approval of the declaring dividends by the portfolio enterprise.

Administrative expenses and other operating expenses

Other operating expenses include general costs, investment cost relating to incomplete investments and administrative expenses include management fee to management company, Heartcore Capital A/S.

Financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, which are accrued based on the principal amount and the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate represents the discount rate which should be used when discounting future payments related to the financial asset or the financial liability, in order for the present value of these to correspond with the carrying amount of the asset and the liability, respectively.

Balance sheet

Investments in portfolio enterprises

Investments in portfolio enterprises comprise equity investments in portfolio enterprises and loans to portfolio enterprises measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Notes

1. Accounting policies (continued)

The fair value of investments, which are traded on a stock exchange, is based on the quoted market prices at the reporting date. The fair value of the unlisted investments is determined in accordance with IPEV's Valuation Guidelines, according to which the fair value – depending on the type and maturity of the investment – is determined to be equal to cost (typically applied for new investments), the price of recent investments, multiple-based calculations based on industry benchmarks or discounted cash flow models.

The price of a recent investment is only applied if the transaction includes the participation of new investors obtaining more than an insignificant ownership share in the portfolio enterprise.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities comprise other payables and bank debt.

Statement of cash flows

The statement of cash flows is presented using the indirect method and shows cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as well as cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are presented as the operating profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items including fair value adjustments of investments in portfolio enterprises and working capital changes attributable to the operating activities.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with investments, including follow-up investments, and proceeds from divestment of portfolio enterprises.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the Limited Partners' contribution, distributions to Limited Partners as well as the raising of loans and instalments on interest-bearing debt, if any.

2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates, assumptions and uncertainties

Heartcore Capital Progression Fund Alpha K/S invests in portfolio enterprises, which primarily includes equity investments and to a smaller extent contribution of loans to development-oriented enterprises, and which may require continuous contribution of capital. The investments are accounted for at a fair value through profit or loss. When measuring the fair value of the unlisted investments, the General Partner assesses the development stage of the portfolio enterprises compared to the initial plans at the time of making the initial investments, future financing requirements, commercialisation possibilities, timing of exit and possible exit values.

The fair value of each unlisted portfolio enterprise is determined in accordance with commonly used valuation principles based on the IPEV Valuation Guidelines, taking into account the assessment of the development

Notes

2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates, assumptions and uncertainties (continued)

stage of the enterprise as well as its market potential and expected cash flows in order to reflect the fair value of the portfolio enterprise in the best way possible.

Methods and assumptions for determining the fair value of investments in unlisted portfolio enterprises are described in note 5.

3. Income from investments in portfolio enterprises

	<u>2019</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
Fair value gain	74,626	1,673
Income from investments in portfolio enterprises	<u>74,626</u>	<u>1,673</u>

4. Expenses

The Fund had no employees during the financial year. Administrative work is performed by Heartcore Capital A/S (see note 10). No salary or remuneration has been paid to the General Partner. Administrative expenses cover management fee to Heartcore Capital A/S of DKK 806 thousand (2018: DKK 378 thousand).

	<u>2019</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
5. Investments in portfolio enterprises		
Cost at beginning of year	48,029	48,029
Additions	<u>171,516</u>	<u>0</u>
Cost at end of year	<u>219,545</u>	<u>48,029</u>
Revaluations at beginning of year	205	(1,468)
Revaluations	<u>74,626</u>	<u>1,673</u>
Revaluation at end of year	<u>74,831</u>	<u>205</u>
Carrying amount at end of year	<u>294,375</u>	<u>48,234</u>

The General Partner regularly and at least on a quarterly basis reviews the fair value of its portfolio enterprises in connection with its non-public reporting to its Limited Partners and in connection with the preparation of the financial statements.

This implies that underlying results in the portfolio enterprises are not reflected in profit/loss of the Fund.

Notes

5. Investments in portfolio enterprises (continued)

Portfolio enterprise	Corporate form	Registered in	Equity interest %
Peakon	ApS	Denmark	0.7%
Exporo	AG	Germany	4.3%
GetYourGuide	AG	Switzerland	1.4%
Lillydoo	GmbH	Germany	3.8%
Travelperk	Inc.	Spain	1.2%
Tink	AB	Sweden	1.6%

The Fund's portfolio enterprises are not classified as investment companies. They are engaged in doing business in trading and development, etc. The Fund has no limitations concerning the potential reception of dividends or having loans etc. repaid from the portfolio enterprises, apart from the fact that distribution from the portfolio enterprises can only take place if it is considered proper and prudent.

Methods and assumptions for determining fair values in unlisted portfolio enterprises

The fair value for each unlisted portfolio enterprise is determined based on methods which best reflect the individual investment's potential and risk.

In general, the fair value is determined following the IPEV Valuation Guidelines which prescribe the use of accepted valuation methods, such as price of recent investments, multiple analysis/benchmarking, most recent transaction multiple and other relevant methods. The Fund invests venture capital primarily in development stage companies without any or with only limited revenue entailing that the fair value measurement of each of the investments is inherently subject to considerable uncertainty.

Upon initial investment, **cost** of the investment is generally determined to represent the fair value. If new investors join the portfolio enterprises and obtain more than just an insignificant share of the enterprise, the **price of a recent investment** is used as basis for determining the fair value.

Throughout the life of the investment, the General Partner reviews its investments for potential impairment, which may materialise if the portfolio enterprises have been subject to pervasive negative development and/or if the Fund decides that it will no longer participate in the further funding and there is a considerable risk that the portfolio enterprise may not be able to continue its operations or it is by other means obvious that there is a pervasive decline in the fair value of the portfolio enterprise. In these cases, the value is written down to a new lower fair value based on the General Partner's best estimate.

As investments mature, other valuation models for determining the fair value may be more appropriate. Such models are typically based on **peer group multiples**, which may be discounted depending on an objective assessment of the portfolio enterprise's growth, cash flows and funding status.

Notes

5. Investments in portfolio enterprises (continued)

The Peer Group Multiple-method uses comparable entities, in which market value and earnings are known. Based on this, a market level for revenue multiples is determined for the comparable entities.

In connection with the use of this method, the Fund assesses which multiples are applicable as well as assesses the determination of the applicable earnings to be used in the calculation of the deemed fair value.

When applicable the fair value of investments, which are traded on a stock exchange, is based on the quoted market prices at the reporting date.

The fair value is determined in the functional currency of the portfolio enterprise, which is then translated to DKK at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date, and any exchange rate adjustment is included in the fair value adjustment of the investment in profit or loss.

Each investment has been valued using the valuation techniques listed below:

Portfolio enterprise	Corporate form	2019	2018
<i>Other investments:</i>			
Peakon	ApS	Cost	-
Exporo	AG	Cost	-
GetYourGuide	AG	Price of recent investment	Cost
Lillydoo	GmbH	Cost	-
Travelperk	Inc.	Cost	-
Tink	AB	Price of recent investment	-

Fair value hierarchy for determining fair value for investments in portfolio enterprises

IFRS has established a fair value hierarchy for certain assets measured at fair value:

- Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments (level 1) (not used in 2019)
- Quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities or other valuation methods under which all material inputs are based on observable market data (level 2) (not used in 2019)
- Valuation techniques under which any material inputs are not based on observable market data (level 3).

The measurement of investments in portfolio enterprises classified according to level 3 is based on measurement methods, in which material non-observable inputs are included such as assessment of which method best reflects fair value, assessment of the performance of each portfolio enterprise, determination of multiples and future earnings, and assessment of whether a pervasive negative development should result in the recognition of impairment write-downs.

The fair value of the Fund's portfolio enterprises is impacted by the development in applied multiples as well as expected future earnings and development in each portfolio enterprise. A decrease or increase in the above-mentioned material non-observable inputs may have a direct effect on the measurement of the portfolio enter

Notes

5. Investments in portfolio enterprises (continued)

prises, just as the fair value of the Fund's portfolio enterprises is impacted by the development in macroeconomic conditions.

The development in the value of investments in portfolio enterprises classified into level 3 can be summarised as follows:

	Level 3 DKK'000	Total investment DKK'000	Fair value gain DKK'000
2018			
Fair value at 1 January 2018	48,029	48,029	-
Exchange rate adjustments	<u>1,673</u>	<u>1,673</u>	<u>1,673</u>
Fair value at 31 December 2018	<u>48,234</u>	<u>48,234</u>	<u>1,673</u>

	Level 3 DKK'000	Total investment DKK'000	Fair value gain DKK'000
2019			
Fair value at 1 January 2019	48,234	48,234	-
Fair value adjustments	73,448	73,448	74,626
Exchange rate adjustments	1,178	1,178	1,178
Additions	<u>171,516</u>	<u>171,516</u>	<u>-</u>
Fair value at 31 December 2019	<u>294,375</u>	<u>294,375</u>	<u>74,626</u>

	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
6. Limited Partners' contributions		
Limited Partners' contributions at beginning of year	80,572	47,774
Contributions made during the year	<u>138,991</u>	<u>32,798</u>
Limited Partners' contributions at end of year	<u>219,563</u>	<u>80,572</u>

The contributed capital represents the Limited Partner's total equity contribution. The Fund's contributed capital comprises 99.64% A-shares and 0.36% B-shares. The Fund's A-shares are paid successively and pro rata and the B-shares are fully paid up. One of the share classes has a dividend preference attached when the realised return in the Fund exceeds a fixed minimum rate of return p.a. (hurdle rate) of the investors' contributed capital.

Notes

	<u>2019</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
7. Other payables		
Prepayments from Limited Partners	1,484	492
Sundry accrued expenses	<u>119</u>	<u>115</u>
	<u>1,603</u>	<u>607</u>

The carrying amount of sundry accrued expenses relates to other payables such as legal fees, auditor's fees, etc. The recognised amount approximates the fair value of the liabilities.

	<u>2019</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
8. Working capital changes		
Change in other liabilities	<u>997</u>	<u>1,005</u>
	<u>996</u>	<u>1,005</u>

9. Financial risks and financial instruments

Categories of financial instruments:

Investments in portfolio enterprises	<u>294,375</u>	<u>48,234</u>
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss	<u>294,375</u>	<u>48,234</u>
Cash	<u>0</u>	<u>31,416</u>
Loans and receivables	<u>0</u>	<u>31,416</u>
Other payables	<u>1,603</u>	<u>607</u>
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	<u>1,603</u>	<u>607</u>

The Fund adheres to an investment strategy approved by the Limited Partners. As a result of its investments in portfolio enterprises, the Fund is directly exposed to changes in liquidity, credit, interest and currency risks.

Liquidity risks

Maturity of financial liabilities is specified below divided into timing intervals. The specified amounts represent the amounts due for payment.

Notes

9. Financial risks and financial instruments (continued)

	<u>Within 1 year DKK'000</u>	<u>Between 1 and 5 years DKK'000</u>	<u>After 5 years DKK'000</u>	<u>Total DKK'000</u>
Other payables	607	-	-	607
31 December 2018	607	-	-	607

	<u>Within 1 year DKK'000</u>	<u>Between 1 and 5 years DKK'000</u>	<u>After 5 years DKK'000</u>	<u>Total DKK'000</u>
Other payables	1,603	-	-	1,603
31 December 2019	1,603	-	-	1,603

Credit risks

In some cases, the Fund provides loans to its portfolio enterprises. These loans are considered part of the investment and are, therefore, not considered to represent a separate credit risk, but is rather considered being part of the total investment risk and risk relating to determining a fair value of the investments.

In some cases, the Fund has receivables from the sale of investments. Typically, the payment is secured by the buyer depositing the receivable on escrow accounts in accepted credit institutions and, therefore, the credit risk is considered limited. At 31 December 2019 and 2018, the Fund is not exposed to any credit risks.

Currency risks

The Fund's investments are exposed to changes in foreign currencies like EUR, CHF and SEK. The Fund considers the currency risk as part of the whole investment risk and hence, the Fund does not separately hedge the currency risk relating to its investments in portfolio enterprises.

In addition, the Fund is indirectly exposed to currency risks through investments in portfolio enterprises which trade in other currencies than their functional currencies and hence, development in exchange rates may influence income and thereby their determination of fair value of the portfolio enterprises.

Notes

10. Related party transactions

Related parties with control

No single Limited Partner has control over the Fund.

Transactions with related parties

The General Partner is Heartcore Capital General Partner Alpha ApS. In the financial year, Heartcore Capital A/S has provided funding in relation to establishment of the fund. Heartcore Capital A/S is related to Heartcore Capital General Partner Alpha ApS. See note 4.

11. Assets charged and contingent liabilities etc.

The Fund's has no assets charged.

At the balance sheet date, the Fund has obligations to make a follow-on investment amounting to DKK 23.9m.

12. Events after the reporting date

In the beginning of 2020, the Fund has made follow-on investments of DKK 23.9m in Tink AB.

13. Approval of the financial statements for publication

At its Board meeting on 27.01.2020, the General Partner approved the financial statements. The financial statements will be presented to the Fund's Limited Partners for approval at the Annual General Meeting on 21.02.2020.